Annex 4.30 Training Material for O&M of Electrical Equipment in Spring 2018



# O & M of Mechanical and Electrical Equipment (Team)

Faculty Names	Contact Information
JICA Expert Takeo Maruyama (Electrical)	
Course Leader Mubasher Ahmad Cheema	
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### **Course Dates**

Modules	Dates	Themes
Module 1	March 26th to March 27th 2018	Electrical Control Panels
Module 2 March 28th to March 29th 2018		Generators & 5S
	March 30th 2018	Action Plan

















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## **Class Introduction**

- ✓ What do we cover in this module?
- ✓ What to expect in this module?
- ✓ What is the role of electrical control panels in WASA operations?

### **Class Introduction**

#### Your turn...

- ✓ How many of participants are from Electrical Engineering background?
- ✓ How many of you have experience in operating and maintaining electrical panels?
- ✓ Why interested in this module?
- ✓ What best skills do you bring to the team?



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# Agenda

- ✓ Introduction of Main Electrical Units
- ✓ Components of Electrical Control Panel
- ✓ General Design (Wiring Diagram)
- ✓ Motor Starters



## Agenda

- ✓ Introduction to Motor
- ✓ Power factor correction
- ✓ Record Keeping
- ✓ Standard Operation Procedure (SOP)
- ✓ Energy Efficiency Analysis
- ✓ Preventive Maintenance



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### Class Evaluation Structure

Attendance	30 %
Exercise 1	10%
Exercise 2	10%
Exercise 3	10%
Exercise 4	15%
Action Plan	25%

### Lecture Goals

- Distinguish types of panels in electrical systems of WASAs
- Understanding of basic sequence of the panel
- Testing and configuration of equipment

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# Electrical Control Panel

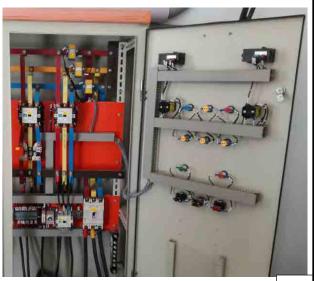
# Introduction to Current & Voltage



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### **Electric Control Panel**

- ✓ Provides electrical energy with all necessary protections equipped within it.
- ✓ Used to ensure the controlled, protected and smooth transfer of electrical energy from one system to another.



# Major types of electrical control panel used in WASAs

- 1. Motor control unit (MCU)
- 2. Changeover switch
- 3. Power factor improvement (PFI) panel
- 4. Electrical distribution panel

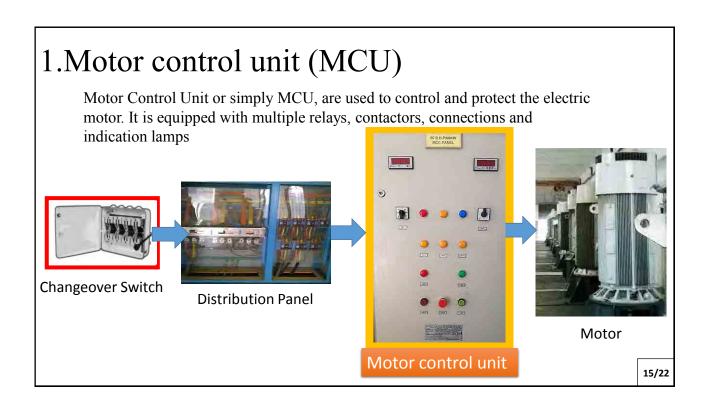
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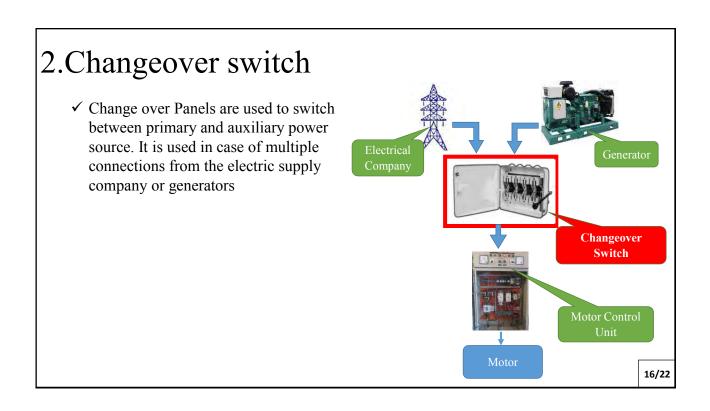
### Which one?











## 3. Power factor improvement panel

✓ Power factor improvement panel is used to maintain the power factor to optimum value. It consists of a bank of capacitors connected together.





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4. Electrical distribution panel

✓ It is basically a panel box, which receives electric supply from one or more sources and distributes it over the system through protections



## Introduction to Panel Components



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### Goal

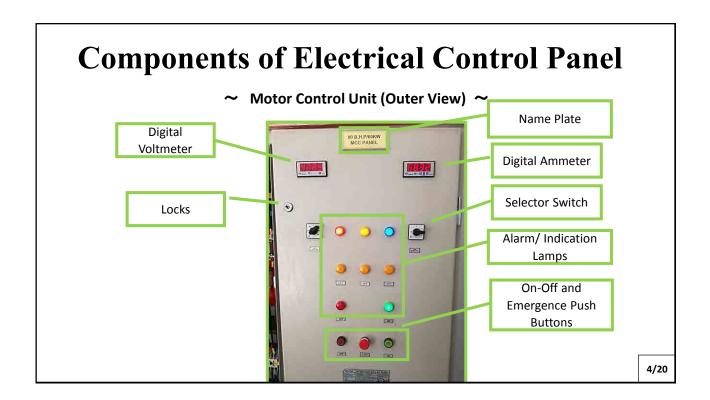
- Understanding function of each component/ device in MCU
- Orientation to basic wiring connection along with wiring diagram

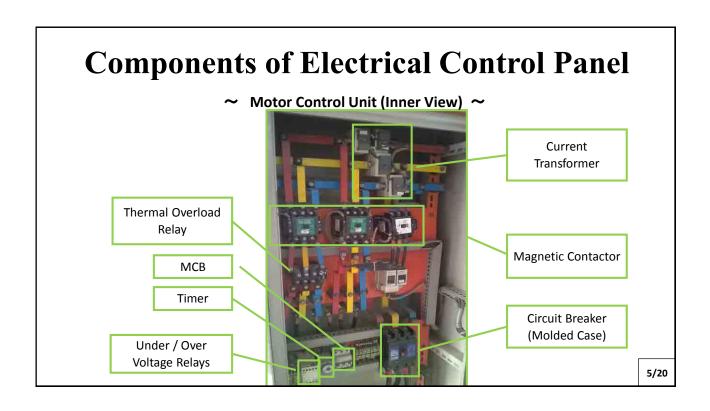
### What are these?











## Selector Switches

✓ Used to select among each of the three phases to monitor currents and voltages on ampere and voltmeter.



## Ampere & Voltmeter meter

- ✓ Monitoring gauges for currents and voltages
- ✓ Digital and analog type Ampere and Volt meters are used by WASAs



Zero Adjustment



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### 1. Circuit Breakers

Circuit breakers are switches that open/close electric circuits in normal and abnormal conditions specially in case of a short circuit.





### 2. Contactor

✓ A power contactor is typically used for "on / off" control of motors. A relay can be installed on the circuit for overload protection. Electromagnetic force works to "open /close" the contacts.



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## Protective Relays

✓ Protective relays detect electrical faults, isolate the faults from system and activate alarms is a faulty condition sensed



**Thermal Relay** 

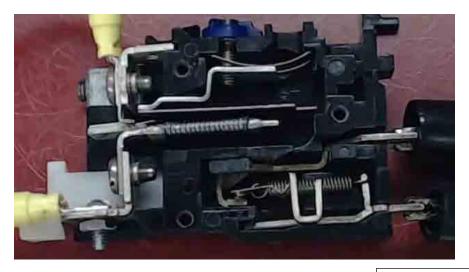


**Under/Over Voltage Relay** 



**Phase Failure Relay** 

# Operation of thermal relay



# 5. Current transformers (CT)

✓ CT's are used for stepping down current to be measured safely. It is also applied to protective relays



### 6. Timer

✓ Use to convert the motor connections from Star to Delta after specific time

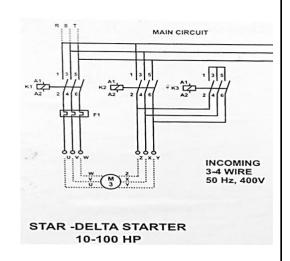


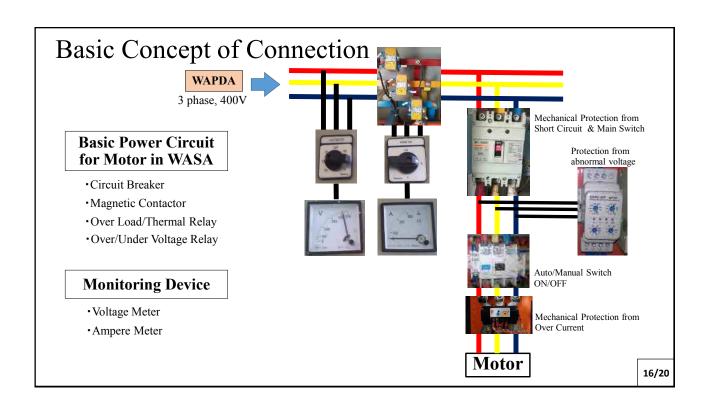
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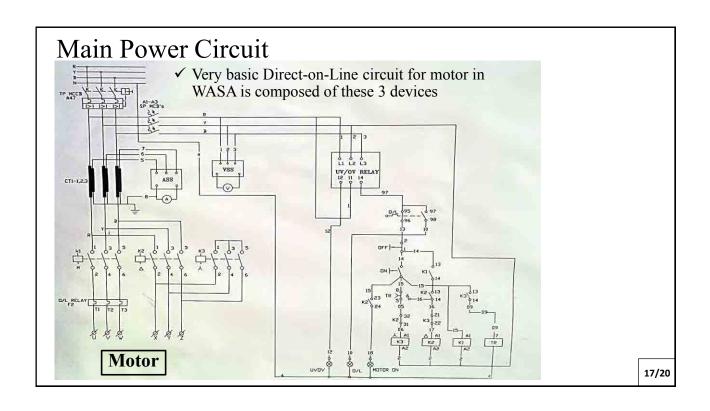
## **WIRING DIAGRAMS**

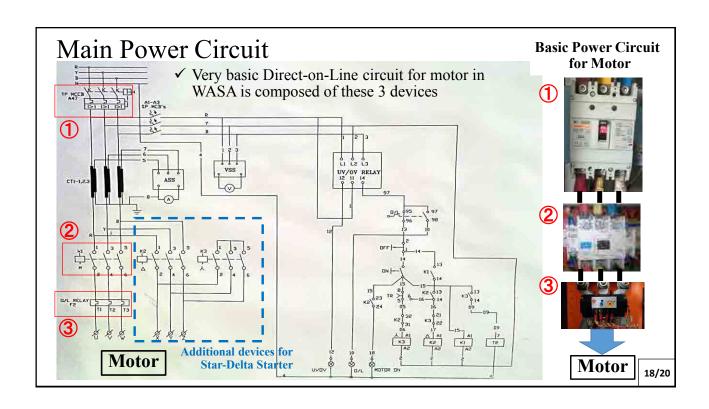
# Wiring Diagram

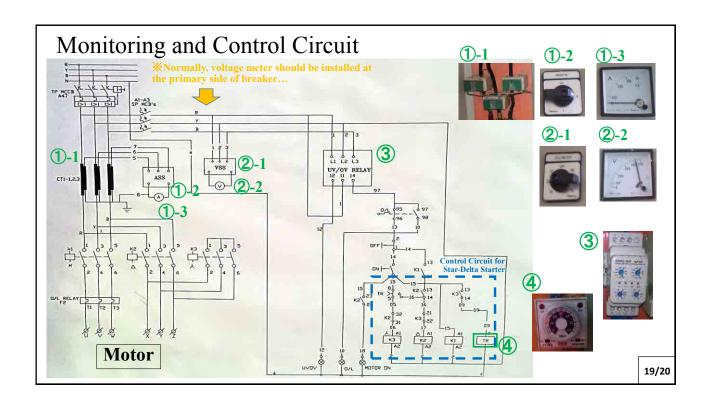
- ✓ Shows how the components are connected
- ✓ It should be always available at the site











# **ACTIVITY – 1**

Complete the wiring diagram with the suitable components

# Motor, Motor Starters & Power Factor Improvement





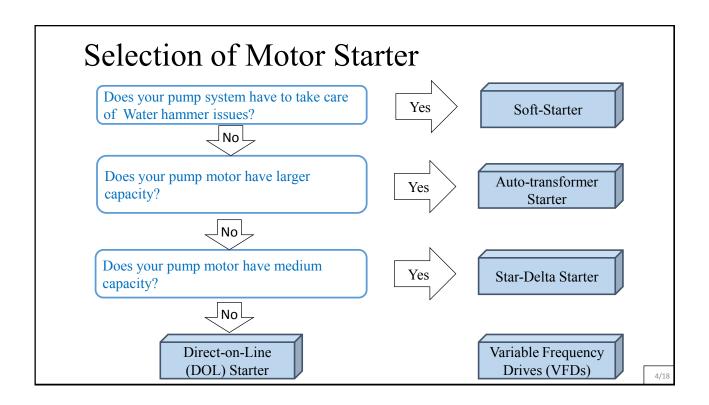
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### Goal of this Lecture

- Gain common concept of motor, motor starter and its variety
- Understand the effect of Power Factor Improvement

### **Motor Starters**

- ✓ An extremely large current of about (5) five to (8) eight times the rated current flows at startup
- $\checkmark$  The power factor is extremely low at 0.2 at the start.
- ✓ Motor winding coil is subjected to thermal stress load. Voltage fluctuation occurs in the power system and its effect becomes more pronounced.
- ✓ The starting method of three-phase induction motor includes a method of restricting current at start as mentioned above, and other methods described below.



### Soft Starter

#### **Function:**

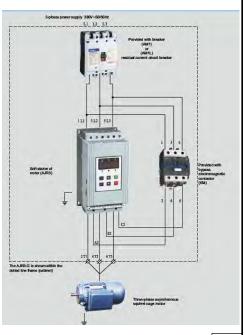
Automatically starts/ stops the pump gradually slowly to avoid water hammer

#### Advantage:

Possible to make the stop slow as well as start operation

#### Disadvantage:

Electronic device shall be installed in a good environment so extra care is required



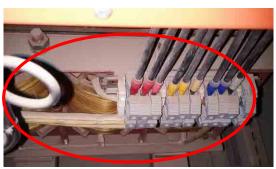
Single Line Diagram of Soft Starter

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### **Auto-transformer Starter**

#### **Function:**

Automatically controls voltages by changing transformer taps to reduce the starting current



Transformer



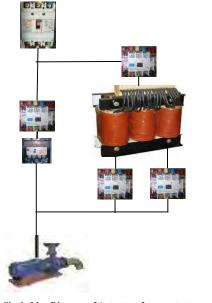
### **Auto-transformer Starter**

#### Advantage:

Less stress to the circuit due to flexible adjustment of voltage in the starting process

#### **Disadvantage:**

Expensive and wider space for installation is required



Single Line Diagram of Auto-transformer starter

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### Star-Delta Starter

#### **Function:**

Arrangements of relays are so done that motor starts using star type connection and transferred to the delta type connection after few seconds



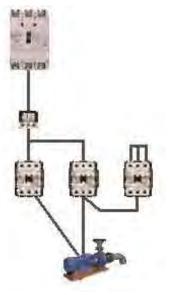
### Star-Delta Starter

#### Advantage:

Easy, economical and common system to reduce starting current

**Disadvantage:** Inrush current occurs in a moment of changing Star to delta

Six leads of the motor are required



Single Line Diagram of Star-Delta Starter

Starting method	Type of equipment	Current input (mains load)	Run-up time	Heat build- up in motor during starr-up	Mechani- cal loading		Cost relation	Recommended motor designs	Comments
D. o. l.	Contactor (mecha- nical)	4-8 - IN	Approx. 0.5-5 s	High	Very high	Very high	i	All	Mostly limited to ≤4 kW by energy supply companies
Star- delta	Contactor combi- nation (mecha- nical)	<sup>1</sup> /3 of d. o. l. values	Approx. 3-10 s	High	Very high	Very high	1,5-3	All; canned mo- tors and sub- mersible motors subject to a major drop in speed during switchover	lated for motors
Reduced voltage	Autotrans- former, mostly 70% tap- ping	0.49 times the d. o. l. values	Approx. 3-10 s	High	High	High	5-15	All	No currentless phase during switchover (gradually re- placed by soft starters)
Soft start	Soft starter (power electro- nics)	Continuous- ly variable; typically 3 · I <sub>N</sub>	Approx. 10-20 s	High	Low	Low	5-15	All	Run-up and run- down continu- ously variable via ramps for each individual load application; no hydraulic surges
Fre- quency inverter	Frequency inverter (power electro- nics)	1·l <sub>N</sub>	0-60 s	Low	Low	Low	Approx.	All	Too expensive to use solely for run- up and run-down purposes; better suited for open- or closed-loop control

### 3-Phase Induction Motors



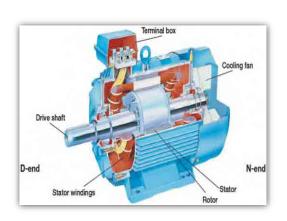


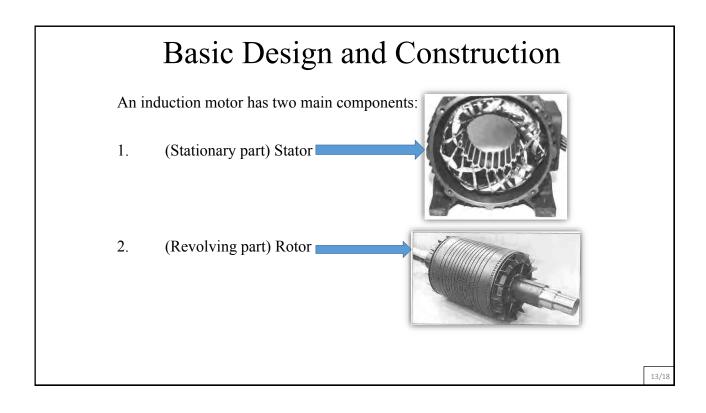


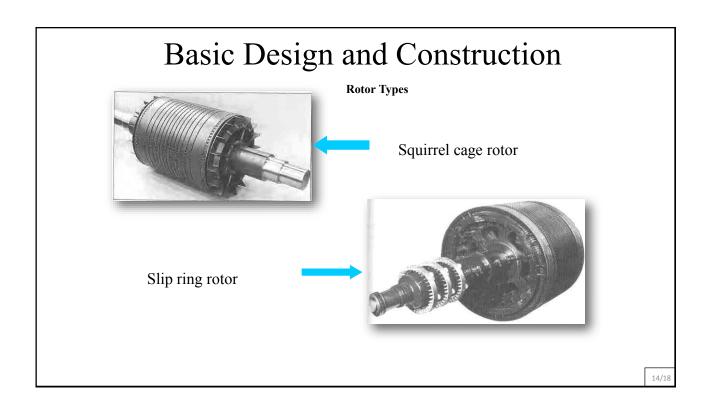
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## Introduction

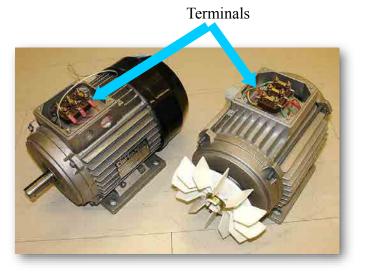
- Electrical motor is an electromechanical device, which converts electrical energy to mechanical energy.
- Three-phase induction motors are the most common electrical motors used in the industry.







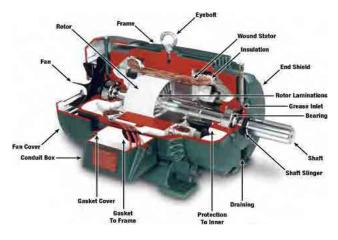
# Basic Design and Construction



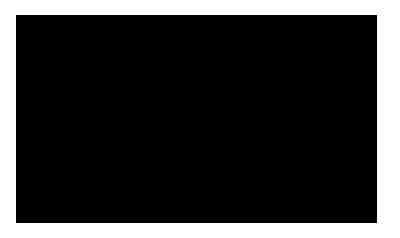
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# Basic Design and Construction

#### **Section View**



# Basic Design and Construction



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# Motor Burnout and Rewinding

#### Causes...

- 1. Fluctuation in phase voltages
- 2. Malfunctioning of protective relays
- 3. Manufacturing defects
- 4. Damage before or during installation
- 5. Improper installation
- 6. Misapplication (overload)



## Motor Burnout and Rewinding

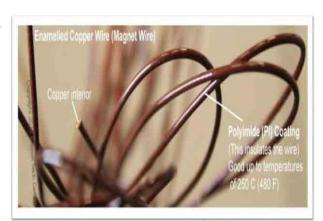
- Copper or aluminum wire should be used for rewinding the motor
- Preferably inside of the winding wire should be enameled copper wire (magnet wire)



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# Motor Burnout and Rewinding

- After re-winding the assembly should be coated with risen and baked.
- Special care should be taken when inserting the rotor into the stator assembly.



# Troubleshooting



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Sr. No.	Fault Indication	Causes			
1.	Motor fails to start	Blown fuse or open circuit breaker			
		Motor overload relay on starter tripped			
		Low voltage or no voltage applied to the motor			
		Defective motor windings			
		Motor burnout			
		Mechanical overload			
2.	Excessive motor noise and vibration	Insufficient cooling/lubrication			
		Overload			
		Low phase voltage			

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# Troubleshooting



Sr. No.	Fault Indication	Causes
3.	Motor overload protector continually trips	Excessive load
4.	Heated up bearings	Bent or sprung shaft Electrical Damage (Fluting)
5	Warm haarings	Life span completed
5.	Worn bearings	Foreign Matter (Dust and dirt)
		Electrical Damage (Fluting) Improper Bearing Lubrication
		Bearing Fatigue
		<b>High Temperatures</b>

# Troubleshooting



Sr. No.	Fault Indication	Causes
6.	Mechanical locking in	Decreased air gap, jammed bearings or any foreign matter stuck
7.	Wrong rotation	Wrong sequence of phases
8.	Motor overheat	Overload
9.	Starter or circuit breaker not operating	Non availability of power or faulty relay
10.	Overheating of cable	Cable size inadequate

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# Wrap-up

### Things to take home...

- 1. Motors drive your operations
- 2. Always do a root cause analysis
- 3. Repair is not preventive maintenance
- 4. Keep records, always !!!



# POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT

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## Power Factor Improvement

### What is Power Factor?

✓ Power factor is the ratio between the useful (true) power (kW) to the total (apparent) power (kVA).

Power factor (pf) = (Useful Power kW)/(Total power kVA)  $kW=kVI \cos \emptyset$ 

voltage

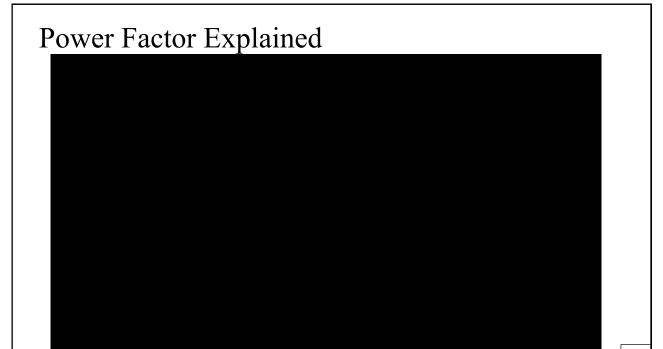
Phaser diagram of voltage and current

- ✓ It is a measure of how efficiently electrical power is converted into useful work output.
- ✓ The ideal power factor is unity.

total power (kVA)

'useful' power (kw)

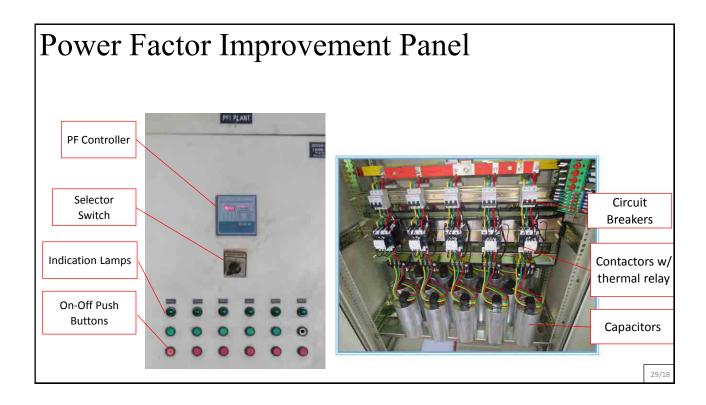
magnetic power (kVAr)



# Power Factor Improvement

- ✓In case of Low Power factor Improvement/ correction is required.
- ✓ Correction is achieved by the addition of capacitors in parallel with the connected motor at the origin of the installation.





## Auto Power Factor Controller

- ✓ Capacitors are selectively used to make the power factor of the system close to 1.00
- ✓ Actual power factor needs to be monitored by operators regularly
- ✓ Check the power factor mentioned on the electricity bill and do necessary action if required



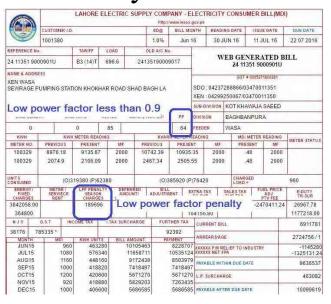
## Fuse

- ✓ Fuses avoid the flow of over currents by melting down itself
- ✓ They have to be replaced every time after use since they are not reusable like circuit breakers
- Regular inspection of its availability and maintaining enough quantity of spare parts in store is very important



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# Power Factor Penalty



# Benefits of power factor correction

- ✓ Reduction of power consumption due to improved energy efficiency.
- ✓ Reduction of electricity bills.
- ✓ Extra kVA available from the existing supply.
- ✓ Reduction of I<sup>2</sup>R losses in transformers and distribution equipment.
- ✓ Reduction of voltage drop in long cables.
- ✓ Extended equipment life.
- ✓ Reduced electrical burden on cables and electrical components.

## **RECORD KEEPING**



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# **Record keeping**

- Make balance of operation time of each load
- Predict & Prepare for future maintenance/procurement plan e.g. lubrication oil ,bearing, fuel, filters for generator
- Detect unsatisfied design, installation or repairing work by contractor

			Loc	ATION			
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	18000	240	4.43	1800	3,405		3-8
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## How to make daily operation record

Factors to note down during record keeping (Pumps):

- ✓ Pump operating time (Hrs.)
- ✓ Flow
- ✓ Pressure
- ✓ Power factor
- ✓ Voltage
- ✓ Ampere

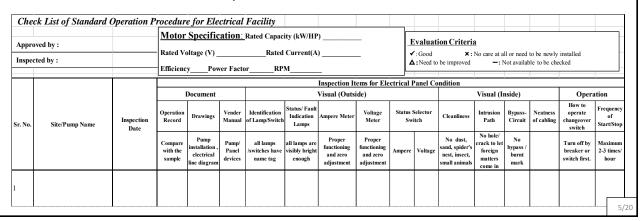
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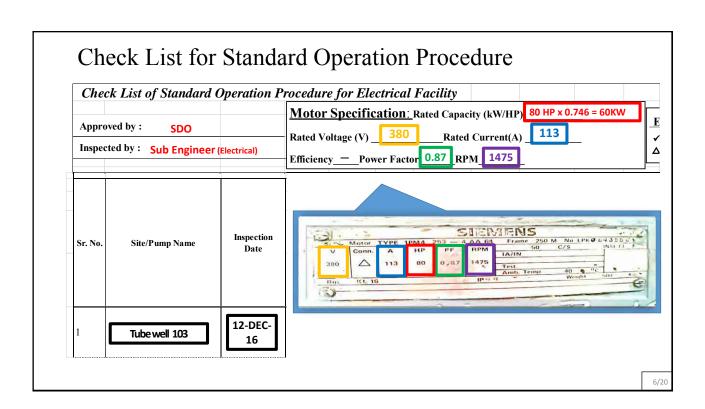
# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE (SOP)



## **Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)**

- ✓ Before turning on the motor, values of all protective relays must be checked once a day
- ✓ Following format and slides are showing some of the general ideas for O&M and errors in operation in WASA's Motor Control Unit:





## Check List for Standard Operation Procedure

••	oved by :					Rated Capac Rated				- 1-	valuat	ion Criteria	a No care at a	ll or need	to be newly	installed	
Inspec	cted by :	Efficienc	Efficiency Power Factor RPM					△: Need to be improved —: Not available to be checked									
				Document				Inspection It Visual (Outs		etrical I	ical Panel Condition  Visual (Inside) Operation						
Sr. No.	. Site/Pump Name	ame Inspection Date	Operation Description Vender		Identification of Lamp/Switch	dentification Status/Fault Voltage Sta				atus Selector Switch Cleanliness		Intrusion Bypass-		Neatness of cabling	How to operate changeover switch	Frequenc	
			Compare with the sample	Pump installation , electrical line diagram	Pump/ Panel devices	all lamps /switches have name tag	all lamps are visibly bright enough	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Ampere	Voltage	No dust, sand, spider's nest, insect, small animals	No hole/ crack to let foreign matters come in	No bypass / burnt mark		Turn off by breaker or switch first.	Maximus 2-3 times hour
!																	

## **Basic Documentation Management**

- ✓ Operation Record
  - Time of Start/Stop, Total Operation
  - Maintenance/Replacement Record
  - Trouble Record, Any Remarks etc.
- ✓ Drawings
  - Shop-Drawings, As-Built Drawings (Equipment and Installation Drawings)
  - Electrical Wiring Diagram etc.
- ✓ Vender Manuals
  - Installation Manuals
  - Operation & Maintenance Manuals
  - Device Catalogs & Manuals

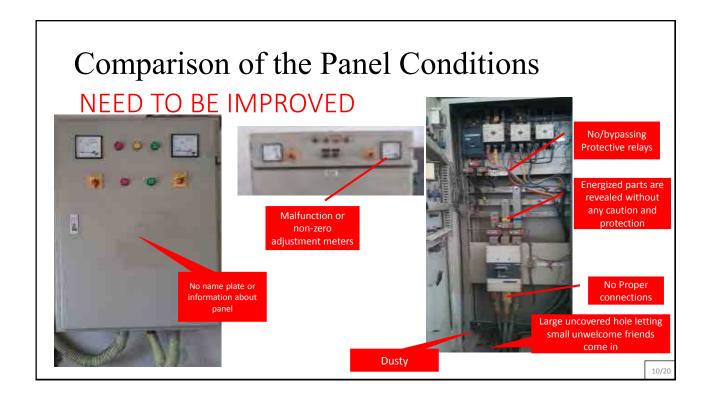
etc.

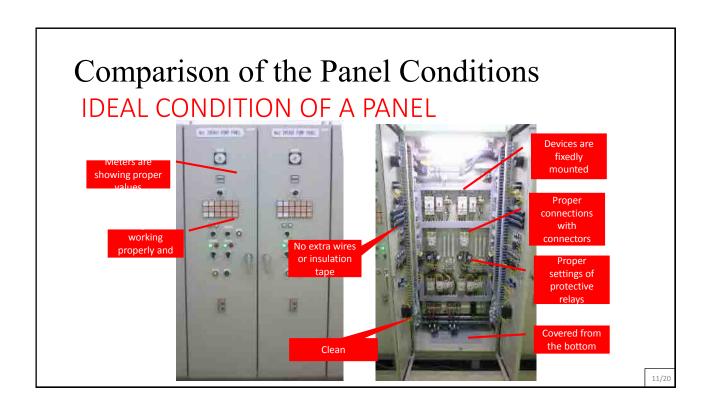
Fuji Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Overview

The state of the state of

#### Check List for Standard Operation Procedure Check List of Standard Operation Procedure for Electrical Facility Motor Specification: Rated Capacity (kW/HP) **Evaluation Criteria** Approved by: Rated Voltage (V) Rated Current(A) ✓: Good X: No care at all or need to be newly installed ∆: Need to be improved —: Not available to be checked Inspected by: \_Power Factor\_ Operation Visual (Outside) Document Inspection Date Site/Pump Name Proper all lamps switches have name tag Pump/ Panel all lamps are visibly bright enough rack to le foreign matters functioning and zero adjustment functioning and zero adjustment sand, spider's nest, insect, small animals Voltage 2-3 times electrical ine diagran switch first.





Chec	k List of Standard	Operation I	rocedur	e for Ele	ctrical	Facility											
Appro	ved by :		Motor	Specific	ation:	Rated Capac	ity (kW/HP	)	_		Evaluat	ion Criteria	1				
	ted by :		Rated V		ver Facto	Rated		)	_		: Good	<b>x</b> : be improved	No care at a		to be newly ble to be ch		
				Inspection Items for Electrical Panel Condition													
			1	Document				Visual (Outs	ide)				Visual (In	nside)		Opera	tion
Sr. No.	Site/Pump Name	ump Name Inspection Date	Operation Record	Drawings	Vender Manual	Identification of Lamp/Switch	Status/ Fault Indication Lamps	Ampere Meter	Voltage Meter		Selector	Cleanliness	Intrusion Path	Bypass- Circuit	Neatness of cabling	How to operate changeover switch	Frequence of Start/Sto
			Compare with the sample	Pump installation , electrical line diagram	Pump/ Panel devices	all lamps /switches have name tag	all lamps are visibly bright enough	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Ampere	Voltage	No dust, sand, spider's nest, insect, small animals	No hole/ crack to let foreign matters come in	No bypass / burnt mark		Turn off by breaker or switch first.	Maximus 2-3 times hour
2																	
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### Difference between...

#### Disconnection Switch

- **✓ Offline** operation
- ✓ Isolate system
- ✓ Disconnecting system for safety purpose



#### Circuit breakers

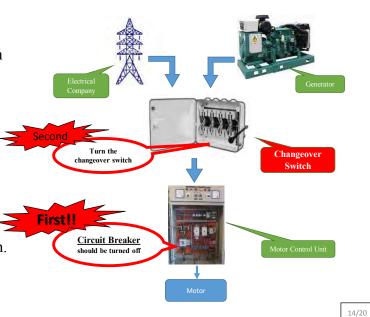
- **✓ Online** operation
- ✓ Capable of making, carrying and breaking currents under normal conditions
- ✓ Short-circuit switching



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#### - How to operate changeover switch -

- ✓ Don't directly open/turn the changeover switch during operation of load
- ✓ Changeover switch does not have function to break the active circuit so you have to turn off the circuit breaker/magnetic contactor first!
- ✓ The terminal of changeover switch would spark and get burnt if you operate it in the energized condition.



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#### - Frequency of Motors' Start/Stop -

- ✓ Each motor has a condition of number of start to prevent burnout and damage to insulation material
- ✓ There are two types of conditions to be confirmed with manufacturer, "Hot-start" and "Cold-start". Number of Hot-start should be more limited.
- ✓ Frequent and immediate ON/OFF operation (equivalent to Hot-start) could cause stress to the motor and shorten its life time.



# PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE



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## Goal of this Lecture

- Understand importance of Preventive Maintenance
- Get familiar with the required equipment and tools for Preventive Maintenance on MCU

## Circuit Breaker Failure

- WHY> Due to Carbon deposits on it terminals
- WHY> Due to fatigue (life cycle completed)
- WHY> Was periodic inspection conducted?
- WHY> YES! Wear and tear was observed and replacement was recommended
- WHY> The specific model was out of inventory

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## Preventative maintenance

- What is definition of electrical preventative maintenance?
- ✓ The scheduled inspection, testing and maintenance of critical electrical components to prevent failure and enhance equipment life cycle.

### Preventative maintenance

#### Scheduled!!!

- 1) Start with a plan
- 2) Depending on the time of maintenance and the environment, the frequency can vary
- 3) Be proactive rather than reactive



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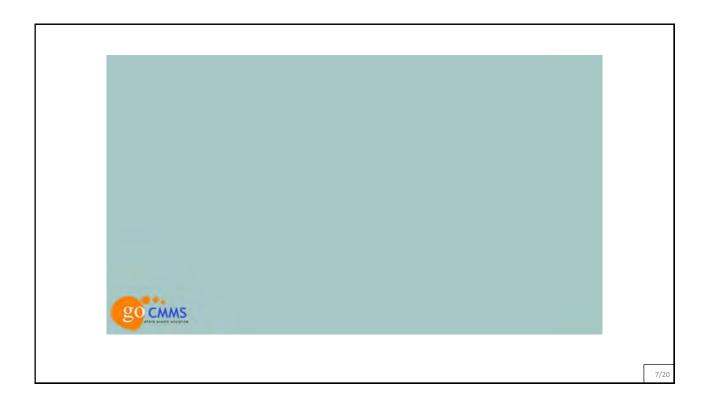
## Preventative maintenance

#### The cost of ignoring maintenance

A well administrated preventative maintenance program:

- Reduces accidents
- Saves lives
- Minimizes costly breakdowns and unplanned outages

Impending troubles can be identified and solutions applied, before they become major problems requiring more expensive, time consuming solutions.



# **Inspection Tools**

1. Voltage Tester



4. Adjustable Wench



2. Screw Drivers Set



5.Ratchet Screwdriver



3.Pliers



6. Ratchet Socket Wrench Set





## Sample Format for Preventive Maintenance

Pre	ventive M	<u>laintenan</u>	ce Shee	t for Ele	ctrical Fac	ility
Sub Division :		Motor	r Specif	ication	Rated Capacity (kW/HP)	
Site Name:		Rated Voltage	Rated Ampere	Efficiency	Power Factor	RPM
Equipment Name:		(V)	(A)	-	-	
Date				·		
Inspected By						
Weather						
Во	It Tightening					
	U1-E	U2-E				
Insulation	V1-E	V2-E				
Resistance	W1-E	W2-E				
(MΩ)	U1-V1	U2-V2				
, ,	V1-W1	V2-W2				
	W1-U1	W2-U2				

1 Test in OFF Condition

#### **②** Test in Running Condition

Voltage by	R	Υ				
Clamp Meter	Y	В				
(V)	В	R				
Ampere by	F	?				
Clamp Meter	Y					
(A)	Е	3				
F	Power Factor					
Vibration	Upper	Lower				
VIDIALIOII	Bearing	Bearing				
Revolutio	n Per Minut	e (RPM)				
	Upper	Lower				
Temperature	Bearing	Bearing				
i emperature	Shaft					
Reference for	Insulation Res	istance Value	<u>:</u>	Good → m	ore than 1.0MΩ	
Need to Adjust, (	Clean,Care →	$1.0 M\Omega \sim 0.4 M$	Need to repa	ir immediately	→less than 0.4	ΜΩ
- Remarks -						
1						

# What is "Insulation Resistance"?

- Insulation resistance is the value showing if there is electrical leakage or not with the measured equipment.
- Insulation resistance tester is a tool to check how properly the system/equipment is insulated.
- If the value show less than 1 M $\Omega$ , need to be cared. If less than 0.4 M $\Omega$  (i.e. for 400V), detect the faulty parts and replace them immediately.



• It is necessary to check not only one time value but also the trend and comparison with the previous value.

11/20

# **Appendix**

## Electrical Leakage

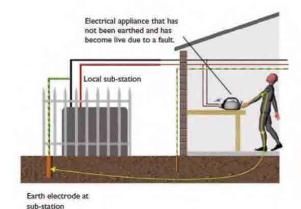
- Electrical leakage is dangerous for not only machinery but also humans
- Any electrical leakage has to be found in the early stage and remedied properly for the system safety and efficiency

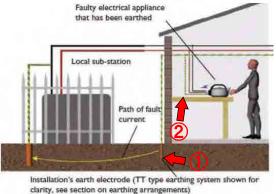
Current	Effect to Human
1mA	Feeling
5mA	Feeling keenly
10mA	Unbearable feeling of pain
20mA	The contraction of muscles and The victim cannot let go of the circuit.
50mA	Danger, Extreme pain
100mA	Fatal injury

12/20

# Electrical Leakage

- Importance of Grounding -





In order to avoid any trouble caused by electrical leakage, it is very important to

- 1) Install an earth electrode giving sufficiently low resistance and
- 2 Properly connect it with casing of electrical facility

Reference: https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/20141104174845-23740981-earthing-system-how-save-are-you-from-electric-shocks and the state of the properties of





# **Action Plan**



#### What is an action plan?



#### An action plan is a document that lists...

✓ what steps must be taken in order to achieve a specific goal

#### The purpose of an action plan...

- ✓ is to clarify what resources are required to reach the goal
- ✓ formulate a timeline for when specific tasks need to be completed



## **Action Plan Template**





#### **POST TRAINING ACTION PLAN**

Training Title: W	SD 5231, Module2, Electrical Control Panels	_ Date of Training:	25-11-2016
Name of Participant	Mubasher Ahmad Cheema		
Name of Organization	on: Al-Jazari Academy		



## **Action Plan Template**



Please list three important concepts, ideas, or skills which you plan to take from the training and implement in your work (please focus on SOP, Record Keeping and Preventive maintenance)

1.	Record facility operational hours
2.	Implement equipment maintenance plan
3.	
	Implement standard operating procedures



## **Action Plan Template**



Please identify a specific plan (in sequential steps) that you will implement upon your return to WASA.

Sr. No.	Action Item (maintenance plan)	Due Date
1	Ensure record keeping templates are available on site both hard copies and electronic copies	Dec 15 <sup>th</sup> , 2016
2	Ensure all equipment manuals and instructions are available on site	Dec. 15 <sup>th</sup> , 2016
3	Ensure all required inspection/testing tools and PPE are available on site	Dec. 15 <sup>th</sup> , 2016
4	Prepare a list/quantity of crucial items (replacement parts) required on site	Dec. 15 <sup>th</sup> , 2016
5	Assign trained personals to routinely check what items are due for completion as per maintenance checklist	Dec. 20 <sup>th</sup> , 2016
6	Establish a weekly maintenance plan implementation review meeting	Dec. 23th, 2016



## **Action Plan Template**



Please identify required resources to implement this plan.

- 1. Trained personal
- 2. Testing and inspection tools
- 3. Data recording accessories (log books, computer)
- 4. Spare parts
- 5. Storage facility
- 6. Office space

Please identify any barriers or hindrances to the implement this plan.

- 1. Implementation approval
- 2. Management support
- 3. Required tools



## **Action Plan Template**



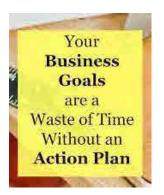
#### Other Comments or Notes:

Need extra manpower to successfully implement and sustain the maintenance plan.



### What if not Action Plan?





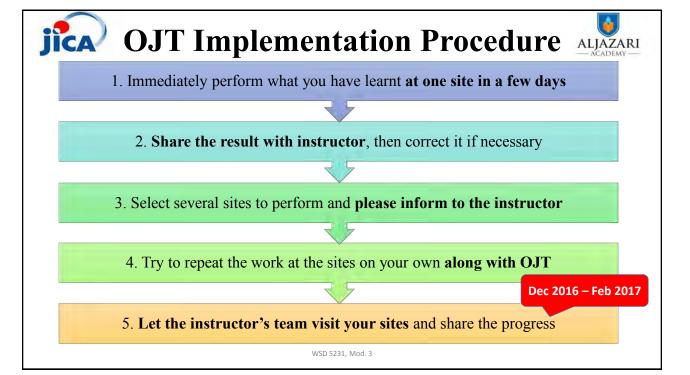






## **OJT Implementation Procedure**

~ Please let us work with you ~



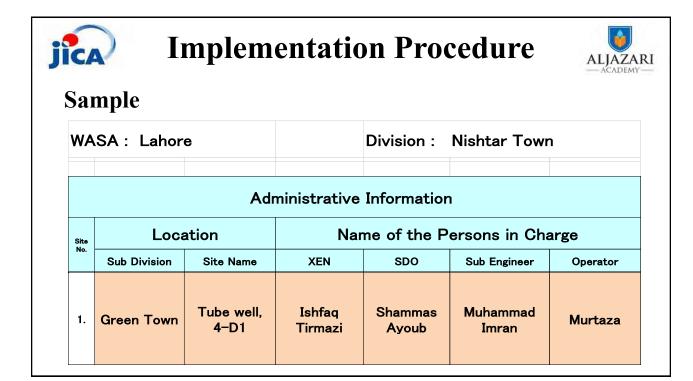


## **Implementation Procedure**



## Let us know where you will perform and who are involved

WA	VASA: Division:										
	Administrative Information										
Site	Loca	ation	Nar	Name of the Persons in Charge							
No.	Sub Division	Site Name	XEN	SDO	Sub Engineer	Operator					
1.											





