KOP-FLEX®

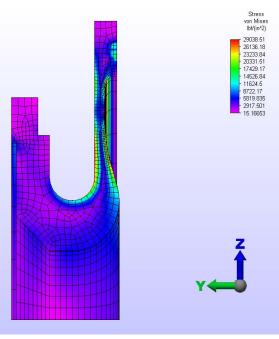
High Performance Couplings for Turbomachinery

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Kop-Flex History

- Invented First Gear Coupling in 1918 Fast's®
- Started in 1920 as Bartlett-Hayward
- Koppers Co. purchased Bartlett-Hayward in 1926
- Division of Koppers Co. until 1986
- LBO created (by Management) Kop-Flex, Inc. In 1986
- Emerson Electric Co. purchased Kop-Flex in May 1996







Kop-Flex Today











Represented in many locations across the globe.

Middle East - Dubai





Kop-Flex Engineering Excellence

1918
Fasts
Gear
Coupling
invented



1971
Torsionally
and axially
flexible
coupling
patented



1972
Disc type flexible shaft coupling patented



Patented
Gear
coupling
with
Overload
Protection

1994
Torque
Meter
patented

1996 -99
Patented
Diaphragm
coupling
design



1999 Retrofit type torque meter (Powerwheel) patented





2003
Developed
COMPOLINK
with Jaure

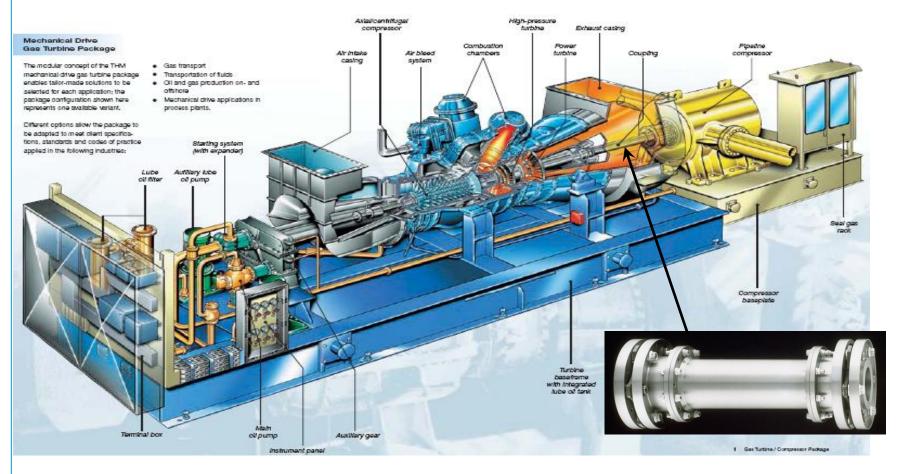


High speed coupling shear spacer patented

Industrial Automation

2008









"Critical Equipment"

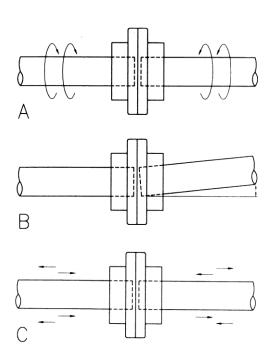
as defined by Shell International Petroleum

- High performance / critical equipment or machines which generally are (but not limited to) 1000 horsepower and rotate 3000 rpm or greater.
- All rotating machines whose reliability is essential to plant operations.
- All rotating machines whose failure (or shut down for maintenance) cause a unit to shutdown resulting in production loss.
- Safety and environmental issues may qualify a machinery train under this criteria.





- Demands on High Performance Couplings
 - Transmit massive torque of the prime movers
 - Rotate at High speeds
 - Accommodate the offsets of the shafts
 - Accommodate the angular misalignment
 - Accommodate axial movement of the shafts at operating temperatures of the prime movers and driven machines.







- Operate at high temperature and corrosive atmospheres
- Accommodate torsional vibrations
- Should perform safely in hazardous area
- May need to act as safety device
- Should have minimum maintenance
- Should perform reliably for years so as to avoid production loss and damages to very expensive turbomachines.

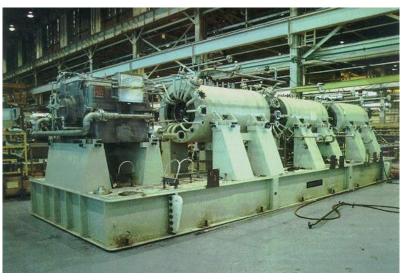






- For large trains coupling also need Stiffness tuning and shock torque refining
- API 671 compliant couplings

