

Exploring the Benefits of Smart SubstationDigitalization and Virtualization



Energy Demands

Rapidly **expanding demand** for energy

Net Zero by 2050

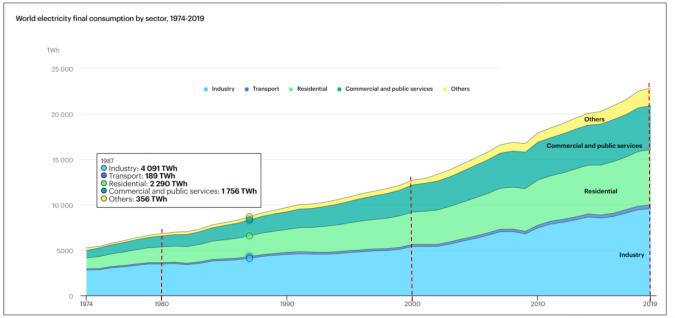
Dramatic growth in renewable energy

Intermittent Energy Supply

Decentralization

Operational Complexity







Challenges in Substation

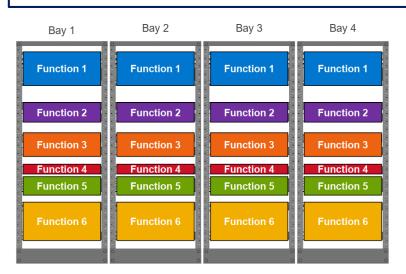
Cost

Devices, Cabling, Labor, Footprint

Efficiency

Data Analysis, Flexibility, Management

3R (Reliability, Redundancy, Resiliency) + Cyber Security







What is virtualization?

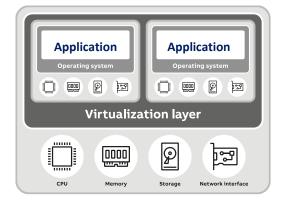


Virtualization enables the hardware resources of a single computer—processors, memory, storage and more—to be divided into multiple virtual computers.

Technology is not new – well proven and widely used –

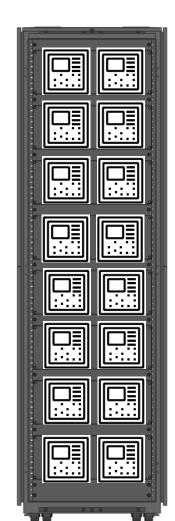
Only thing changing now is the fact that virtualization platforms can guarantee **realtime performance**

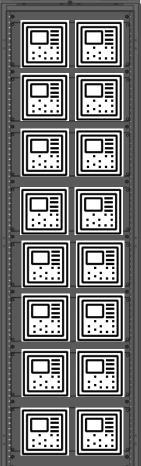
Powered With Virtualization

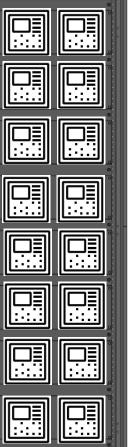


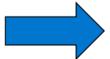








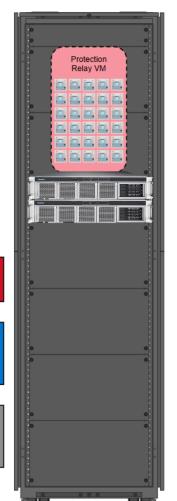




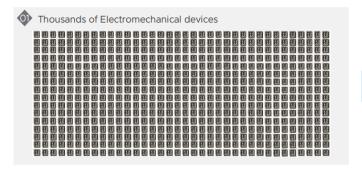
Replace dozens of protection relays

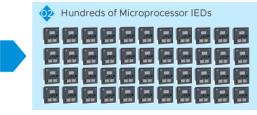
Consolidate other legacy substation devices

Prepare for emerging workloads

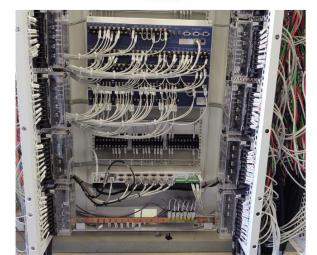


It's on the way...









Present



Future

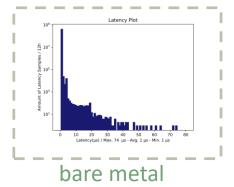


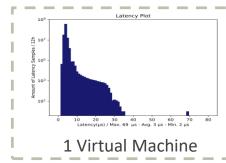


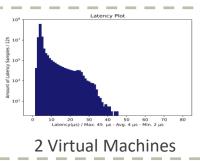
High Performance with Workload Consolidation / Standardization

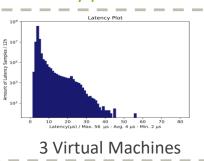
Running real-time (e.g. Protection) and non-real-time (e.g. SCADA) workloads together

Identical latency between bare metal and VMware hypervisor configured for low-latency performance









with ESXi hypervisor

- Histograms above show time added by hypervisor (measurements with Cyclictest)
- VMware enables real-time performance with a simple GUI selection
- VMs are isolated real-time workloads can run adjacent to non-real-time on the same host
- Keeping maximum hypervisor latency under 120μs
- Long-duration tests (30, 60, 180 days) are continuously being performed



vPAC (virtual Protection Automation Control)