# **Implementation Procedure**



## Let us know when you will perform and who is your Boss!

				Approv	ed by					
				Prepared by						
		20	16				20	17		
	Nov		Dec		Jan		Feb		Mar	
Contents of Activity	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed
Daily Operation Record										
SOP Check List										
Preventive Maintenance Record										



## **Implementation Procedure**



## **Sample**

				Approv	ed by	Shakeel Kashmiri – Director						
	Prepared		ed by	Shamm	nas Ayo	O Green Town						
		20	16				20	117				
	Nov		Dec		Jan		2017 Feb		М	ar		
Contents of Activity	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed		
Daily Operation Record												
SOP Check List	Nov 29				Jan 31				Mar 8			
Preventive Maintenance Record												



# **Implementation Procedure**

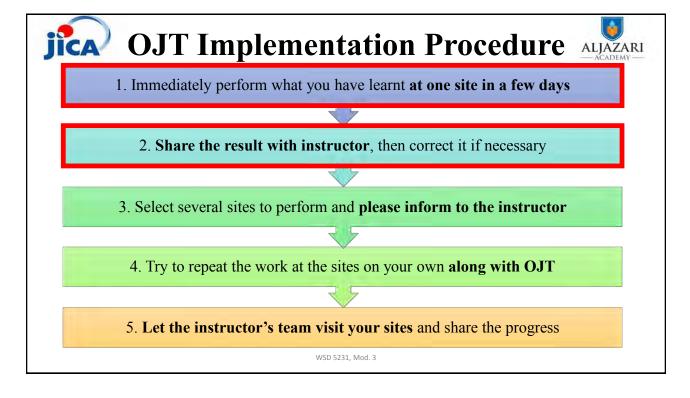


### We are very much Expecting...

				Approv	Shakeel Kashmiri - Director						
				Prepared by		Shamr	n Town				
	2016						2	017			
	Nov		Dec		Jan		Feb		Mar		
Contents of Activity	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	
Daily Operation Record		0				0				0	
SOP Check List	Nov 29	0			Jan 31	0			Mar 8	0	
Preventive Maintenance Record		0				0			J	0	

#### Instructor's team will make It would be greater if you write down a plan to visit the site referring to your schedule!! WASA: Lahore Division: Nishter Town Administrative Information Contents of Activity Name of the Persons in Charge Location Sub Division Site Na XEN SDO Sub Engineer Daily Operation Record Ishfaq Tirmazi 1. Green Town Ayoub Imran Daily Operation Record Ishfaq Tirmazi Dec Shammas Ayoub Muhammad 2. Green Town SOP Check List Dec Dec Ishfaq Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub 3. Green Town SOP Check List Preventive Maintenance Record Daily Operation Record

1400	al G	vai																								
										Approv	ed by	S	hakeel	Kashmiri	i – Direc	tor										
SA: Lahore Division: Nishtar Town						Prepare	d by	Shamn	nas Ayo	oub - SE	O Gree	n Town														
			2016				2017																			
_				Contents of Activity	N	Nov		ec 	J	Jan		Feb		Mar												
LOCE Sub Division	Site Name	XEN	spo	Sub Engineer	arge Operator	- '		Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Plenning Date	Completed	Planning Date	Completed	Plenning Date	Completed										
				Daily Operation Record		0				0				0												
		Shammas Avoub		Murtaza	SOP Check List	Nov 29	0			Jan 31	0			Mar 8	0											
					Preventive Maintenance Record		0			,	0				0											
Pump#1,		Daily Operation Record			_	0			_	0																
Green Town	Station,	Ishfaq Tirmazi	Shammas Ayoub	Muhammad Imran										Salman	SOP Check List			Dec 13	0			Dec 14	0			
	Chowk					Preventive Maintenance Record				0				0												
	Pump#2, Disposal			Muhammad Salman		Daily Operation Record			D	0			D	0												
Green Town	Station, Ameer	Ishfaq Tirmazi	Shammas Ayoub		Salman	SOP Check List			27	0			28	0												
	Chowk					Preventive Maintenance Record				0				0												
Ko Suginami Ko	Koenii	Koenji Tube Well Mubasher									.len				Mar	0										
	Tube Well Mubashe		Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Mubasher	Jawad	Akira	Zain	SOP Check List Preventive Maintenance Record					17	0		
	Loca Sub Division Green Town Green Town	Adi Location Sub Division Site Name Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Green Town Pump#1, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Pump#2, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Koenji	Administrative  Location Na Sub Division Site Name XEN  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Tirmezi  Green Town Pump#1, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Green Town Pump#2, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Company Pump#2, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Company Pump#2, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk	Administrative Information  Location Name of the P  Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Ayoub  Pump#1, Diaposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Green Town Station, Ameer Chowk  Name Administrative Information Information Station, Ameer Chowk  Name Administrative Information	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Christophilia (Christophilia) (Chr	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Ayoub Muhammad Imran Murtaza  Pump#1, Diaposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Green Town Station, Ameer Chowk  Lahfaq Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman  Lahfaq Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman  Lahfaq Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman  Koenjii Lahfaq Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Ayoub Imran Muhammad Imran Salman Station, Ameer Chowk Pump#2, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk Name Chowk Name Chowk Name Chowk Name Name Chowk Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Ayoub Imran Murtaza Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman SOP Check List Preventive Maintenance Record  Green Town Pump#1, Diaposal Station, Ameer Chowk Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman Sol Check List Preventive Maintenance Record Sop Check List Preventive Maintenance Record Sop Check List Preventive Maintenance Record Sop Check List Preventive Maintenance Record Delity Operation Record Sop Check List Preventive Maintenance Record Delity Operation	Administrative Information  Location  Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division  Site Name  XEN  SDO  Sub Engineer  Operator  Daily Operation Record  Preventive Maintenance Record  Preventive Maintenance Record  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O	Administrative Information  Location  Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division  Site Name  Agreen Town  Tube well, 4-D1  Timezi  Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Tirmazi  Shammas Ayoub  Muhammad Imran  Muhammad Imran  Muhammad Salman  Salman  Daily Operation Record  SOP Check Liet  Preventive Maintenance Record  Dec 13  Preventive Maintenance Record  Dec 27  Dec	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub Muhammad Imran Salman Station, Ameer Chowk Station, Ameer Chow	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division Sits Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Tube well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman Station, Ameer Chowk  Pump#1, Ameer Chowk  Tube Well, 4-D1 Ishfaq Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman Salman Salman Imran Salman Salman Salman Salman Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman Salman Salman Salman Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman Salman Salman Salman Salman Shammas Ayoub Imran Salman Salma	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge  Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub Inran Muhammad Inran Salman Green Town Pump#1, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Green Town Stat	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge Sub Division Site Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Tube well, 4-D1 Tirmazi Shammas Ayoub  Pump#1, Diaposal Tirmazi Station, Ameer Chowk  Green Town Station, Ameer Chowk  Pump#2, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  P	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge Sub Division State Name XEN SDO Sub Engineer Operator  Green Town Pump#1, Disposal Station, Ameer Chowk  Green Town Pump#2, Disposal Green Town Ameer Chowk  Green Town Station, Ameer Chowk  Green T	Administrative Information  Location Name of the Persons in Charge Sub Division   Site Name   XEN   SDO   Sub Engineer   Operator    Green Town   Tube well, 4-D1   Ishfaq Tirmazi   Ayoub   Muhammad Ayoub   Muhammad Imran   Salman   Station, Ameer Othowk   Preventive Maintenance Record   Deliy Operation Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Shammas Ayoub   Muhammad Imran   Salman   Salman   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Shammas Ayoub   Alties   Salman   Salman   Salman   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Shammas Ayoub   Shammas Ayoub   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Shammas Ayoub   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Shammas Ayoub   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Preventive Maintenance Record   Dec Disposal Station, Ameer Othowk   Sol Check List   Dec Disposal Station, Amee										



# Wrap-up

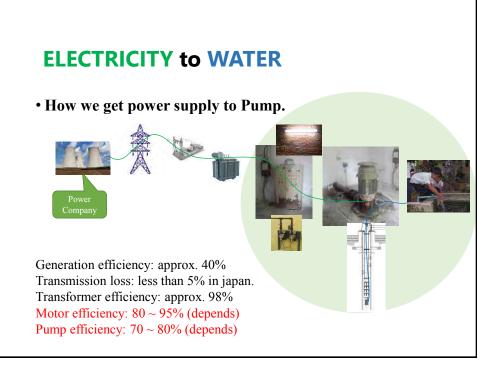
- Things to take home...
- Motors drive your Operation.
- Always do a root cause analysis
- Repair is not preventive maintenance
- Keep records, always !!!
- Take an action, Immediately!!!!!!!!



We will look forward to your response.

# ELECTRICITY to WATER

Energy use of tube well pump system



# WHAT IS ENERGY AUDIT ACTIVITY

#### **BASIC KNOWLEDGE for ENERGY AUDIT**

#### Concept of

- Electrical Capacity (kW)
- Pump Efficiency
- Principle of measurement
- Evaluation for Pump station

## **Equipment Required**

- Power analyser
- Ultrasonic Flowmeter
- Pressure Gauge
- Water level meter
- Tachometer
- Thermometer
- Vibration meter

### **Power Analyzer:**

 Values of Voltages, Currents, Power Factor and Motor Input Power (P<sub>mi</sub>) is collected using power analyzer.



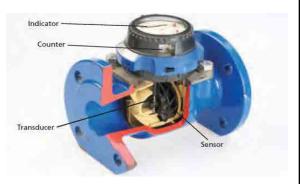


#### **BASIC KNOWLEDGE for ENERGY AUDIT**

- ✓ Turbine Meters
- ✓Ultra Sonic Flow Meters
- ✓Electromagnetic Meters

#### **Turbine meter**

- ✓ These meters have a rotating element that turns with the flow of water.
- ✓ Volume of water is measured by the number of revolutions by the rotor.

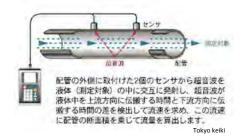


WSD 5321, Mod 7

#### **Ultrasonic meters**

- ✓ Sending sound waves from 2 sensor (transmitter) diagonally across the flow of water in the pipe.
- ✓ The time difference between 2 direction to be converted to flow velocity.

(there is Doppler shift method, too)

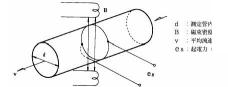


Ultrasonic flowmeter (time transit)

9

#### **Electromagnetic meter**

- ✓Induce magnetic field in the bore by coils outside of the flow channel. When water flows the magnetic field, electromotive force (Voltage) is induced.
- ✓ The electromotive force will be converted proportionally to velocity and hence the flow rate.





Electromagnetic flowmeter

10

#### **BASIC KNOWLEDGE for ENERGY AUDIT**

	Ultra Sonic	Electromagnetic	Turbine
Appearance			
Accuracy	lower than Electromagnetic in small flow rate	High	lower than others in small flow rate
Installation condition (D:pipe dia)	Before meter:10D After meter:5D	Before meter:5D After meter:2D	Before meter:10D After meter:5D
Pressure loss	No pressure loss	Almost no pressure loss	Pressure loss due to around Impeller
Telecommunications	Available	Available	Available
Initial Cost	Expensive	Expensive	Inexpensive
Others	Proper installation skill is required	Susceptible to electrical noise	There is lifetime of rotation parts

#### **BASIC KNOWLEDGE for ENERGY AUDIT**

**Principles of Measurement** 

**Pressure measurement** 

#### **Ultrasonic Flow meter:**

• Measure the flow (Q) using ultrasonic flow meter. Flow is important parameter to measure the water power, discharge velocity and other required parameters.



#### **Pressure Gauge**

• Record pressure using pressure gauge. Pressure is important parameter to determine the Total Head.



#### Water level meter

• This equipment is used to determine the static and dynamic water level. An important parameter to calculate the Total Head.



#### **Tachometer**

• Tachometer determines the rotation of the motor, shaft and pump



#### **Digital Thermometer**

• This device used to get temperature of critical parts of motor and pump.



#### **Vibration meter**

• Vibration meter determines the vibration of pump and motor at critical parts. This is important parameters to ensure a good installation.



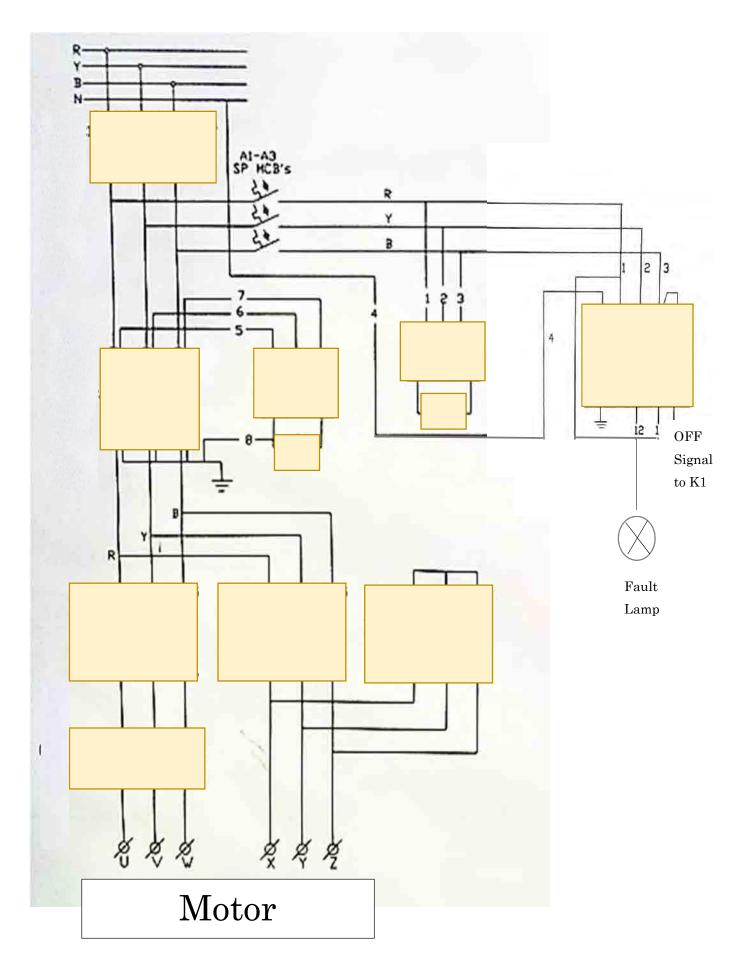
í	Parameter	Unit	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
- 1	Date	yyyy/mm/dd				
2	Time	hh:mm				
3	Location/ Tag	÷				
4	Pump ( Maker/ Rating/ Type)	-				
5	Motor ( Maker/ Rating)	-				
6	Discharge Pressure (p <sub>d</sub> )	bar				
7	Discharge Pipe Dia (d)	mm				
8	Flow (Q)	m\/h				
9	Dynamic Water Level (hpl)	m				
10	Static Water Level (bpl)	m				
11	Voltage (V) RY-YB-BR	Volt				
12	Ampere (A) R-Y-B	Ampere				
13	Power Factor (Cos ø)	÷				
14	Motor Input Power (P <sub>m</sub> )	kW				
15	Speed (N)	RPM				
16	Motor Vibration (Upper Bearing)	mm/s				
17	Motor Vibration (Lower Bearing)	mm/s				
18	Pump Vibration (Thrast Bearing)	mm/s				
19	Temperature (at Upper Bearing)	°c				
20	Temperature (at motor coil; center)	°c				
21	Temperature (Lower Bearing)	°C				
22	Temperature (Pump Thrust Bearing)	°C				
23	Excessive water leakage from gland	-	yes / no	yes / no	yes / no	yes / no
FINDINGS	& RECOMMENDATIONS					
	Surveyer.		Attendance:			

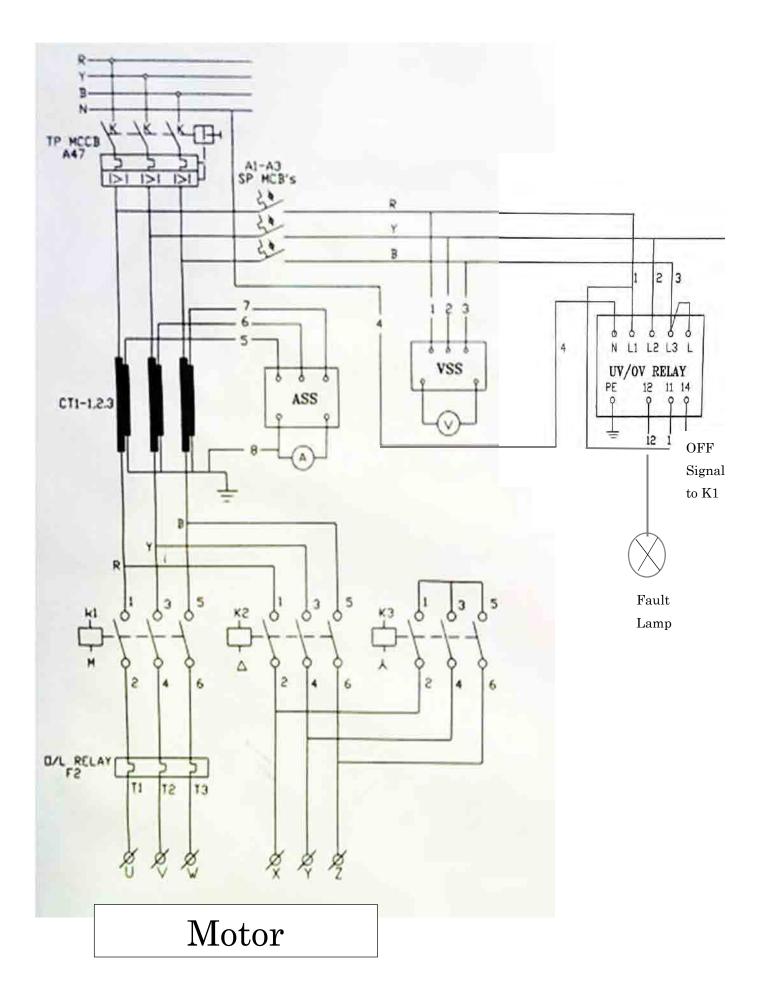
					Durgillela	_Mass Date
		Dain(yyyy mendd)			Maker	Nate
		Time(in 35 hoursooks)			Entry	Sering
		Leoniero			Departey 10 No	Despuesy Nills
-	meter of Dhaharge Pipe (m)					
	No.4	Parameter	140	Method	New	Criterialer TW WASALabore
	- 1	Discharge Personn (p <sub>a</sub> )	lw .	Processer Gauge		>2 (W.KSA standard)
	2	Dev (C)	-0	Ultraveria Flore mater		Table 20% to 10%
-		Dynamic Water Level (Spt)	-	LevelMotor		el Designifica
-		National Associated (Inch.	-	LevelMotor		assending to divige
-		Water Level Difference (hpd)	-	Calminos		(E)obsonimal)
-		Voluge(V)	No.	Person Analyses	_	30 × V < 430
-	,	August(A)	Angew	Prese Analyses		te be less than
- +		Procedure (Co.e)	Na Na	Person Analyses		nial curesi > 0.40
-	-	Materiapa Perse (F <sub>a</sub> )	LW .	Prese Analyses	_	amending to design
-			_			> 298 (2 pole)
L	10	Speed (N)	1004	Tachometer		>1480- (4 pale)
		Discharge Hessi(In)	-	Calmbrid		> 20 (WASA standard)
Г	12	Print Lessen	-	Manufacture's Entireption		44.15,36.13,36.23
-		Discharge Valentin (n.)		Calculated	_	
-		Value of Head (tr.)	-	Calculated	_	-
-		Tricillandia	-	Calculated	-	amonday in design
-	16	Take Press (F.)	LW .	Calminos	_	according to design
-				Manufacture	_	STi (ere)
L	17	Mater Wildersoy (4 <sub>4</sub> )	,	Solombon		87% producted
	18	Mater Dalpai Percer (P <sub>m</sub> )	LW .	Calculated		assending to design
		Former lann by Shall Printing (ps.)	LW.	Calculated		Neth.
-	20	Paragilloson logist (Pyl)	LW .	Calminos	_	assending to design
-	3	Page Minimay (p.)		Calculated		> 76% (G% (mm)
-	22	Teld History (9)	-	Calculated	_	> 60% (20%)
-	21	pared Brear Conception (kg)	18 to d	Calculated		according to divige
-		Mater Western (Spee Bearing)	man's	Vinutes mater		-01
-	28	Mater Western (Lever Bearing)	mm)	Vitation mater	_	- 40
-		Pump Virtuin (Theri Bering)	mm)	Vincian rates	_	481
-	-	Temponium (at Dyne Boaring)	-	Temposissoneia	-	Globacing W/C
<b>⊢</b>	2	Temposisse (at Upper Bearing)  Temposisse (at motor and, conten)	4:	Temperaturement	-	(Antoniosp. 48) °C (Antoniosp. 48) °C
-	>	Temperature (Lower Bearing)	4:	Temperaturement	_	Globalism W. C.
-					-	
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	N	Development Indept Integral	-	Observa		
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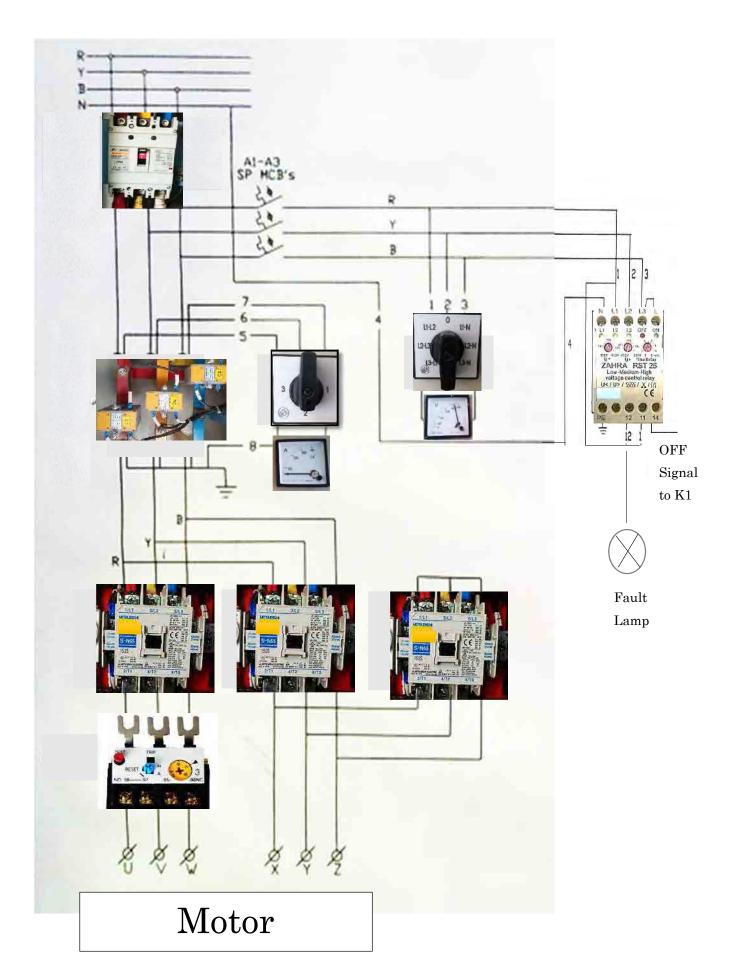
#### **Formulas**

- · Discharge Head (hd)
- $hd = Pd \times 10.13 [m]$
- Pd: Discharge Pressure [bar]
- here, Atmospheric pressure is considered as 1.013 [bar]
- Discharge Velocity (Vd)
- vd =  $\frac{Q}{3600 \times \frac{\pi d^2}{4}}$  [m/s]
- Q: Flow volume [m3/h] d: inertial diameter of delivery pipe
- Velocity Head (hvd)
- $h_{vd} = \frac{v_d^2}{2g}$
- Total Head (ht)
- $h_t = h_{pl} + h_{vd} + h_d$
- hpl: Dynamic water level, hvd: velocity head, hd: discharge head
- Water Power (Pw)
- $P_W = \frac{gQh_t}{2600}$
- Here, volume Q is expressed in [m3/hour] unit.

- When volume Q is expressed in [m3/min] unit, the equation change as below;
- $P_w = \frac{gQh_t}{60}$
- Motor Output Power (Pmo)
- $P_{mo} = \eta_m \times P_{mi}$
- Here, ηm is motor efficiency. Refer to manufacturer's specification and considered a rewinded motor decreases its efficiency about 3 to5%.
- Pinput will be derived from Power Analyzer but you can also calculate it from Input Voltage, Current and Power Factor. The formula is shown below;
- $P_{mi} = \sqrt{3} V I \cos \emptyset$
- Power Loss by Shaft Friction (ps)
- Assuming power loss by shaft friction will be 1 % of motor output.
- $p_s = 0.01 \times P_{mo}$



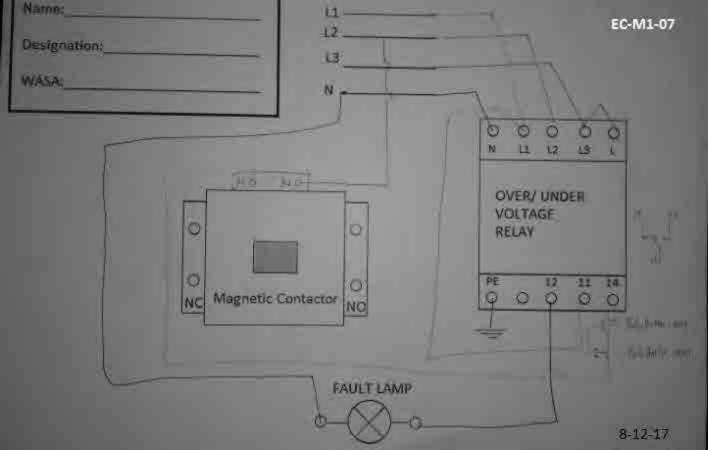




Name:			EC-M1-04
Designation:			
WASA:		T (-1)-	
		9 9 9	
		内内内	Ampere Selector Switch
	Current		E P
	Transformer		
		나 나 나	
			9 ~ 9
		0 0 0	L( A )

3 - 1 1 1 1 1
O O O O O N L1 L2 L3 L
OVER/ UNDER VOLTAGE RELAY
PE 12 11 14 O O O O O

8-12-17

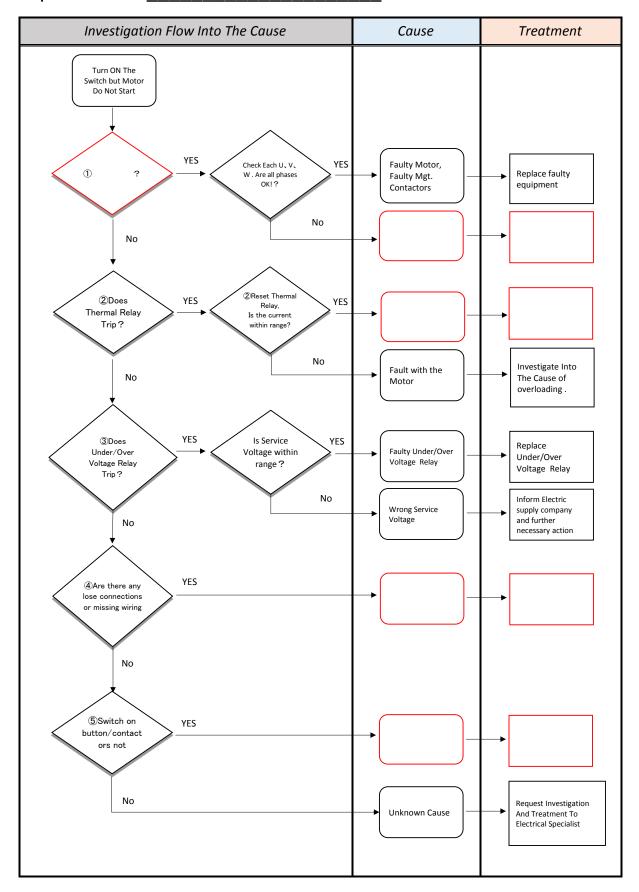


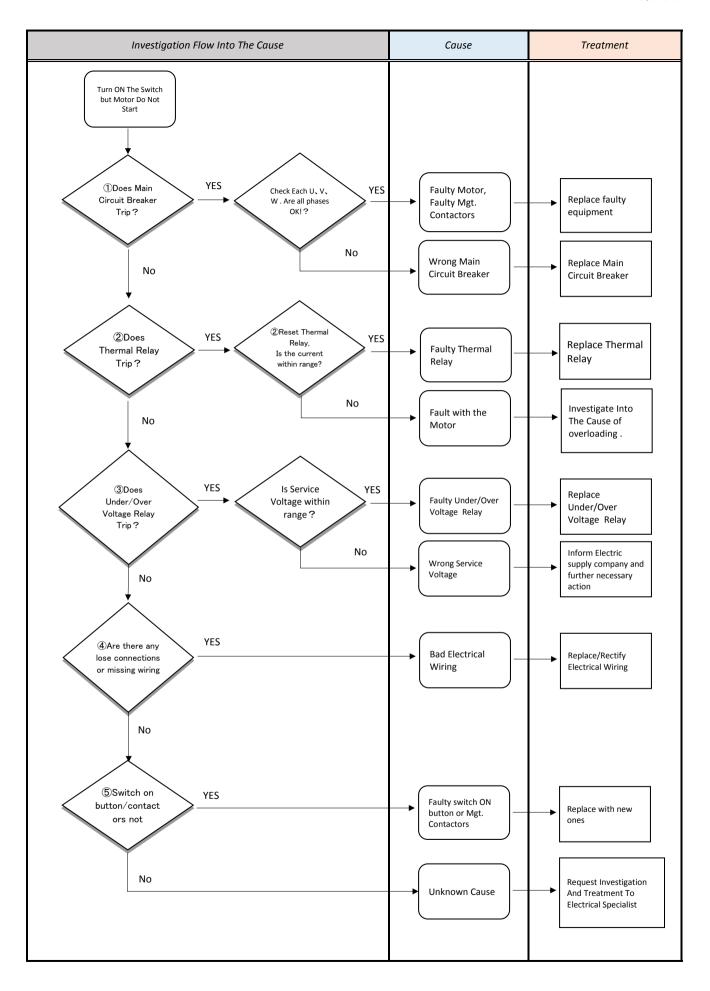
Participants Name:	
--------------------	--

	Motor Name Plate										
Voltage	Voltage Connection Ampere HP PF RPM										
380	Delta	115	80	0.85	1480						

An 80HP induction motor with Phase-to-Phase service voltages,  $V_1$ =460V,  $V_2$ =440V and  $V_3$ =470V is having issue of overheating windings. Kindly refer to the owners O&M manual and identify the fault and suggest remedy.

Over/Under voltage relay is set to  $V_{min}$ =390V and  $V_{max}$ =470V and timer is set at 7 seconds





Moı	nth/Year	•		/	_					Approv (Engir	neer)						
	Date	:		$\sim$	_					(Opera							
Sr. No.	Date	Shift #	Operat	ing Time	Operating Hours	Chlorine Dosing	Flow Reading (Start)	Flow Reading (Stop)	Flow Amount	Pressure	Power Factor		√oltag	e	A	mpero	e
			Turn On	Turn Off	hrs.	Y/N	m3	m3	m3	MPa	%	RY (V)	YB (V)	BR (V)	R (A)	Y (A)	B (A)
1																	
2																	
3																	
4																	
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	
	Total/ Su	ım															
Rem	arks:																

Che	eck List of Standard	d Operation	Proced	dure for	Electr	ical Facil	ity									EC-M	[1-11
			Motor	· Specifi	cation	: Rated Cap	acity (kW/	HP)			Evalua	tion Crite	ำ่อ				
	oved by :		Rated V	oltage (V)		Rat	ted Curren	t(A)			✓: Good ×: No care at all or need to be newly installed						
Inspe	cted by :		Efficien	ey Po	wer Fac	etor F	RPM				△: Need to be improved —: Not available to be checked						
				Inspection Items for Electrical Panel Condition													
			1	Document			,	Visual (Outs	side)				Visual (I	nside)		Oper	ation
Sr.	Site/Pump Name	Inspection	Operation Record	Drawings	Vender Manual	Identification of Lamp/Switch	Status/ Fault Indication Lamps	Ampere Meter	Voltage Meter		s Selector witch	Cleanliness	Intrusion Path	Bypass- Circuit		How to operate changeover switch	Frequency of Start/Stop
No.		Date	Compare with the sample	Pump installation , electrical line diagram	Pump/ Panel devices	all lamps /switches have name tag	all lamps are visibly bright enough	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Ampe	re Voltage	No dust, sand, spider's nest, insect, small animals	No hole/ crack to let foreign matters come in	No bypass / burnt mark	Neatness of cabling	Turn off by breaker or switch first.	Maximum 2-3 times/ hour
1																	
2																	
3																	
- Re	marks -																

Devi	ce Inspection Sheet		Motor	Specifica	tion:	Rate	d Capaci	ity (k	kW/E	HP)				1_						EC-M1-12
	roved by : ected by :		Rated V		V)	Rated C	urrent(A							Ш	Evaluation ✓ : Good Δ : Need to	×: No ca	are at all or n			
Sr.		Inspection	Con		Test of co		ts (Using	M	mp N agne ntac	etic	r)		Curre			Over/Unde Voltage Re	er	djustments Over Cu (Thermal	ırrent	Y- \Delta Timer
No.	Site /Pump Name	Date	мссв	МСВ 1	MCB 2	мсв з	MCB 4	K1	K2	К3	Fuse	CT1	CT2	СТЗ	Under Voltage Tripping Function	Tripping		Tripping Function	Value Set	Not less than 5 seconds
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				
- Re	marks -								•											

# **Preventive Maintenance Sheet for Electrical Facility**

EC-M1-13

Sub Division:	Motor	Power (kW/HP)			
Site Name:	Rated Voltage (V)	Rated Ampere (A)	Efficiency (%)	Power Factor	RPM
Equipment Name:					
	Date				
	Inspected By				
	Weather				

	Activity		Reference Value	Data of Site	Data of Site
В	olt Tightening	7	No loose point		
	U1-E	U2-E			
Insulation	V1-E	V2-E			
Resistance	W1-E	W2-E	$\geq 1 \text{ M } \Omega = \text{Good}$		
$(M\Omega)$	U1-V1	U2-V2	_ 1 111 11 000 11		
()	V1-W1	V2-W2			
	W1-U1	W2-U2			
Earth Resistance			< 5Ω		
Hectric		Electric Panel	~ J22		
Voltage by		RY			
Clamp Meter		YB	Rated ± 10%		
(V)		BR			
Ampere by		R			
Clamp Meter		Y	Rated ± 5%		
(A)		В			
	Power Factor		≥ 0.9		
Vibration	Upper Bearing	Lower Bearing	< 5.1 mm/s		
Revolut	ion Per Minut	e (RPM)	1450 (4 Pole)		
Upper Bearing Lower Bearing		< 90°C			
Temperature	Shaft		\ 90 C		

	Power Factor		≥ 0.9				
Vibration	Upper Bearing	Lower Bearing	< 5.1 mm/s				
Revolut	ion Per Minut	e (RPM)	1450 (4 Pole)				
Tomporatura	Upper Bearing	Lower Bearing	< 90°C				
Temperature	Shaft		< 90 C	\ 90 C			
- Remarks -							
Reference for	Insulation Re	esistance Value:		$Good \rightarrow more th$	an 1.0MΩ		
Need to Adjust, (	Clean,Care →	$1.0M\Omega \sim 0.4M\Omega$		Need to repair imn	nediately -	→less than 0.41	MΩ

#### ENERGY AUDIT INPUT FORM (For Site)

Sr. #	Parameter	Unit	Criteria	1st
1	Date	dd/mm/yy		27/03/2018
2	Time	hh:mm		
3	Location/ Tag	-		
4	Pump ( Maker/ Rating/ Type)	-		KSB/ ( ) / Mixed.
5	Motor ( Maker/ Rating)	kw		ABB ( )
6	Discharge Pressure (p <sub>d</sub> )	bar	> 2 (WASA standard)	
7	Flow (Q)	m³/h	To Be -20% to +10% of Design Flow	
8	Dynamic Water Level (hpl)	m	according to design	
9	Static Water Level (hpl)	m	according to design	
10	Voltage (V)	Volt	±10% of rating	
11	Ampere (A)	Ampere	to be less than rated current	
12	Power Factor (Cos ø )	Nil	> 0.90	
13	Motor Input Power (P <sub>mi</sub> )	kW	according to design	
14	Speed (N)	RPM	> 1450~ (4 pole)	
15	Motor Vibration (Upper Bearing)	mm/s	< 5.1	
16	Motor Vibration (Lower Bearing)	mm/s	< 5.1	
17	Pump Vibration (Thrast Bearing)	mm/s	< 5.1	
18	Temperature (at Upper Bearing)	٥C	< (Ambient temp. +40) °C	
19	Temperature (at motor coil; center)	°C	< (Ambient temp. +40) °C	
20	Temperature (Lower Bearing)	٥С	< (Ambient temp. +40) °C	
21	Temperature (Pump Thrust Bearing)	٥С	< (Ambient temp. +40) °C	
22	Excessive water leakage from gland	-	No	

#### **ENERGY AUDIT REPORT**

Date: 11-12-2017 Pump Data Motor Data

Time: 10:25 am Make KSB Make ABB

Location: Tanki #3, Township Rated Discharge (Q) 3 cusecs rated KW 90
Static water Level (m): 45.1 Frequency 50 C/S

Sr. #	Parameter	Unit	Criteria	
1	Disch. Pressure (p <sub>d</sub> )	bar	> 2 (WASA standard)	1.0
2	Flow (Q)	m³/h	- 20% to +10% of Design Flow	315
3	Pumping Water Level (h <sub>pl</sub> )	m	according to design	49.5
4	Voltage (V)	Volt	±10% of rating	399
5	Ampere (A)	Amp	to be less than rated current	112.0
6	Power Factor (Cos ø )	Nil	> 0.90	0.99
7	Motor Input Power (P <sub>input</sub> )	KW	according to design	76.6
8	Speed (N)	RPM	> 1450~ (4 pole)	1482
9	Frict. Losses	m	Specified	1.72
10	Motor Efficiency ( $\acute{\eta}_m$ )	%	Specified	92.0
11	Pump Efficiency (ή <sub>Pump</sub> )	%	Calculated	76.0
12	Total Efficiency	%	Calculated	69.9
13	per m^3 consumption	kwh/m^3	< 0.35	0.24
14	Motor Vibration (Upper Bearing)	mm/s	< 5.1	3.4
15	Motor Vibration (Lower Bearing)	mm/s	< 5.1	1.4
16	Pump vibration (Thrust bearing)	mm/s	< 5.1	1.2
17	Temperature at (Upper Bearing)	°C	< (Ambient temp. +40) °C	33.6
18	Temperature at (Lower Bearing)	°C	< (Ambient temp. +40) °C	31.8

#### **FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATIONS**

# O & M of Electrical Equipment WSD 5231

#### Generators

#### Module 2







-WSD 5231, Med

# Agenda

- ✓ Introduction to generators
- ✓ Basic assembly design of generators
- ✓ Components of generator
- ✓ SOP's and Best Industry Practices
- ✓ Periodic Maintenance and record keeping
- ✓ Reliability based preventative maintenance.
- ✓ Troubleshooting for various failures



2

#### **Class Introduction**

- ✓ Importance of Generators in WASA operations
- ✓ What do we cover in this module?
- ✓ What to expect in this module?
- ✓ Goal and objectives of this module?



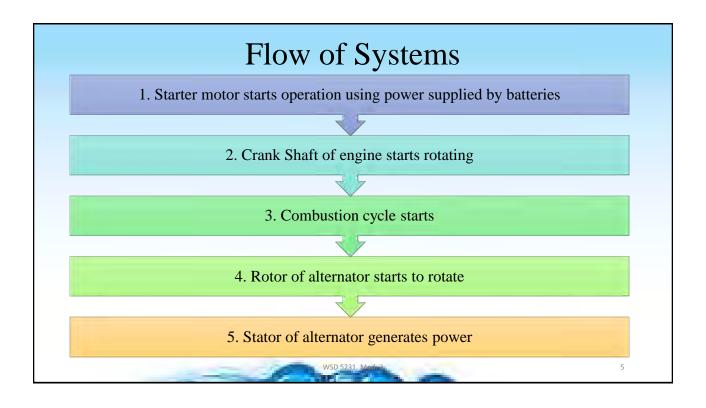
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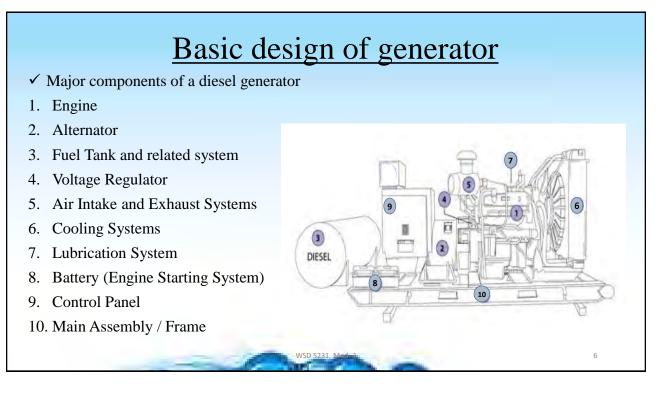
#### Introduction to Generators

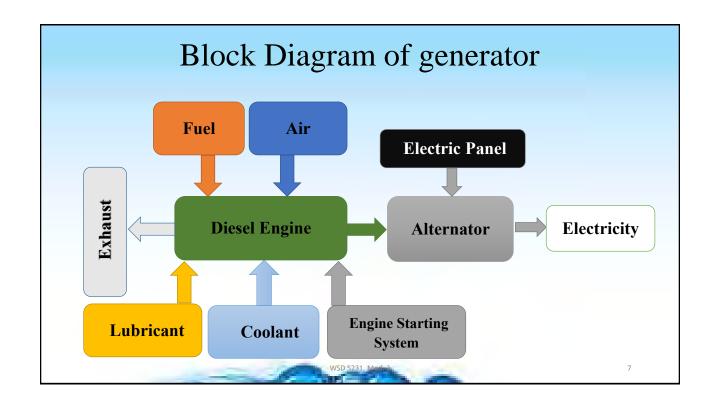
A generator is machinery that converts mechanical energy to electrical energy by electromagnetic action to generate electrical power

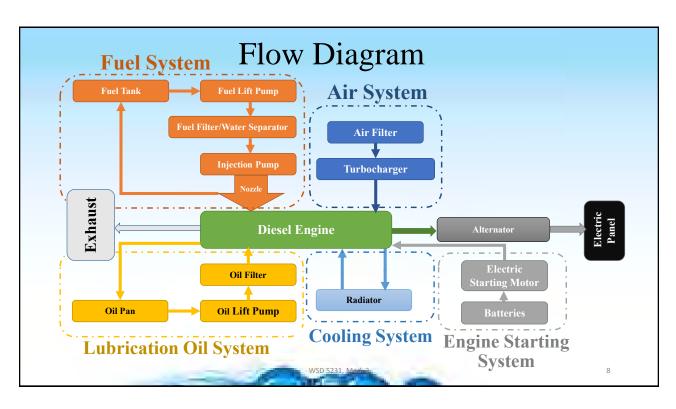
- ✓ Principle of Generator
- ✓ Frequency of the synchronous generator is determined according to the rate of rotation
- ✓ Basic components of Generator:
- 1. Diesel Engine
- 2. Alternator
- 3. Control Panel

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# 1.Engine

- ✓ The engine is the source of the input mechanical energy to the generator.
- ✓ The size of the engine is directly proportional to the maximum power output the generator can supply.
- ✓ Source of energy for the operation of Generator



Engine

.