Customer-Driver Ecosystem

Driving standards-based, open, interoperable, and secure software-defined architecture to host protection, automation, and control solutions for power system substations.











































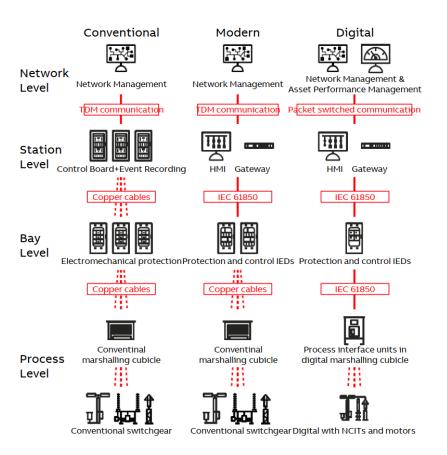


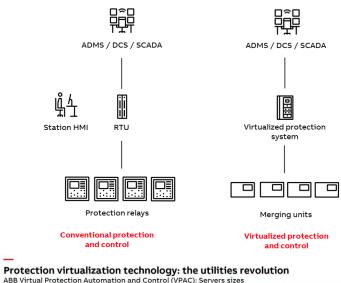




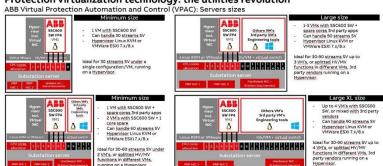


ABB SCC 600 SW





running on a Hypervisor





GE eLumina



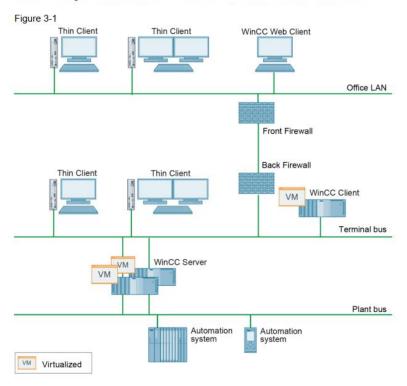


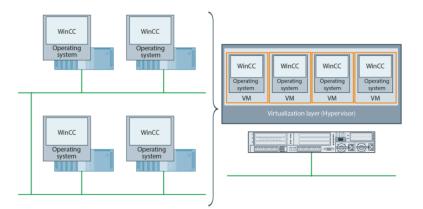




Siemens WinCC Virtualization

WinCC system architecture in virtual environment

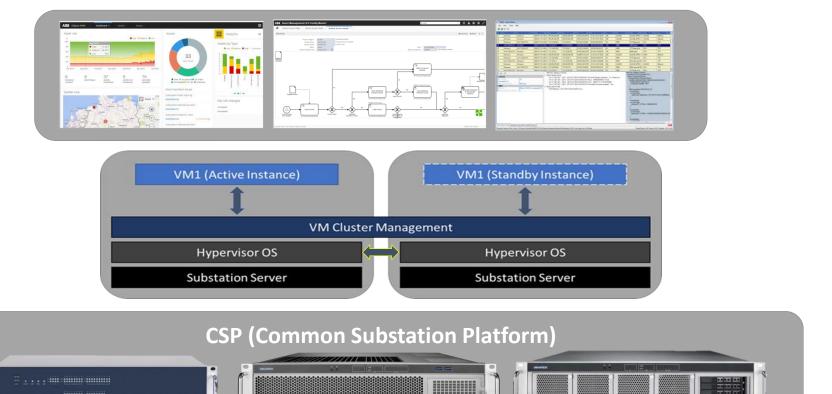








vPAC Architecture





ECU Product Position







Proven H/W Platform (GHASS Applied)

Complete Solution (EXP, API, OS, VMKH)

Entry HW Solution (Atom, Legacy platform)

13rd, Raptor Lake

ECU-479

wmwareREADY



CSP/VPR Server

ECU-4784 Upgrade (Computing, I/O Bandwidth)

RAS Improvement (Hot Swap Power & RAID SSD)

Flexibility for Local CTOS (CPU, Memory, Storage, EXP)

ECU-579 KVM openstack.

SW-Defined VM Server

Energy Server Grade (Support 20+ Cores, VMs)

Leading Technology (IPMI, Security, *SR-IOV)

Incremental Market (Digital Substation, Protection)

ADVANTECH

vmware*

ECU Product Key Feature

IEC 61850-3 & IEEE 1613 Certified 2U RM System



100-240 Vdc/Vac, 48VDC Redundant Power Option

DI/DO, Isolated COM, SFP, TPM Option

HSR/PRP, IEEE 1588 v2, IRIG-B, SNMP v2.0

Fanless (-25~70°C)

Redundant Fan (-20~60°C)

Intel RSTSW RAID

High Speed HW RAID 0/1/10

iBMC/IPMI, VMware ESXi 7, *SR-IOV + HSR/PRP

Compatible with mainstream virtualization technology according to the customer's test result, not Advantech's official announcement Co-working with VMware's team to support ESXi on Intel hybrid core (P + E) architecture

































Co-Creating the Future of the IoT World