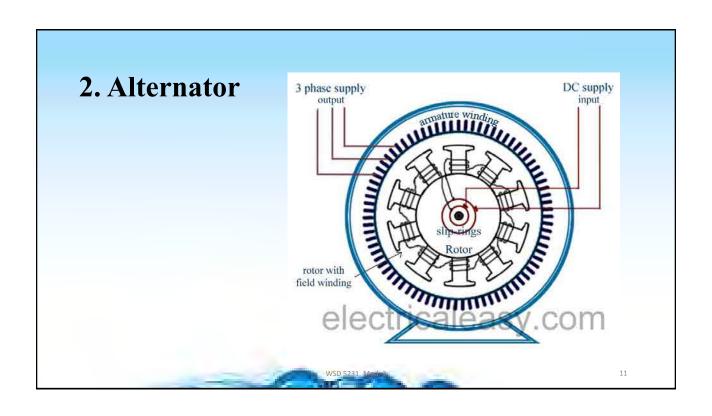
#### 2. Alternator

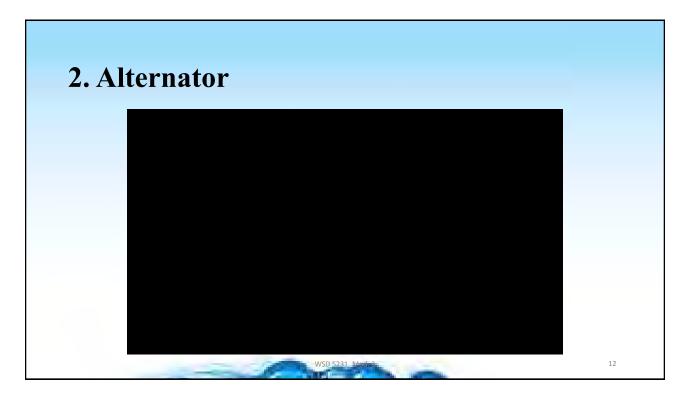
- ✓ The alternator is the mechanical equipment that produces electrical output from the mechanical input supplied by the engine.
- ✓ It is coupled to the diesel engine through a drive shaft.

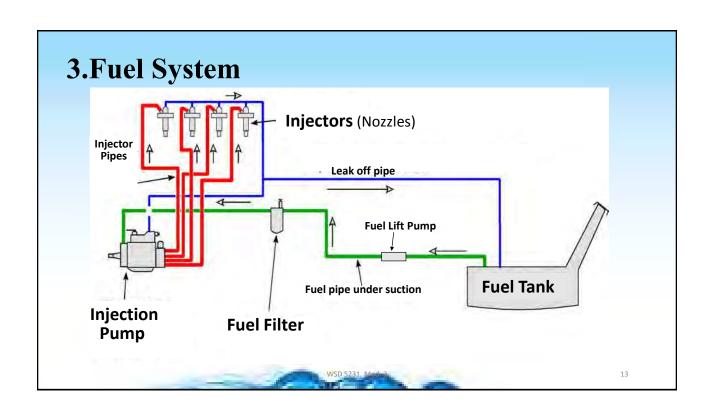


Alternator

10







Fuel Tank	Fuel Lift Pump	Fuel Filter
		Grades opposite the state of th
Store enough fuel for combustion.	Lift the fuel from the fuel tank	Remove any solid particle in fuel

# Components of Fuel System

Fuel Water Separator Injection Pump Nozzle

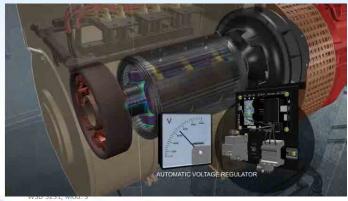
Separate and remove water from the fuel Inject fuel through nozzles at certain pressure Inject fuel through separate in small particle form

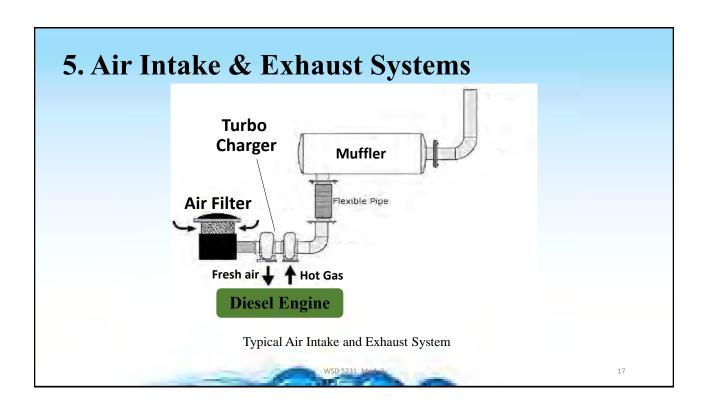
## 4. Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR)

AVR function is to control the magnetic

field of the generator such that the output

voltage will be constant.







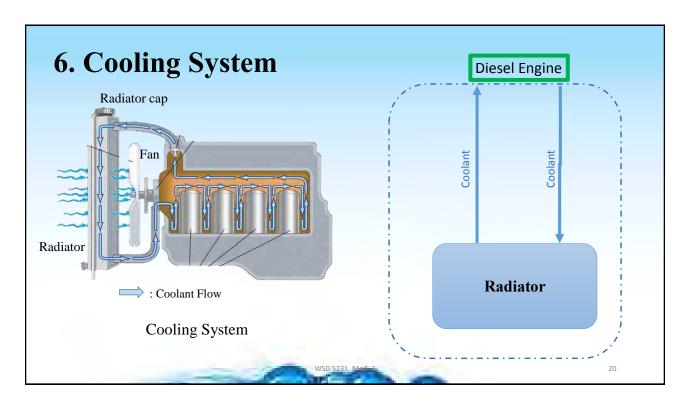
# 6. Cooling System

#### **Function:**

This system maintains the temperature of the engine assembly by introducing coolant into cooling channels. After completing the cycle coolant temperature increases which is then passed through radiator to radiate heat.

#### Components:

- 1. Radiator/ Charge air cooler
- 2. Thermostat

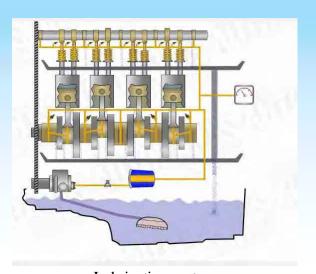


# Components of Cooling System



## 7. Lubricating System

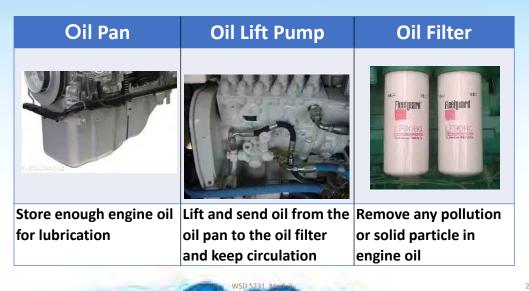
- ✓ Generator comprises moving parts in it's engine, So lubrication is required for long lasting operation.
- ✓ The generator's engine is lubricated by oil stored in an oil pan.



Lubrication system

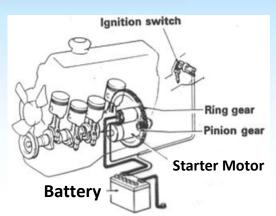
22

# Components of Lubricating System



# 8. Engine Starting System

- ✓ The start function of a generator is battery-operated.
- ✓ The engine needs initial rotating power to start combustion cycle so that starting motor provides the power by consuming battery DC power
- ✓ Battery is charged by DC alternator during generator operation



# Components of Fuel System

Battery

Starter Motor

Alternator For Battery Charge

Provide starting current to the starter motor

Start rotation of engine from the rest position

WSD 5231, Moto

Alternator For Battery Charge

Generate power and charge the battery by utilizing engine rotation

#### 9. Control Panel

- ✓ This is the user interface of the generator and contains provisions for electrical outlets and controls.
- ✓ Electric start and shut-down
- ✓ Engine gauges
- ✓ Generator gauges
- ✓ Alarm monitoring
- ✓ Data logging
- ✓ Other controls



Electrical Control panel

(CD E221 M

# Components of Electrical System

# Alternator (Main) Electrical Panel Cables Provide main alternative power supply Monitor and control the system through sensors and provide electrical energy with protection Provide electrical component

#### 10. Main Assembly / Frame

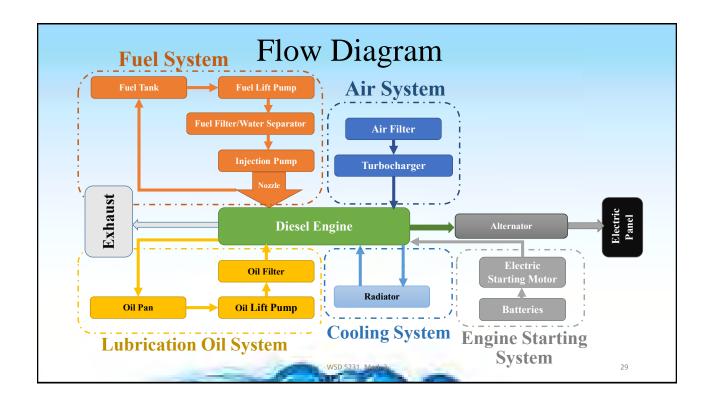
- ✓ All generators, portable or stationary, have customized housings that provide a structural base support.
- ✓ The frame also allows for the generated to be earthed for safety.

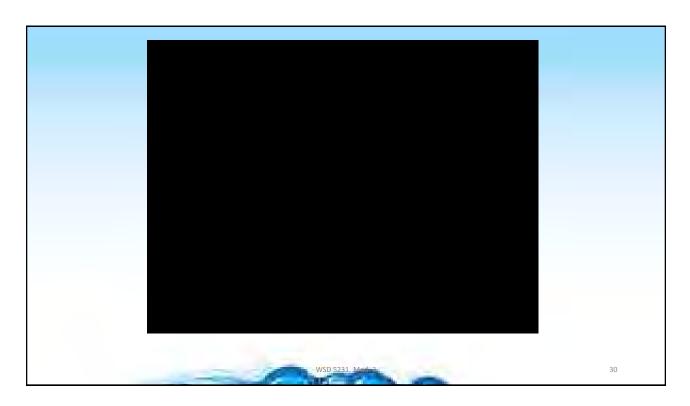




Main frame of Diesel Generator

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# Capacity Calculations

- No specific or standard sizing solution is available.
- Highly depends upon the site conditions and running loads.
- Some manufacturers provide guide to estimate the required generator sizes.

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# **Capacity Calculations**

#### Following steps are required to calculate required size of the generator:

Step 1: Calculate the power of all non-motor loads

**Step 2:** Calculate starting power of the largest motor and running power of

all other motors.

**Step 3:** Add all motor's running load and starting load of the largest motor

**Step 4:** Add non motor loads into the value of step 3

Step 5: Select Generator's rating of at least 125% of the final answer of

step 4

# **Standard Operation Procedure** for Generator

Standby Diesel Generators

Changeover Switch

WAPDA Line
(11kV, 3phases)

Figure 1

Changeover Switch

Changeover Switch

Figure 2

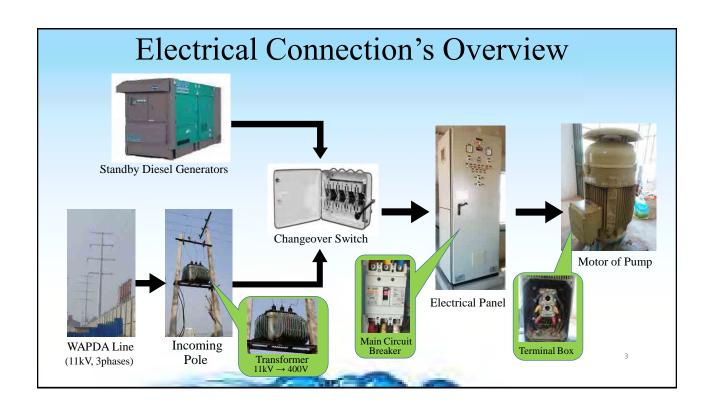
Changeover Switch

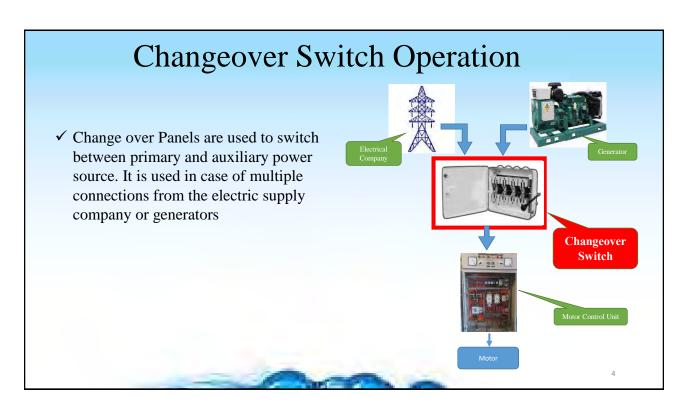
Changeover Switch

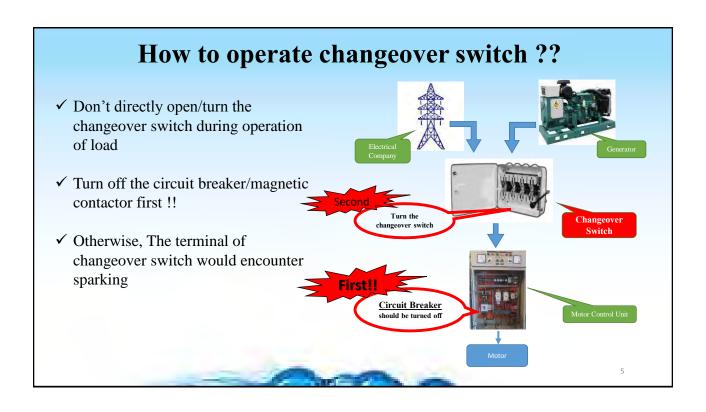
Figure 2

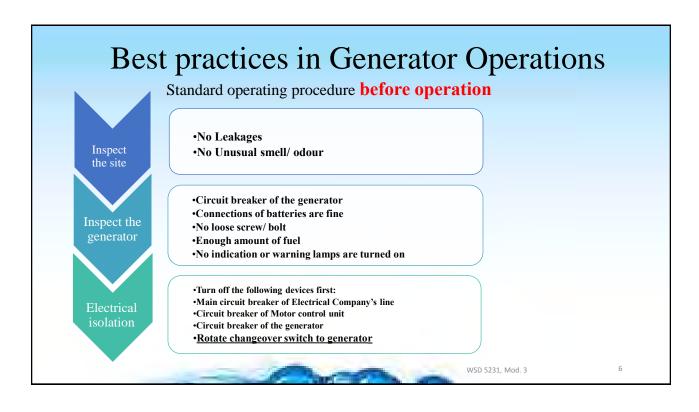
Changeover Switch

And to rof Pump









# Best practices in Generator Operations

Start and Observe

Connect the generator

Observe the operation

Standard operating procedure during operation

- •Turn on the Main Circuit Breaker of the Generator
- Start the generator
- •The sound of generator should be normal
- •Examine the frequency and voltages
- •Wait for 30-40 seconds till confirming voltage and frequency get stable enough
- •Turn on the circuit breaker of the motor control unit
- •Sound should be normal
- •No leakages of air, gas and oil from expected parts

WSD 5231, Mod. 3

-

# Parameters To Be Cared For Before Operation

1. Circuit Breaker Off

2. Fuel Level

3. Battery water Level

4. Oil Level









# Parameters To Be Cared For Before Operation





# Parameters To Be Cared For <a href="During Operation">During Operation</a>

5. Earth Leakage

6. Gas, Air, Oil Leakage, Vibrations/ Abnormal noise



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1

# Preventative Maintenance & Record Keeping

WSD 5231, N

# **Preventive Maintenance**

- ✓ Reduce uncomfortable operation for main components and increase the lifetime of facility
- ✓ Tracking data indicates latent failures in the early stage before it leads to a breakdown
- ✓ Fault detection in the early stage contributes to sustainable water supply service

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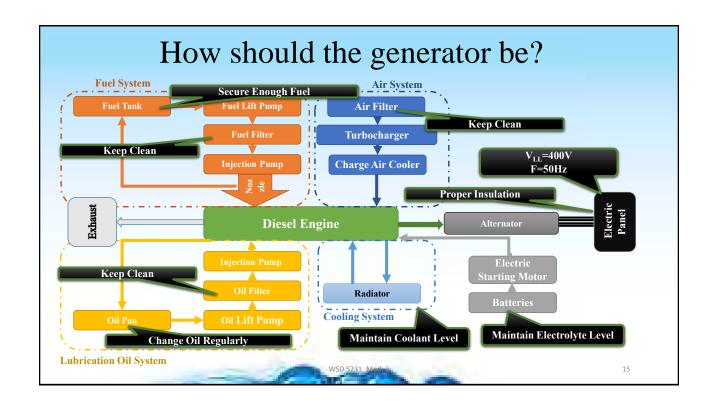
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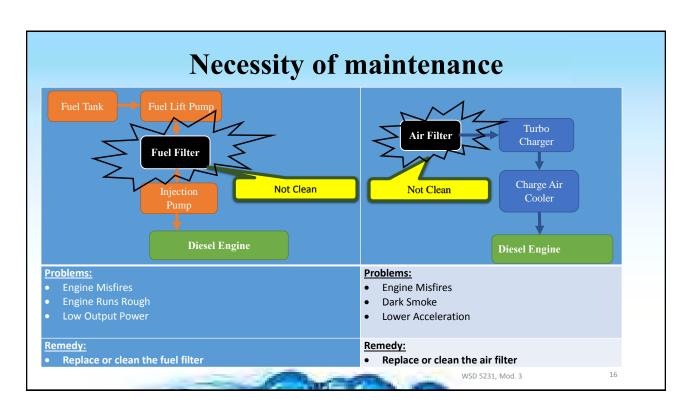
# **Necessity of Maintenance**

An early warning is generated by the generator before the occurrence of many failure. One should keep special intension to the device during operation, maintenance and regular inspection to avoid major problems. Some of the problem which can be observed during the operation of the device are:

- a. Engine misfire
- b. Vibration
- c. Unusual engine noise
- d. Sudden changes in engine operating temperatures
- e. Excessive smoke
- f. Increase in oil consumption
- g. Increase in fuel consumption

WSD 5231, Mod. 3

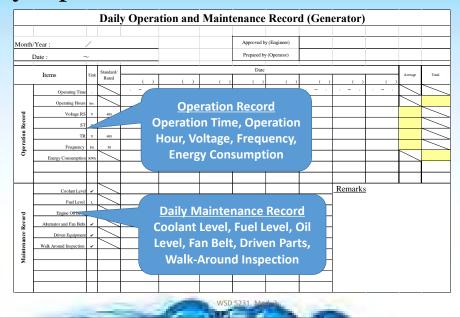




	Daily	and Perio		ntenance	Sheet		L.						
Sr. No.	Achivitica		Serv	ice Type		Last Activity	Year Month						
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Activities	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	6 Months	Date	$\vdash$	_	- 7	4 5			
1	Visual Inspection	•											
2	Check Coolant Level	•											
3	Check Oil Level	•											
4	Check Fuel Level	•											
5	Check Charge Air Piping	•											
6	Check and Clean Air Cleaner		•										
7	Check Battery Charger		•										
8	Drain Fuel Filter		•										
9	Drain Water From Fuel Tank		•										
10	Check Coolant Concentration			•									
11	Check Drive Belt Tension			•									
12	Drain Exhaust Condensate			•			П			П			
13	Check Starting Batteries			•									
14	Change Oil and Filter				•								
15	Change Coolant Filter				•								
16	Clean Crankcase Breather				•					П			
17	Change Air Cleaner Element				•								
18	Check Radiator Hoses				•								
19	Change Fuel Filters				•								
20	Clean Cooling System				•								

ITEM	Daily	50 Hrs.	300 Hrs.	1000 Hrs.	2000 Hrs.
Inspect, adjust or replace alternator or fan		ms	ms	ms	ms
helt					
Check cooling system coolant level					
~ -					
Check driven equipment					
Inspect engine air cleaner service indicator					
Check engine oil level					
Drain fuel system primary filter/water separator					
Walk around inspection					
Drain tank water and sediment					
Check battery electrolyte level					
Clean/replace engine air cleaner element					
Inspect/clean engine ground					
Change engine oil and filter					
Replace water separator element					
Replace fuel system secondary filter					
Inspect/replace hoses and clamps					
Inspect/adjust engine valve lash					
Inspect aftercooler core					
Inspect alternator					
Inspect engine mounts					
Inspect starting motor					
Inspect turbocharger					
Inspect water pump					
Inspect water pump	1, Med. 2				

# Daily Operation & Maintenance Record



# Daily Maintenance Checks

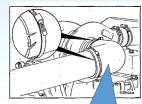
# • Electric panel

Electric and control panel must be inspect before operation. There must be no spark or smell etc. In case of spark or smell, check the connections of the devices and rectify the problem immediately.

## · Air intake piping

Visual inspect:

- Intake piping wear points
- Damages to piping
- Loose clamps or punctures that can damage the engine Replace damaged pipe and tighten loose clamps, as necessary, to prevent the air system from leaking.





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# Daily Maintenance Checks

# **Walk-around inspection**

To look for any...

- Leaks
- Damaged Parts
- Worn of Damaged belts
- Any change in engine appearance
- Odor of fuel



# Daily Maintenance Checks

• Maintenance check

Visually inspect piping points for wear points and damage, loose clamps or punctures.

Replace damage piping and replace loose clamps.





# Daily Maintenance Checks

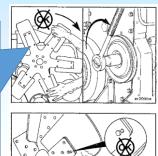
## **Cooling fan**

- ✓ A visual inspection is required daily.

  Check for cracks, loose rivets, bent or loose blades.

  Check the fan if it is securely mounted.
- ✓ Do not rotate the engine by pulling or prying on the fan. Use the accessory driveshaft or the crankshaft barring tool to rotate the crank shaft.





2

## **Cooling System**

✓ The charge-air cooler piping and hoses should be inspected regularly for leaks, holes, cracks, or loose connections. Tighten the hose clamps as necessary. In addition, inspect the charge-air cooler for dirt and debris that may be blocking the fins. Check for cracks, holes, or other damage.



2/1

# **Cooling System**

• Inspect for Reuse

Visually inspection is required to check for cracks, loose rivets and bent or loose blades.

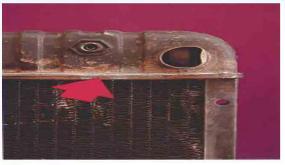
Do not rotate the engine by pulling or prying on the fan. Fan blades can be damaged causing the fan to fail and cause personal injury.



## **Daily Maintenance Checks**

- ✓ External coolant leaks
- ✓ Belt condition-cracked or loose
- ✓ Block heater on constantly or leaking
- ✓ Hoses leaking, soft, brittle, bulging
- ✓ Radiator Leaking, plugged, broken fan shroud





# Daily Maintenance Checks

## **Engine coolant level**

- ✓ Do not remove the pressure cap from the hot generator. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50 °C before removing the pressure cap.
- ✓ To add coolant, the ratio of coolant and anti-freeze must be according to the recommended weather conditions.





2

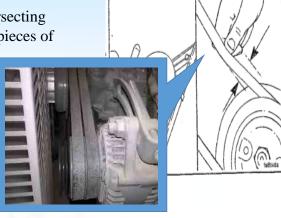
# Daily Maintenance Checks

# **Drive belts**

Inspect the belt daily. Check the belt for intersecting cracks. Replace the belt if it is frayed or has pieces of material missing.

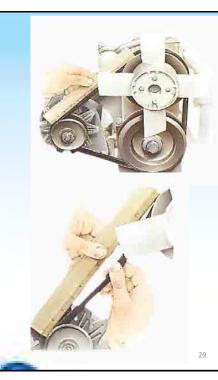
Belt damage can be caused by:

- •Incorrect tension, size or length
- •Pulley misalignment
- •Severe operating environment
- •Oil or grease on the side of the belt
- •Aging degradation



# Checking the belt tension

- Use a ruler to find the midway point on the belt's longest run between pulleys. Hold the belt between finger and thumb at this point and move it from side to side.
- See how much it deflects at the center of the run.
- If it moves more than 1/2 in. (13 mm) it is too slack any less movement and it is too tight. Check the exact deflection recommended in the car handbook.



WSD 5231, IV

**Fuel System Check** 

- ✓ With the generator set operating, inspect the fuel supply lines, return lines, filters, and fittings for cracks or abrasions.
- ✓ Make sure the lines are not rubbing against anything that could cause an eventual failure.
- ✓ Repair any leaks or alter line routing to eliminate wear immediately.



Fuel System

VSD 5231, Mod

# Daily Maintenance Checks

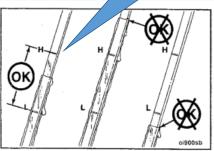
## **Engine lubrication oil level**

- ✓ The engine must be level to check the lubrication oil level.
- ✓ Shut off the engine for an accurate reading.

  Wait at least 15 minutes after shutting off the engine to check the oil level.

  This allows oil the time to drain into the oil pan.





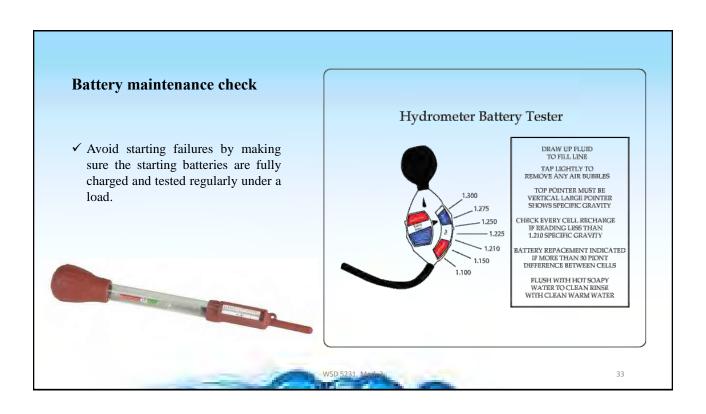
3

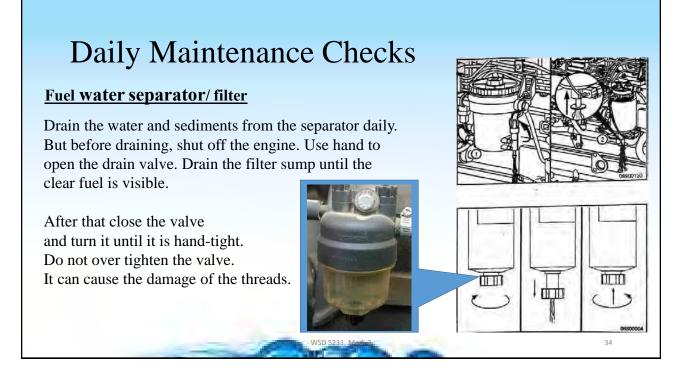
#### DC Electrical- Areas of concern

*DC electrical system*: Check the terminals on the starting batteries to make sure the connections are clean and tight. Loose or corroded connections create resistance, which can hinder starting.

- 1. Battery Charger voltage and amperage
- 2. Condition of batteries-Change every 24-36mths
- 3. Wiring connections
- 4. D/C Alternator Belts, connections







# **Engine Operation Report**

# Report any of the following issues:

- Low lubrication oil pressure
- Low Power
- Power increases or Engine surge
- Erratic or no accelerator response or control
- Warning lights
- Unusual Engine noise
- Excessive Smoke





# **O&M Manual & Specification**

WSD 5231, Mod. 3

# Introduction of manufacturer's O&M manual

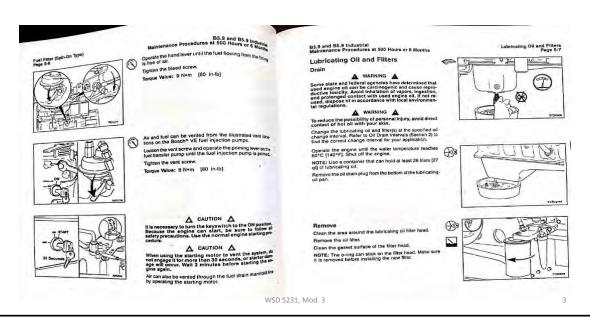
Depending upon the power rating, design and manufacturer, different generators may have different flow of maintenance. So O&M manual of each device must always be available at the site.

You have to keep
O&M Manual of
YOUR Generator
with you



WSD 5231, Mod. 3

# Introduction of manufacturer's O&M manual



# **Specifications**

Example: Generator at Aljazari Academy

Output Ratings	Prime	Standby
380-415 V, 3 ph, 50 Hz, 1500 rpm	60 KVA	66 KVA
ese wis the bill section (see that	48 KW	53 KW



WSD 5231, Mod. 3

# Specifications

Make	Stamford
Model	UC224E
No. of bearings	1
Insulation class	Н
Total Harmonic Content	at no load <3% - on load <2%
Wires	12
Ingress Protection	IP23
Excitation System	SHUNT
Winding Pitch	2/3 (wdg 6)
AVR Model	R220
Overspeed	2250 mn <sup>-1</sup>
Voltage Regulation (steady)	± 0.5%
Short Circuit Capacity	¥:

CONTROLPAN	NEL.
Make	Deep Sea
Model	7120

The **DSE7120** is an Auto Start Control Module for single genset applications. It includes a backlit LCD display which clearly shows the status of the engine all the times. This module can either be programmed using the front panel or by using the DSE configuration suite PC software.

#### **Metering and Alarm indications:**

- Generator frequency
- · Underspeed, Overspeed
- Generator volts (L-L, L-N)
- Generator current
- Engine oil pressure
- · Engine coolant temperature
- Fuel level (Warning or shutdown) Optional
- · Hours run counter
- Battery volts
- Fail to start/stop
- Emergency stop
- · Failed to reach loading voltage/frequency
- Charge fail
- Loss of magnetic pick-up signal Optional
- Low DC voltage
- · CAN diagnostics and CAN fail/error

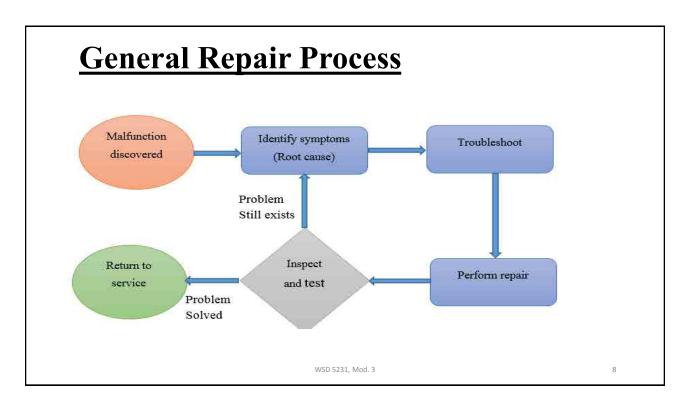
WSD 5231, Mod. 3

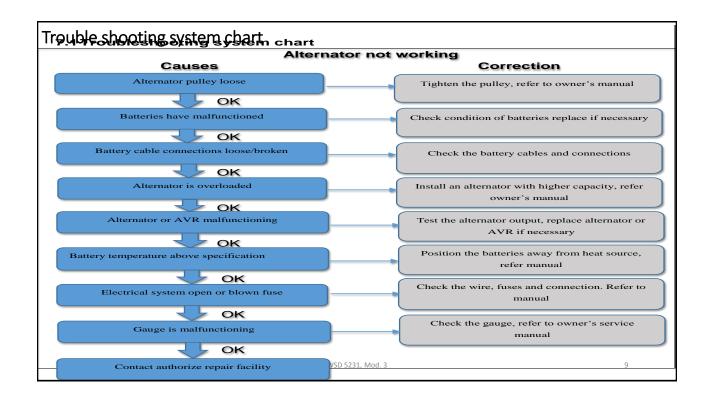
**Specifications** 

			Ratin	gs at 0.8 Power Fac								
Engine Make		Per	kins									
Engine Model		1103A-	33TG2									
Governing Type	iviecnanicai											
Number of Cylinders		3	3									
Cylinder Arrangement		Vertical in line										
Bore and Stroke mm		105 >	127									
Displacement / Cubic Capacity litres		3.	3									
Induction System		Turboc	harged									
Cycle		4 str	roke									
Combustion System	Direct Injection											
Compression Ratio		17.2	25:1									
Rotation	Ant	i-clockwise, vie	wed from flyw	heel								
Cooling System		Water -	cooled									
Frequency and Engine Speed	50Hz &	1500rpm	60Hz &	1800rpm								
	Prime	Standby	Prime	Standby								
Gross Engine Power kW (hp)	55 (73.8)	60.5 (81.1)	63.3 (84.9)	69.6 (93.3								
Fuel Consumption @ 50% load L/hr	7.2		8.8									
@ 75% load L/hr	10.4	-	12.5									
@ 100% load L/hr	13.9	15.4	16.6	18.2								
Total Lubrication System Capacity litres	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9								
Total Coolant Capacity (inc. radiator) litres	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2								
Exhaust Temperature: °C	557	571	534	564								
Radiator Cooling Air Flow (Min): m3/sec	1.48	1.48	1.85	1.85								
Combustion Air Flow: m3/min	3.8	3.9	4.7	4.9								
Exhaust Gas Flow: m3/min	10.1	10.4	11.8	12.5								
Fuel Tank Capacity: litres	87	87	87	87								

# **Troubleshooting**

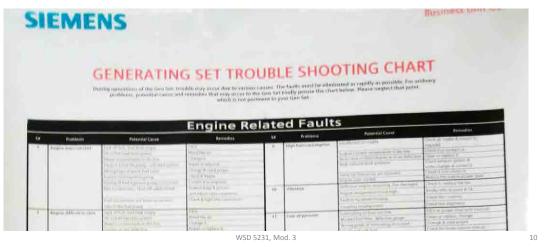
WSD 5231, Mod. 3





# **Possible Fault Situation**

Many faults can be occurred due to over use of generators, in addition to the user manual, troubleshooting charts are also provided by the manufacturer i.e. M/S Siemens for guidance in possible fault situation.



# Possible Fault Situation

Engine Relate Faults											
Sr. #	Problem	Potential Cause	Remedies								
		Lack of fuel., Fuel tank empty	Fill it								
		Air in fuel injection system	Bleed the air								
		Check Battery with Multi-meter	Replace or Charge battery								
		Water contaminants in the fuel	Change it								
1	Engine does not start	Fault in the fuel lift pump, cold stat system	Repair and adjust it								
		Wrong type of grade fuel used	Change & use proper								
		Fault in fuel injection pump	Check & repair								
		Timing of fuel injection pump is incorrect	Correct is as required								
		Bad compression, Shut-off valve closed	Inspect rings & pistons and adjust								
		Bad compression, Shar-on valve closed	valve clearances								
		Fuel connections are loose on suction side of the fuel pump	Check & tight the connections								
		Lack of fuel., Fuel tank empty	Fill it								
		Air in fuel injection system	Bleed the air								
		Water contaminants in the fuel	Change it								
2	Engine difficult to start	Starter motor defective	Repair or replace it								
		Restriction in filter/ cleaner or in air induction system	clean or replace it								
		Restriction in fuel vent	Remove & clean								
		Restriction in exhaust pipe	Remove & clean exhaust system								

# Possible Fault Situation

	Alter	nator Related Faults	
Sr. #	Problem	Potential Cause	Remedies
1 1	If Generator voltage below 400V & not adjustable via potentiometer	Drive speed too low	Check speed control of drive engine
		Voltage regulator defective	Replace voltage
,	Consented with the standard (see Jacob the s 100V)	Interuption of excitor circuit	Tighten connections according to connection diagram
2	Generator voltage too low (say less than 100V)	Surge supressor faulty	Replace the supressor
		Rotating rectifier faulty	Repair the diaodes of the rectifier
٠,	If Generator voltage above 450 V & not	Drive spped too high	Check engine speed and adjust it to 1500 rpm
3	adjustable via potentiometer	Interruption of reference valve of AVR	Check AVR Connections
		Voltange regulator defective	Replace voltage regulator

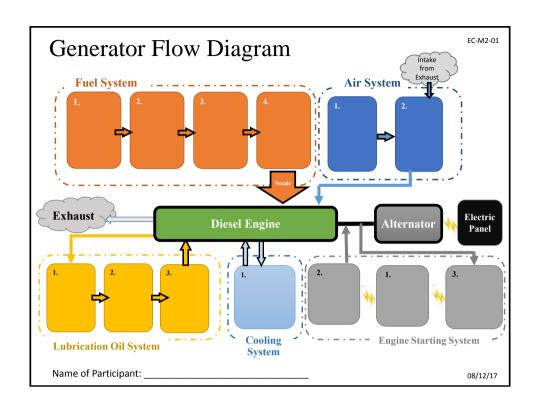
WSD 5231, Mod. 3

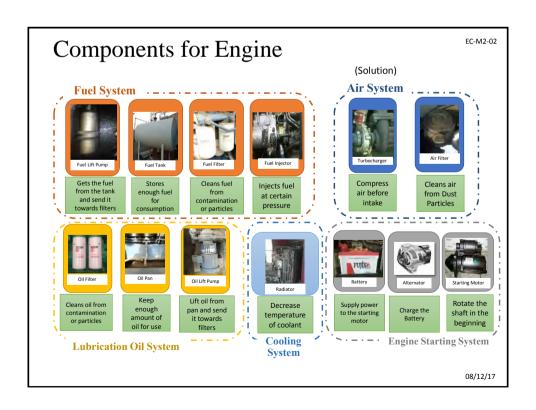
# Wrap-up

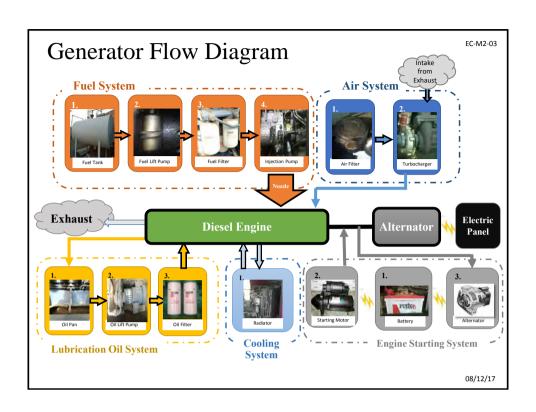
- Things to take home...
- Generators drive your Operation.
- Always do a root cause analysis
- Repair is not preventive maintenance
- Keep records, always !!!



WSD 5231, Mod. 3







# Maintenance Interval Schedule

(Sample for Practice)

# Daily

- · Alternator and Fan Belts Inspect/Adjust/Replace
- · Cooling System Coolant Level Check
- Driven Equipment Check
- · Engine Oil Level Check
- Fuel System Primary Filter/Water Separator Drain
- · Walk Around Inspection

#### Every 50 Service Hours or Weekly

· Fuel Tank Water and Sediment - Drain

## Every 500 Service Hours or 1 Year

- Battery Electrolyte Condition & Level Check
- · Engine Air Cleaner Element Clean/Replace
- · Engine Oil and Filter Change
- · Fuel System Filter Element Replace
- · Hoses and Clamps Inspect/Replace

# Every 1000 Service Hours or 1 Year

• Engine Valve Lash – Inspect/Adjust

# Every 2000 Service Hours or 1 Year

- Alternator Inspect
- Engine Mounts Inspect
- · Starting Motor Inspect

# Every 2 Year

· Cooling System Coolant - Change

# Generaotr Annual Maintenace Plan (Sample) -Year 2017-

Legend: Plan "•", Done "✓"

#### First Setting for Trial Activity

Average Operation Time per day	5	hours/day
Average Operation Time per month (*30days)	150	hours/month

<sup>※</sup>Days for each month are considered as 30days for ease.

	2017						2018					
Item	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV
Operation Hours of the Month	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Total Operation Hours	150	300	450	600	750	900	1050	1200	1350	1500	1650	1800

ll a sa	Required maintenance	Durado at tacha a sa sa sa sa sa	С	DEC		JA	N	F	EB	N	1AR	А	PR	N	IAY	J	UN	J	UL	А	UG	S	EP	0	СТ	N(	OV
Item	cycle	Product to be required	Plan	Do	ne Pl	lan	Done	Plan	Don	e Plar	Don	e Plan	Done	Plan	Done	Plar	Done	Plan	Done								
Fuel Tank Water and Sediment Drain	Every <u>50</u> hours	None	•			•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•	
Battery Electrolyte Level – Check	Every 500 hours	Electrolyte								•																	
Engine Air Cleaner Element – Clean/Replace	Every <u>500</u> hours	Air Cleaner Element								•																	
Engine Oil and Filter – Change	Every <u>500</u> hours	Engine Oil Filter								•																	
Fuel System Filter Element - Replace	Every <u>500</u> hours	Fuel Filter								•																	
Hoses and Clamps – Inspect/Replace	Every <u>500</u> hours	Hoses, Clamps								•																	
Engine Valve Lash – Inspect/Adjust	Every <u>1000</u> hours															•											
Alternator – Inspect	Every 2000 hours																										
Engine Mounts – Inspect	Every 2000 hours																										
Starting Motor – Inspect	Every 2000 hours																										
Cooling System Coolant – Change	Every 2 Years																										

12/08/2017

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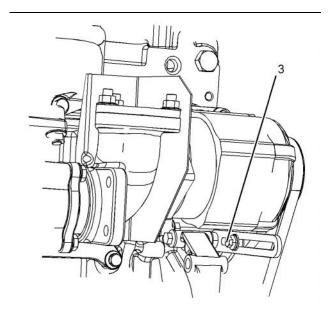


Illustration 31

g03716558

2. loosen the link bolt (3). Move the alternator in order to increase or decrease the belt tension. Tighten the alternator pivot bolt and the link bolt to 22 N·m (16 lb ft).(1).

## Replacement

Refer to the Disassembly and Assembly Manual for the installation procedure and the removal procedure for the belt.

i02322315

# **Battery - Replace**

# **⚠** WARNING

Batteries give off combustible gases which can explode. A spark can cause the combustible gases to ignite. This can result in severe personal injury or death.

Ensure proper ventilation for batteries that are in an enclosure. Follow the proper procedures in order to help prevent electrical arcs and/or sparks near batteries. Do not smoke when batteries are serviced.

#### **⚠** WARNING

The battery cables or the batteries should not be removed with the battery cover in place. The battery cover should be removed before any servicing is attempted.

Removing the battery cables or the batteries with the cover in place may cause a battery explosion resulting in personal injury.

- 1. Switch the engine to the OFF position. Remove all electrical loads.
- 2. Turn off any battery chargers. Disconnect any battery chargers.
- 3. The NEGATIVE "-" cable connects the NEGATIVE "-" battery terminal to the NEGATIVE "-" terminal on the starting motor. Disconnect the cable from the NEGATIVE "-" battery terminal.
- 4. The POSITIVE "+" cable connects the POSITIVE "+" battery terminal to the POSITIVE "+" terminal on the starting motor. Disconnect the cable from the POSITIVE "+" battery terminal.

Note: Always recycle a battery. Never discard a battery. Dispose of used batteries to an appropriate recycling facility.

- 5. Remove the used battery.
- 6. Install the new battery.

Note: Before the cables are connected, ensure that the engine start switch is OFF.

- 7. Connect the cable from the starting motor to the POSITIVE "+" battery terminal.
- 8. Connect the NEGATIVE "-" cable to the NEGATIVE "-" battery terminal.

i02747977

# **Battery Electrolyte Level -**Check

When the engine is not run for long periods of time or when the engine is run for short periods, the batteries may not fully recharge. Ensure a full charge in order to help prevent the battery from freezing. If batteries are correctly charged, the ammeter reading should be very near zero, when the engine is in operation.

8-12-17 Page 1 of 5

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Battery or Battery Cable - Disconnect

#### WARNING

All lead-acid batteries contain sulfuric acid which can burn the skin and clothing. Always wear a face shield and protective clothing when working on or near batteries.

1. Remove the filler caps. Maintain the electrolyte level to the "FULL" mark on the battery.

If the addition of water is necessary, use distilled water. If distilled water is not available use clean water that is low in minerals. Do not use artificially softened water.

- 2. Check the condition of the electrolyte with a suitable battery tester.
- 3. Install the caps.
- 4. Keep the batteries clean.

Clean the battery case with one of the following cleaning solutions:

- Use a solution of 0.1 kg (0.2 lb) baking soda and 1 L (1 qt) of clean water.
- · Use a solution of ammonium hydroxide.

Thoroughly rinse the battery case with clean water.

i02323088

# **Battery or Battery Cable -**Disconnect

#### **WARNING**

The battery cables or the batteries should not be removed with the battery cover in place. The battery cover should be removed before any servicing is attempted.

Removing the battery cables or the batteries with the cover in place may cause a battery explosion resulting in personal injury.

- **1.** Turn the start switch to the OFF position. Turn the ignition switch (if equipped) to the OFF position and remove the key and all electrical loads.
- 2. Disconnect the negative battery terminal. Ensure that the cable cannot contact the terminal. When four 12 volt batteries are involved, two negative connection must be disconnected.
- 3. Remove the positive connection.

- 4. Clean all disconnected connection and battery terminals.
- 5. Use a fine grade of sandpaper to clean the terminals and the cable clamps. Clean the items until the surfaces are bright or shiny. DO NOT remove material excessively. Excessive removal of material can cause the clamps to not fit correctly. Coat the clamps and the terminals with a suitable silicone lubricant or petroleum jelly.
- 6. Tape the cable connections in order to help prevent accidental starting.
- 7. Proceed with necessary system repairs.
- 8. In order to connect the battery, connect the positive connection before the negative connector.

i05901701

# Cooling System Coolant (Commercial Heavy-Duty) -Change

#### NOTICE

Care must be taken to ensure that fluids are contained during performance of inspection, maintenance, testing, adjusting and repair of the product. Be prepared to collect the fluid with suitable containers before opening any compartment or disassembling any component containing fluids.

Dispose of all fluids according to Local regulations and mandates.

#### NOTICE

Keep all parts clean from contaminants.

Contaminants may cause rapid wear and shortened component life.

Clean the cooling system and flush the cooling system before the recommended maintenance interval if the following conditions exist:

- The engine overheats frequently.
- Foaming is observed.
- The oil has entered the cooling system and the coolant is contaminated.
- The fuel has entered the cooling system and the coolant is contaminated.

#### Engine Air Cleaner Element (Dual Element) - Clean/Replace

#### Cleaning the Primary Air Cleaner Elements

#### **NOTICE**

Observe the following guidelines if you attempt to clean the filter element:

Do not tap or strike the filter element in order to remove dust.

Do not wash the filter element.

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Use low pressure compressed air in order to remove the dust from the filter element. Air pressure must not exceed 207 kPa (30 psi). Direct the air flow up the pleats and down the pleats from the inside of the filter element. Take extreme care in order to avoid damage to the pleats.

Do not use air filters with damaged pleats, gaskets, or seals. Dirt entering the engine will cause damage to engine components.

Refer to the OEM information in order to determine the number of times that the primary filter element can be cleaned. When the primary air cleaner element is cleaned, check for rips or tears in the filter material. The primary air cleaner element should be replaced at least one time per year. This replacement should be performed regardless of the number of cleanings.

#### **NOTICE**

Do not clean the air cleaner elements by bumping or tapping. This could damage the seals. Do not use elements with damaged pleats, gaskets or seals. Damaged elements will allow dirt to pass through. Engine damage could result.

Visually inspect the primary air cleaner elements before cleaning. Inspect the air cleaner elements for damage to the seal, the gaskets, and the outer cover. Discard any damaged air cleaner elements.

There are two common methods that are used to clean primary air cleaner elements:

- Pressurized air
- · Vacuum cleaning

#### **Pressurized Air**

Pressurized air can be used to clean primary air cleaner elements that have not been cleaned more than two times. Pressurized air will not remove deposits of carbon and oil. Use filtered, dry air with a maximum pressure of 207 kPa (30 psi).

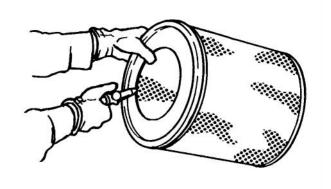


Illustration 38

g00281692

**Note:** When the primary air cleaner elements are cleaned, always begin with the clean side (inside) in order to force dirt particles toward the dirty side (outside).

Aim the hose so that the air flows inside the element along the length of the filter in order to help prevent damage to the paper pleats. Do not aim the stream of air directly at the primary air cleaner element. Dirt could be forced further into the pleats.

**Note:** Refer to "Inspecting the Primary Air Cleaner Elements".

#### Vacuum Cleaning

Vacuum cleaning is a good method for cleaning primary air cleaner elements which require daily cleaning because of a dry, dusty environment. Cleaning with pressurized air is recommended prior to vacuum cleaning. Vacuum cleaning will not remove deposits of carbon and oil.

**Note:** Refer to "Inspecting the Primary Air Cleaner Elements".

Refill Capacities

#### **Inspecting the Primary Air Cleaner Elements**

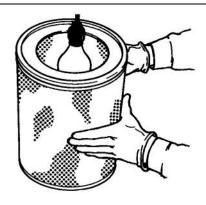


Illustration 39

g00281693

Inspect the clean, dry primary air cleaner element. Use a 60 watt blue light in a dark room or in a similar facility. Place the blue light in the primary air cleaner element. Rotate the primary air cleaner element. Inspect the primary air cleaner element for tears and/ or holes. Inspect the primary air cleaner element for light that may show through the filter material. If it is necessary in order to confirm the result, compare the primary air cleaner element to a new primary air cleaner element that has the same part number.

Do not use a primary air cleaner element that has any tears and/or holes in the filter material. Do not use a primary air cleaner element with damaged pleats, gaskets or seals. Discard damaged primary air cleaner elements.

i02152042

# **Engine Air Cleaner Element** (Single Element) - Inspect/ Replace

Refer to Operation and Maintenance Manual, "Engine Air Cleaner Service Indicator-Inspect".

#### **NOTICE**

Never run the engine without an air cleaner element installed. Never run the engine with a damaged air cleaner element. Do not use air cleaner elements with damaged pleats, gaskets or seals. Dirt entering the engine causes premature wear and damage to engine components. Air cleaner elements help to prevent airborne debris from entering the air inlet.

#### NOTICE

Never service the air cleaner element with the engine running since this will allow dirt to enter the engine.

A wide variety of air cleaners may be installed for use with this engine. Consult the OEM information for the correct procedure to replace the air cleaner.

i01909507

# **Engine Air Cleaner Service Indicator - Inspect**

Some engines may be equipped with a different service indicator.

Some engines are equipped with a differential gauge for inlet air pressure. The differential gauge for inlet air pressure displays the difference in the pressure that is measured before the air cleaner element and the pressure that is measured after the air cleaner element. As the air cleaner element becomes dirty, the pressure differential rises. If your engine is equipped with a different type of service indicator, follow the OEM recommendations in order to service the air cleaner service indicator.

The service indicator may be mounted on the air cleaner element or in a remote location.

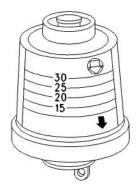


Illustration 40

g00103777

Typical service indicator

Observe the service indicator. The air cleaner element should be cleaned or the air cleaner element should be replaced when one of the following conditions occur:

- The yellow diaphragm enters the red zone.
- The red piston locks in the visible position.

#### Test the Service Indicator

Service indicators are important instruments.

66

- Check for ease of resetting. The service indicator should reset in less than three pushes.
- Check the movement of the yellow core when the engine is accelerated to the engine rated speed.
   The yellow core should latch approximately at the greatest vacuum that is attained.

If the service indicator does not reset easily, or if the yellow core does not latch at the greatest vacuum, the service indicator should be replaced. If the new service indicator will not reset, the hole for the service indicator may be restricted.

The service indicator may need to be replaced frequently in environments that are severely dusty.

i01941505

### **Engine Ground - Inspect/Clean**

Inspect the wiring harness for good connections.

Perkins use the starter motor in order to ground the engine. Check the connection on the starter motor at every oil change. Ground wires and straps should be combined at engine grounds. All grounds should be tight and free of corrosion.

- Clean the grounding stud on the starter motor and the terminals with a clean cloth.
- If the connections are corroded, clean the connections with a solution of baking soda and water.
- Keep the grounding stud and the strap clean and coated with suitable grease or petroleum jelly.

i02323089

### **Engine Mounts - Inspect**

**Note:** The engine mounts may not have been supplied by Perkins. Refer to the OEM information for further information on the engine mounts and the correct bolt torque.

Inspect the engine mounts for deterioration and for correct bolt torque. Engine vibration can be caused by the following conditions:

- Incorrect mounting of the engine
- · Deterioration of the engine mounts
- Loose engine mounts

Any engine mount that shows deterioration should be replaced. Refer to the OEM information for the recommended torques.

i05909059

### **Engine Oil Level - Check**

### **WARNING**

Hot oil and hot components can cause personal injury. Do not allow hot oil or hot components to contact the skin.

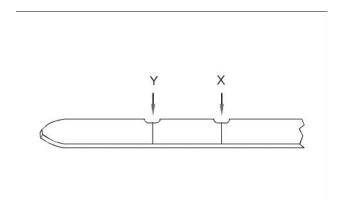


Illustration 41 g01165836 (Y) "Min" mark. (X) "Max" mark.

L H

Illustration 42 g02173847

(L) "Min" mark. (H) "Max" mark.

### NOTICE

Perform this maintenance with the engine stopped.

**Note:** Ensure that the engine is either level or that the engine is in the normal operating position in order to obtain a true level indication.

**Note:** After the engine has been switched OFF, wait for 10 minutes in order to allow the engine oil to drain to the oil pan. Then, check the oil level.

Name of Participant:
Q1: Write down the procedure of cleaning air cleaner element in your own words
Q2: Write down the procedure of checking electrolyte level and condition of battery in your own words





# Operations and Maintenance of Electrical Equipment

Application of 5S

2/22







**Quality Tool for Operational Excellence** 

### **Objectives of Application of 5S**

### \*Application of 5S for enhancing:

- Productivity
- Efficiency
- Quality
- Safety







3/30







Seiri (Sort) Distinguish between necessary and unnecessary items.

Seiton (Set in order)

Enforce the dictum 'a place for everything and everything in its place'.

Seiso (Shine)

Clean up the demarcated area.

Seiketsu

(Standardize)

Maintain and monitor adherence to the first three Ss.

Shitsuke (Sustain)

Follow the rule to keep the workplace 5S-right. Hold the gain.





# 5S – A Quality, Productivity, Efficiency and Safety Tool

- 5S is an approach to eliminate waste, organize work place to save time and effort to achieve operational efficiency.
- Implementation of 5S improves operational quality and efficiency.
- It enhances safety by reducing hazards, which may occur due to an unorganized work place.

5/22



# 1. Sort (Seiri)



- Necessary items are separated from unnecessary items and removed.
- Unnecessary items' accumulation makes it difficult to find and keep important items organized.
- Red tag campaign is conducted to evaluate items based on their usefulness and frequency of use.
- Items can include obsolete equipment and inventory, broken tools, scrap, old files, etc.
- Safety and productivity are improved as a result of an organized work place.



# 1. Sort (Seiri) For wavering items



- Place un-necessary items in the red tag area
- Allow course participants to re-evaluate the needed items
- At the end of evaluation, required items should be returned to proper area

PRIORITY	FREQUENCY OF USE	HOW TO USE
Low	Less than once per year Once per year	Discard Store away from the workplace
Average	Once per month Once per week	Store together
High	Once per day	Locate at the workplace

7/22



# 2. Set-in-order (Seiton)



- It involves setting of necessary items, which are always located in logically predetermined locations.
- Based on the inventory classification of the red tag campaign, items are placed in locations based on frequency of use.
- Frequently used items are placed at or near the work place.
- Infrequently used items are stored in store.
- Items in store would help employees save time, otherwise wasted in trying to locate scattered items.



# 3. Shine (Seiso)



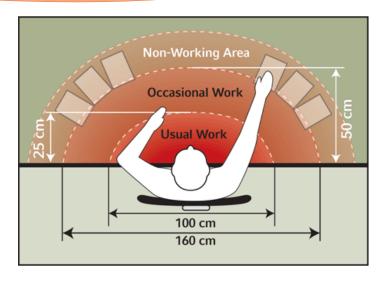
- It is a regular cleaning activity at and near the work area.
- Removing unnecessary stickers, posters, pictures and other items.
- During operations and maintenance ergonomically establishing the positions for tools and equipment.
- Continuously achieve better level of organized and efficient work place through brainstorming.

9/22



# 3. Shine (Seiso)







# 4. Standardize (Seiketsu)



- The goal of this step is to set a standard work place (organized)
- This is achieved by providing visual labels and signs
- Work place is marked and labeled so that organization is made simple and easy
- Organized and marked tool boards etc.

11/22



# 5. Sustain (Shitsuke)



- It involves developing habits to implement the 5S philosophy on an ongoing basis.
- If 5S is to be successful, a regular appraisal of the electrical panel is required.
- This ensures the focus remains on maintaining the electrical panel.
- It is a housekeeping and a structured program.
- 5S activity is conducted systematically and regularly.
- 5S activity is tracked through a visual control board.





# WASA Outfall Workshop, Lahore









After



# WASA South Yard, Lahore







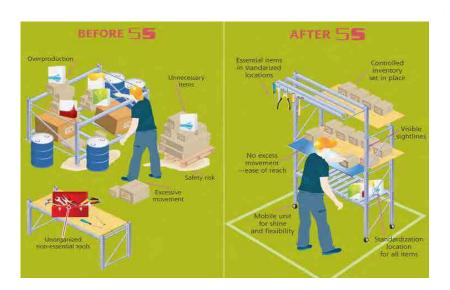
After

SCBA equipment was buried under this

15/25











### 5S is a continuous improvement tool !!!

- Create necessary documents or forms to support/optimize your operations
  - ✓ Process flow charts
  - ✓ Contact lists
  - ✓ Emergency response procedures
  - ✓ SOPs
  - ✓ Post job instructions
  - ✓ Label equipment for operators

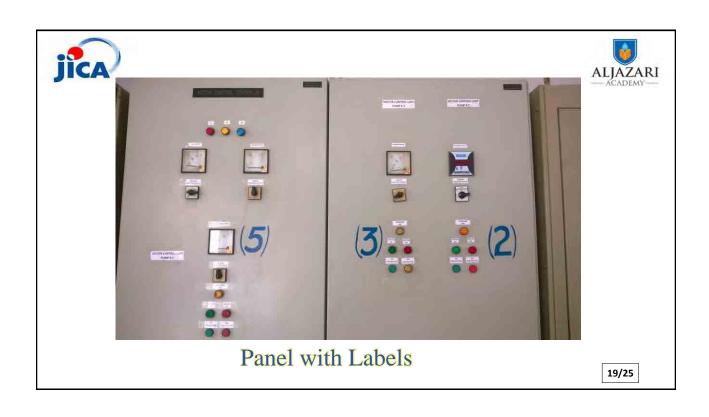
17/25

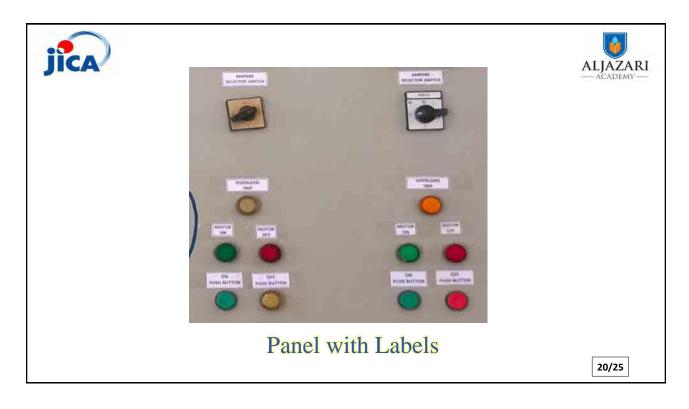






Panel without Labels













# Panel with Instructions

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Panel with Drawings





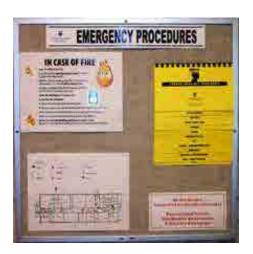


Post important forms here!

23/25







**Emergency Procedures** 







**Emergency Contact List** 

# 5S Activity Track Sheet

January <i>,</i> 2017	Date	(activity pe	rformed):
		Quantity	Notes
Items Sorted			
Items Stored			
Items Discarded			
Total Items			
February, 2017	Date	e (activity p	erformed):
		Quantity	Notes
Items Sorted			
Items Stored			
Items Discarded			
Total Items			
March, 2017	Date (	activity perf	formed):
		Quantity	Notes
Items Sorted			
Items Stored			
Items Discarded			
Total Items			
April, 2017	Date (ac	tivity perfo	rmed):
		Quantity	Notes
Items Sorted			
Items Stored			
Items Discarded			
Total Items			
May, 2017	Date (ac	tivity perfo	rmed):
		Quantity	Notes
Items Sorted			
Items Stored			
Items Discarded			
Total Items			
June, 2017	Date (ac	tivity perfo	rmed):
		Quantity	Notes
Items Sorted			
Items Stored			
Items Discarded			
Total Items			

### Device Inspection Sheet

### **Evaluation Criteria**

✓: Good X: No care at all or need to be newly installed Δ: Need to be improved —: Not available to be checked

				Conti	nuity Te	st of com	ponents	(Using	Clamp	Meter)			J	Relays Adju	stments		
				Circ	uit Brea	kers		Magn	etic Cor	itactor			Over/Unde		Over Cu		Υ-Δ
Sr.		Inspection		Circuit Breakers Magnetic Contactor								V	oltage Rel	ay	(Thermal)	Relay	Timer
No.	Site /Pump Name	Date	мссв	МСВ 1	МСВ 2	мсв 3	MCB 4	K1	K2	К3	Fuse	Under Voltage Tripping Function	Over Voltage Tripping Function	±10% of rated voltage of motor	Tripping Function	Value Set	Not less than 5 seconds
1	# 9, Panel # 2	3/28/2017	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	×	×	-	×	-	✓
	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 4		-	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	-	×	×	-	×	-	✓
3	Disposal Station, Chungi #9, Panel #7	3/28/2017	✓	×	Δ	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	×	×	-	×	-	✓
4	# 9, Panel # 8	3/28/2017	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	×	×	-	✓	-	✓
5	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 11	3/28/2017	✓	Δ	Δ	Δ	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	×	×	-	×	-	✓
T	otal Numbers of items req replaced*	uired to be	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	-		5		4		0

### - Remarks -

MCB 4 of panel number 2 was malfunctioned and already replaced

<sup>\*</sup> All components should be purchased as per required specification of each panel according to the installed motor

### Preventive Maintenance Sheet for Electrical Facility Site Name: **Motor Specification Evaluation Criteria √**:Good Rated Capacity Rated Voltage Efficiency Rated Ampere **Power Factor** x: No care at all or need to be newly installed △: Need to be improved Sub Division: (kW) **(V)** (A) -: Not available to be checked Preventive Maintenance Insulation Resistance (MΩ) Visual Condition/Cleanliness Voltage by Clamp Meter (V) Ampere by Clamp Meter (A) Vibration Temperature Date Weather Approved by Inspected by Evaluation Upper Bearing Neatness Proper Tightening YB wire of Cabling Sealing $\overline{U2}$ $\overline{V2}$ $\overline{W2}$ Lower Bearing Label

Preventive Maintenance Sheet for Electrical Facility

	Rated Voltage (V)	Rated Ampere (A)	Efficiency	Power Factor	RPM
	(V)	(A)			Ĩ
			<del>-</del> 	-	
htening					
J1-E	U2-E				
/1-E	V2-E				
V1-E	W2-E				
1-V1	U2-V2				
1-W1	V2-W2				
/1-U1	W2-U2				
F	RY				
	/B				
	3R				
	R				
	Υ				
	В				
r Factor	1		<u> </u>		<del></del>
Ipper earing	Lower Bearing				
r Minu	te (RPM)		_		
lpper	Lower				
earing	Bearing				<u> </u>
haft					
n,Care	$\rightarrow 1.0 M\Omega \sim 0.$	∠Need to rep	pair immediate	ly →less than	0.4ΜΩ
r	aring Minu oper aring naft lation	Aring Bearing  Minute (RPM)  Oper Lower  Bearing  naft  Ilation Resistance V	Bearing  Minute (RPM)  Deper Lower Bearing  naft  Intion Resistance Value:	Bearing  Minute (RPM)  Oper Lower  Bearing  Hation Resistance Value:  Good → n	Bearing Bearing  Minute (RPM)  Deper Lower Bearing  naft  Internal Bearing  Good → more than 1.0Ms

Che	eck List of Standard	d Operation	ı Proced	dure for	Electr	ical Facil	lity										
			Motor	· Specifi	cation	: Rated Cap	acity (kW	/HP)			Evalua	tion Criter					
	roved by :		Rated V	oltage (V)		Rat	ted Curren	t(A)			Evaluation Criteria  ✓: Good  ×: No care at all or need to be newly installed						
Inspe	ected by :		Efficien	eyPo	wer Fac	ctorI	RPM				<b>∆</b> :Need	to be improve	d -	-: Not av	ailable to b	e checked	
							I	nspection It	ems for Ele	ectrica	l Panel (	Condition					
			]	Document			1	Visual (Outs	side)				Visual (I	nside)	_	Oper	ation
Sr.	Site/Pump Name	Inspection Date	Operation Record	Drawings	Vender Manual	Identification of Lamp/Switch	Status/ Fault Indication Lamps	Ampere Meter	Voltage Meter		Selector witch	Cleanliness	Intrusion Path	Bypass- Circuit	Neatness of cabling	How to operate changeover switch	Frequency of Start/Stop
No.		Date	Compare with the sample	Pump installation , electrical line diagram	Pump/ Panel devices	all lamps /switches have name tag	all lamps are visibly bright enough	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Amper	e Voltage	No dust, sand, spider's nest, insect, small animals	No hole/ crack to let foreign matters come in	No bypass / burnt mark		Turn off by breaker or switch first.	Maximum 2-3 times/ hour
1																	
2																	
3																	
- Re	emarks -																

### Check List of Standard Operation Procedure for Electrical Facility

### **Evaluation Criteria**

✓: Good ×: No care at all or need to be newly installed

 $\Delta$ : Need to be improved

-: Not available to be checked

													•				
			]	Document				Visual (	Outside)				Visual	(Inside)		Oper	ration
			Operation Record	Drawings	Vender Manual	Identification s of Lamp/Switch	Status/Fault Indication Lamps	Ampere Meter	Voltage Meter	Status Sele	ctor Switch	Cleanliness	Intrusion Path	Bypass- Circuit	Neatness of cabling	How to operate changeover switch	Frequency of Start/Stop
			Compare with the sample	Pump installation , electrical line diagram	Pump/ Panel devices	all lamps /switches have name tag	all lamps are visibly bright enough	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Proper functioning and zero adjustment	Ampere	Voltage	spider's nest,	No hole/crack to let foreign matters come in	No bypass / burnt mark		Turn off by breaker or switch first.	Maximum 2- 3 times/hour
1	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 2	3/28/2017	✓	Δ	×	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	-	Δ	Δ	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>
2	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 4	3/28/2017	✓	Δ	×	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	-	Δ	-	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	✓	<b>✓</b>
3	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 7	3/28/2017	<b>✓</b>	Δ	×	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	Δ	-	Δ	-	Δ	Δ	✓	Δ	~	<b>✓</b>
4	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 8	3/28/2017	<b>✓</b>	Δ	×	✓	<b>✓</b>	Δ	~	Δ	-	<b>✓</b>	Δ	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>
5	Disposal Station, Chungi # 9, Panel # 11	3/28/2017	<b>✓</b>	Δ	×	<b>✓</b>	Off lamp is not working	Δ	-	Δ	-	Δ	Δ	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>*</b>
Tot	al Numbers of items req replaced*	uired to be					1			4							

### - Remarks -

Motor Specification:
Rated Capacity:
Rated Voltage (V):
Rated Current(A):
Efficiency:
Power Factor:
RPM:

Motor Specification:
Rated Capacity:
Rated Voltage (V):
Rated Current(A):
Efficiency:
Power Factor:

RPM:

<sup>1.</sup> No lamp test was available so status of O/L Lamp can not be checked

<sup>2.</sup> Confirm that Current Transformers (CTs) are working fine before replacement of Ampere meter. In case of malfunctioning CT, please change CT first and if Ampere meter still not giving correct value then replace it.

<sup>\*</sup> All components should be purchased as per required specification of each panel according to the installed motor

Devid	ce Inspection Sheet		Motor S	Specifica	tion:	Rate	d Capaci	ity (k	ζW/I	HP) _				]  -						
	roved by : ected by :		Rated V	/oltage (	V)	Rated C	urrent(A	.)		Effic	ciency			,	Evaluation ✓: Good Δ: Need to	×: No ca	are at all or n	eed to be no		
			Power 1	Factor	RP	PM								ا ل	<b>4.</b> Need to	be improve	u .140	n available	to be ene	cked
			Con	tinuity T	est of co	mponent	ts (Using				r)	(	urrei	nt			Relays Ac	djustments		
~				Circ	cuit Brea	kers			agne ntac				nsfor			Over/Unde /oltage Rel		Over Cu (Thermal		Y- \Delta Timer
Sr. No.	Site /Pump Name	Inspection Date	мссв	МСВ 1	MCB 2	MCB 3	MCB 4				Fuse	CT1	CT2	СТ3	Under	Over Voltage	±10% of rated		Value	Not less than 5 seconds
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				
- Rei	narks -																			





# **Fault Reporting and Maintenance Request Form**

Name of Operator	(reporting person):	
Mobile No		
Facility Location:_		
Date:	Time:	-
Site In-charge:		
Is it an emergency:	Yes/No	
If yes, please follow	the posted emergency reporting procedure	
Fault Type		
Electrical: Yes/No		
<b>Mechanical:</b> Yes/N	0	
Other: (Please desc	ribe)	
Public Safety Relat	ed: Yes/No	
If yes, follow emerg	ency reporting procedures	
Fault Details		
Maintenance Requ	est:	





## **Fault Reporting and Maintenance Request Form**

Name of Operator (reporting person): Jawad Shahid

**Mobile No.** 033334445555

Facility Location: Aljazari Academy, Township, Lahore

**Date:** April 11, 2017 **Time:** 2:00 PM

Site In-charge: Muasb Uzair

Is it an emergency: Yes No

If yes, please follow the posted emergency reporting procedure

**Fault Type** 

Electrical: Yes No

Mechanical: Yes/No

Other: (Please describe)\_\_\_\_\_

Public Safety Related: Yes/No

If yes, follow emergency reporting procedures

### **Fault Details**

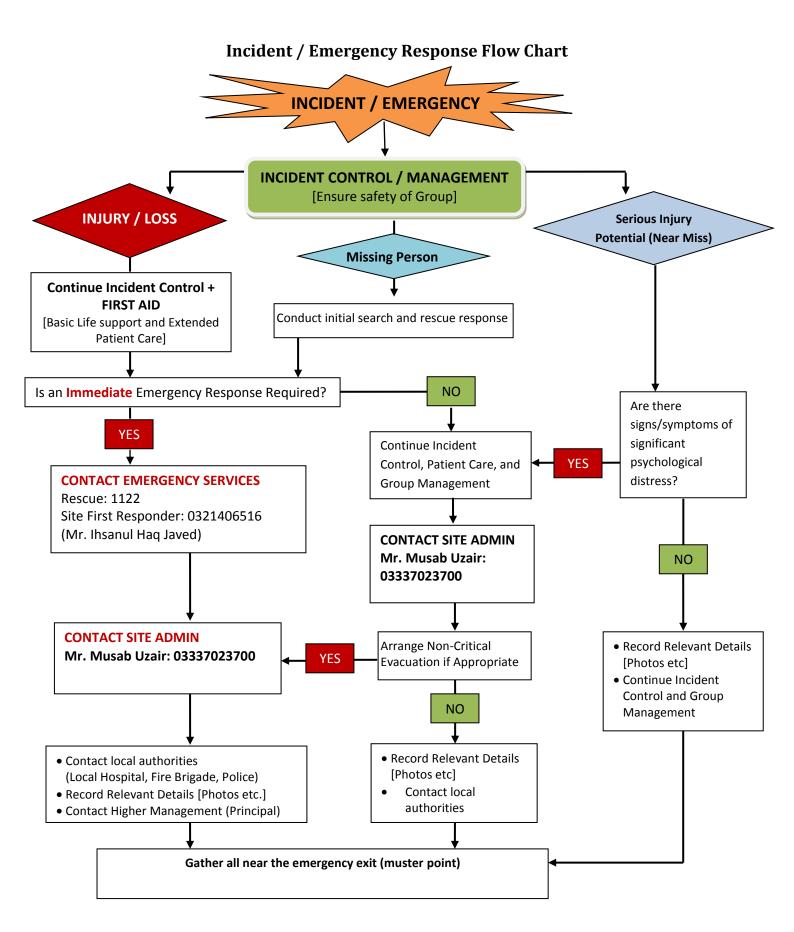
Control Panel is short circuited due to faulty insulation (wires), operator, property and general public are at risk of electric shock and fire.

### **Maintenance Request:**

An Electrician is required onsite to ensure proper insulation and address the short circuit issue.





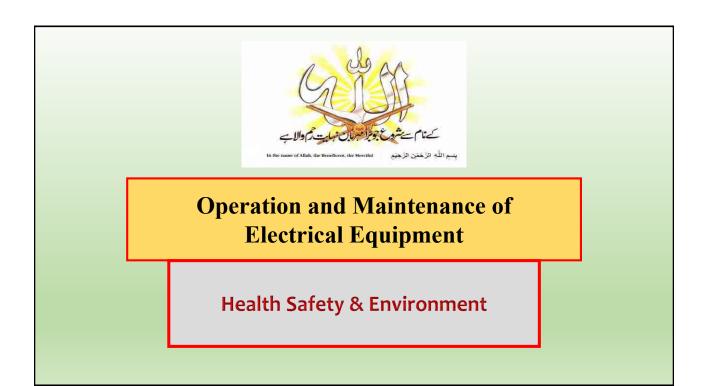




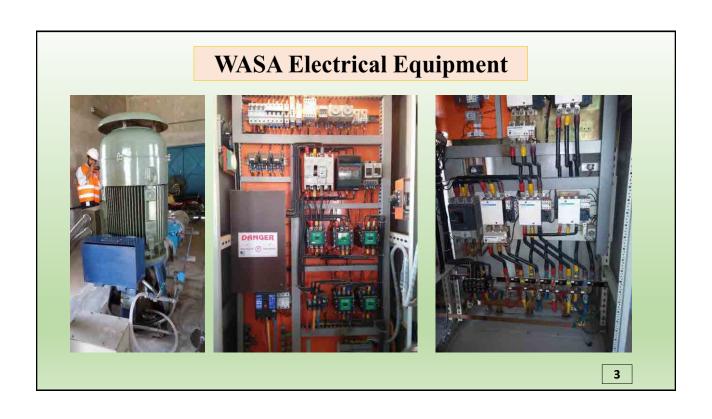


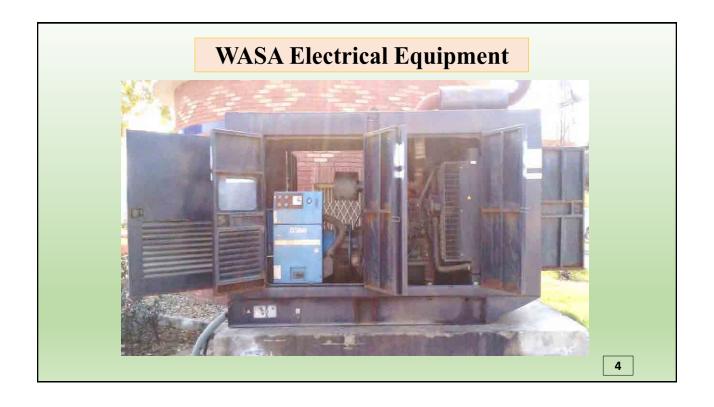
# **Emergency Contact List**

Name	Contact No.
First Responders Mr. Ihsan Ul Haque Javed	03214065716
Site Administrator Name Mr. Musab Uzair	03337023700
Fire Brigade	<b>16</b> , 9211280, 9200281, 9200282, 9200283
Rescue 1122	1122
Police Station Town Ship Lahore	0429262171, 03087771827
Police Station Green Town	04235118000, 35113868
Counter Terrorism Department	0800111111
Nearest Hospital	
Address: Ch. Rehmat Ali Trust Hospital (Next Door)	042 35154812
Jinnah Hospital Lahore	04235168660
CPO Lahore	042992100623
DIG Operations	0429920030
Bomb Disposal	04299212111, 0423752828



# O&M of Electrical Installations contains potential hazards which may cause: \* Human Death or Injury \* Time Loss \* Equipment Loss \* Environment Degradation





## **Electrical Hazards**

### What is a Hazard?

Situation that poses a level of threat to Life, Health, Property or Environment.







**Electric fire** 

5

# **Hazards for Electrical Panel**



**Broken base plate** 



Lizard & Dust etc.



**Exposed electrical parts** 

### **Hazards for Electrical Panel**





Trip, Fall & electric shock

Wet & moist condition

7

# **Hazard Hunting & Job Safety Analysis**

### **Hazard Hunting:**

On-going process to identify & assess work place hazards, and propose control measures according to hierarchy of control

### Job Safety Analysis:

Process of studying and recording each step of a job, identifying existing or potential hazards, and determining the best way to perform the job safely.

### Based on four steps:

- 1. Selection of jobs for analysis
- 2.Breakup of selected job into steps
- 3.Identify hazards associated with each step
- 4. Eliminate or control the hazards

# Probability

Extent to which a hazard may cause harm.

Probability	Rating	Comments
Frequent	5	Frequently at risk
Probable	4	Likely to cause harm
Occasional	3	Occasionally at risk
Possible/remote	2	Could cause harm, but is unlikely to
Improbable	1	Unlikely to cause harm.

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# Severity

Seriousness of harm.

Rating	Comments
5	Death / destruction
4	Severe injury / equipment damage
3	Injury / equipment damage
2	Minor Injury
1	No Injury
	5 4 3 2

## **Priority Level**

### **Hazard = Probability x Severity**

Probability	Severity	<b>Priority level</b>
2	3	6
2	2	4
3	1	3

### **Hazard Coding**

Priority rating	Hazard Level	Hazard Code
11 – 25	High	Н
5 – 10	Medium	M
1 - 4	Low	L

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# **Electrical Safety**

### **Steps to respond:**

If you come across a person receiving an electric shock:

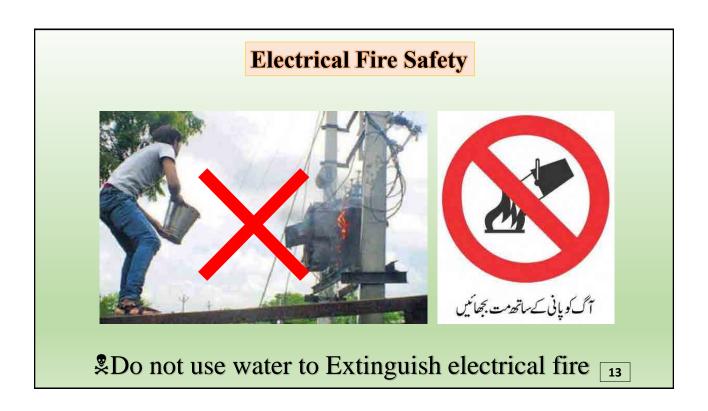
- 1. Disconnect electrical main supply
- 2. Protect yourself & anyone else in the vicinity
- 3. Move casualty to safe area
- 4. Call Rescue 1122
- 5. Perform CPR











# Plan for Fire Emergencies Allocate locations for emergency exits Allocate location of fire alarm and fire extinguishers Conduct electrical fire drills Identification of Electrical Fire Extinguisher (C or E class) Guide procedure to use the fire extinguisher FIRE EXTINGUISHER FIRE EXTINGUISHER FIRE ALARM CALL POINT FIRE ALARM CALL POI

# **Electrical Safety & Control Measures**

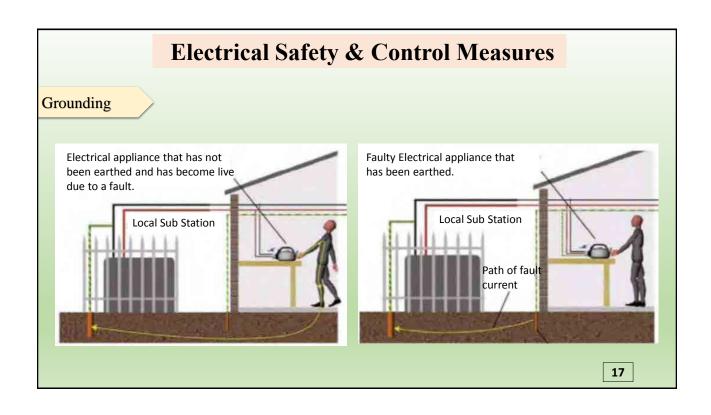
- Shut off main power supply before O & M
- No work alone policy
- Keep clear spacing & emergency exits
   Unblocked
- No Smoking policy
- Place trash in receptacles





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# Hazard control during operations & maintenance 1 Elimination: Remove unsafe conditions Turn off power supply 2 Substitution: Replacement of parts should be done as per generator O &M Manual 3 Isolation: Protection of generator from rain fall, provision of Fencing 4 Engineering Control: Install Earthing to prevent electric shock, Catalytic convertor 5 Administrative Control: Lock out / Tag out of faulty installation 6 PPE: Use PPE, wear insulation gloves, Shoes with insulated sole and toe protection Less Effective





# **Electrical Safety of High Voltage Panels**

- Trained & qualified high voltage electrical employee
- Shut off main power supply
- Free clear spacing
- No work alone policy
- Certified PPE
- Pre-inspection of tools
- Protective shield for live parts









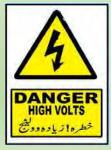




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## Safety about Arcing & Flash

- 1. Check & Verify voltages on electrical contact points
- 2. Avoid using metal or conductive tools
- 3. Avoid pointing or placing metal tools near live contact points
- 4. Keep live electrical parts cover & close during O&M







## Low Voltage Rescue Kit

A safety kit for technician working on electrical installations, etc.

Following are the components of this kit:-

- Fire blanket
- Low voltage rescue crook
- Isolation tag
- Trauma dressing \*
- High resolution torch
- Bag



\* Always examine expiry date before use.

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Ihsan ul Haque Javed Sr. Instructor (HSE) ihaque@urbanunit.gov.pk

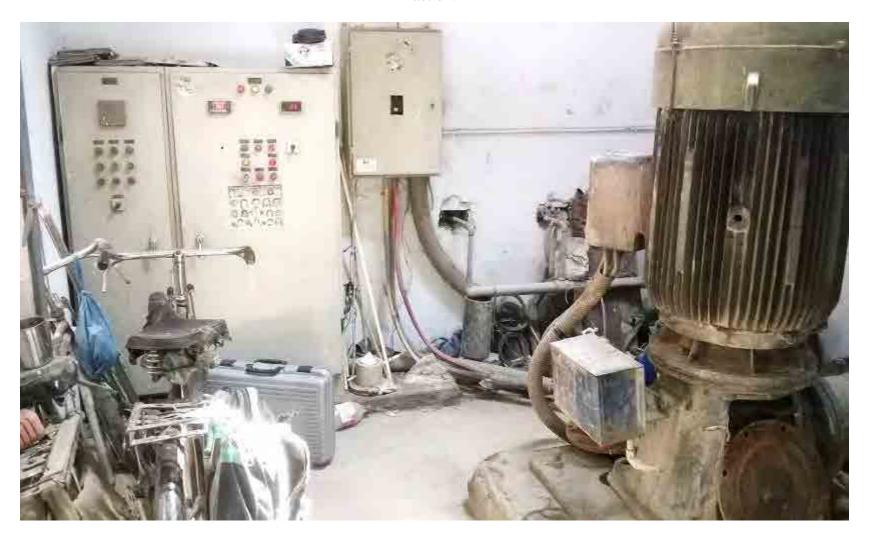
23

## **Job Safety Analysis**

Name:		
Date:		
Job:		
Sequence of Tasks	Potential Hazards	Preventive Measures

#### Hazard Identification of a Tube well room

Please go through the given picture of a Tube well, identify at least five hazards related to electrical installations, assess priority and propose action.



Name:	Date:
-------	-------

Sr#	Hazard	Priority (H/M/L)	Proposed Action	Due Date	Comment
1					
2					
3					
4					
-					
5					

Name:	Date:
1 (41116)	Bute.

Sr #	Condition (Hazard)	Priority (H/M/L)	Proposed Action	Due Date	Comment
1	Obstruction to vacate	Н	i) Exit strategy		
	area (Confined space)		ii) Obtain permit to work		
			iii) Use of PPE		
			iv) No work alone		
2	Missing warning signs	Н			
	& labeling of electrical		i) Posting of warning		
	installations		signs and labeling		
3	Storage of unnecessary	Н	i) Removal of		
	items		unnecessary items		
	(Trip & Fall)		ii) Housekeeping		
4	Loose connection &	Н	i) Provision of CO <sub>2</sub> fire		
	unprotected live wires		extinguisher		
	(Electrical shock & fire)		ii) Impart training on use		
			of fire extinguisher		
			iii) Record keeping of		
			refilling		
5	Opening in wall (rodents	M	Sealing of wall opening		
	& creepers)				
-	Electrical cable leving	TT	Drawisian of dusting		
6	Electrical cable laying on floor	Н	Provision of ducting		
			insulation and Earthing of electrical installations		
	(Electric shock, Trip &		electrical installations		
	fall )				



# **Action Plan**

Name of Participant:	Date of Training:
Name of Organization:	
1. Please focus on and list up the any actions you of It should NOT be like just saying "SOP" "Preve the possible actions as detail as possible such as	ntive Maintenance", Please write down
Electrical Panel	
Generator	
→ Please choose some prioritized actions from the "O.IT Implementation Procedure".	e list above and put them into the attached format

2. Please share the problems or issues you are facing with in your sites and organizations				
3.Other Comments or Notes:				

Output Challenge 1: Wiring	g Diagram of Pump Control Panel
Name of Participant:	Date:
Name of Organization:	

- Please draw the general wiring diagram of the pump control panel.
   Please add anything you learnt through this training.

# Output Challenge 2: General Flow Diagram of Diesel Generator

Name of Participant:	Date:
Name of Organization:	

- Please draw the general flow diagram of the diesel generator.
   Please add anything you learnt through this training.

WASA	l.	Divisio			Pub Divinion	·	Approved	by:		
WASA	l•	Divisio	ori		DIVISION.		Drangrad	oy:		
OJ7	Implement	tation P	lan for	Record K	Geeping, S	SOP & Device Inspection Activi		-		
	Α	dministrati	ve Inform	ation						
		Name of the Persons in Charge				Contents of Activity	Planning	Completed	Planning	Completed
Site No.	Site Name	XEN	SDO	Sub Engineer	Operator	Contains of Acounty	Date	Completed	Date	Completed
						Daily Operation Record				
1.						SOP Check List				
						Device Inspection Sheet				
						Daily Operation Record				
2.						SOP Check List				
						Device Inspection Sheet				
	Implement		rocedu	re for O&	M Manua	al, Record Keeping and Preventi	ive Main	tenance /	Activity	of
	Α	dministrati	ve Inform	ation						
0.1		Nam	e of the l	Persons in C	harge	Contents of Activity	Planning	Completed	Planning	Completed
Site No.	Site Name	XEN	SDO	Sub Engineer	Operator	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date	•	Date	
						1. O&M Manual				
1.						2. Basic Specifications				
l '·						3. Daily O&M Record				
						4. Preventive Maintenance Plan				
−Rema	−Remarks−									