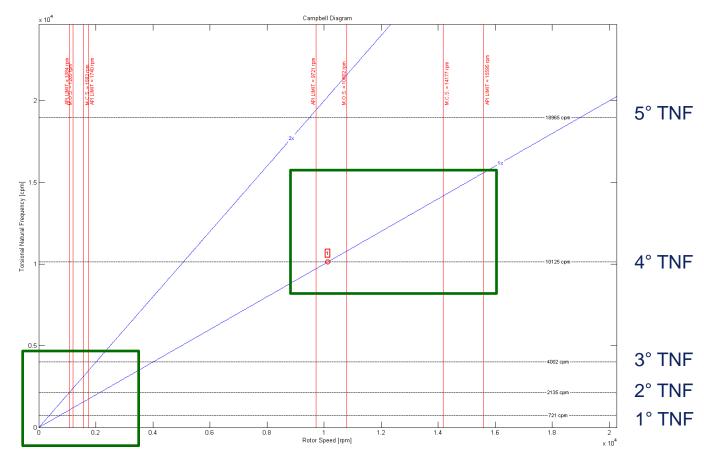








Stiffness tuning using Campbell Diagram

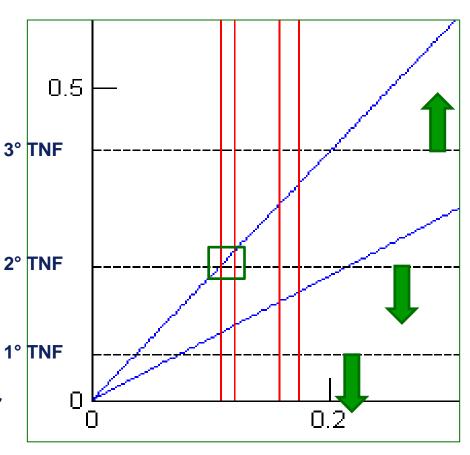






Torsional Natural
 Frequencies need to change to avoid torsional vibrations

Therefore High
Performance coupling is 2° TNF
one of the most
important parts of the
Turbomachines and 1° TNF
often need to "Custom
Engineer" for a particular
application.







Kop-Flex Couplings

High Performance

- Disc
- Gear
- Diaphragm
- Torquemeter

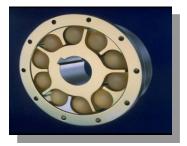
Mill Products

- Large Gear Couplings
- Universal Joints
- Gear Spindles
- Large Max C

Standard Products

- Gear Couplings
- Grid Couplings
- Jaw Couplings
- Resilient Couplings (Max C)
- KD Disc Couplings
- Elastomeric Couplings













High Performance (HP) Couplings

- Lubricated
 - Gear couplings.
 - Very reliable and very high torque transmission ability.
 - Maintenance prone.
- Non Lubricated
 - Disc
 - Diaphragm
 - Special executions
 - Very reliable and are maintenance free designs.











Kop-Flex HP Disc Couplings

Reduced Moment

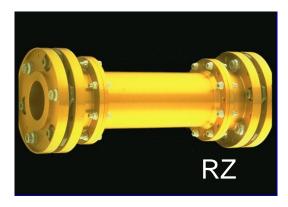
Marine Style

Interlocking Flange





Standard Flange



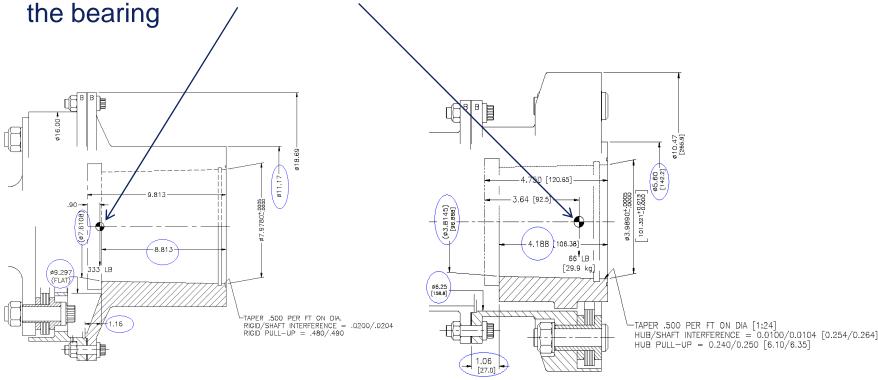






Reduced moment disc coupling

Position of Center of Gravity for the half coupling is brought nearer to



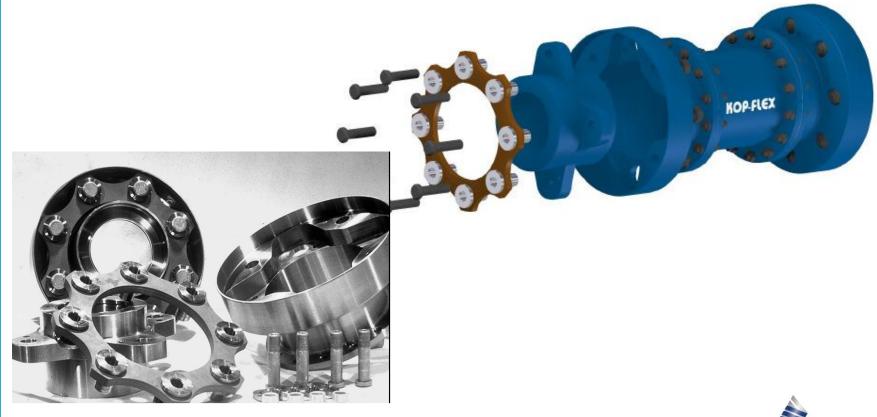
Reduces the load on the shaft bearing





Interlocking flange

Fail safe design

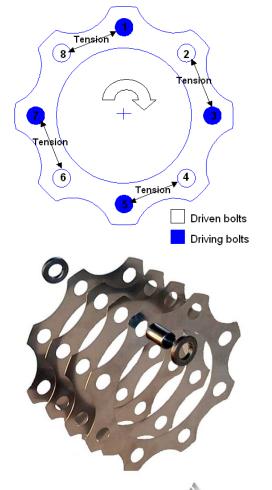






Disc Pack features

- Designed for infinite life.
- Higher lateral critical speeds compared to gear couplings.
- Low reaction load transmitted to machinery
- Flexible Disc Packs
 - Transmit Torque Circumferentially
 - Flexible Links
 - Disc Pack Multiplicity
 - Optimized stress distribution
 - Stainless Steel or Inconel



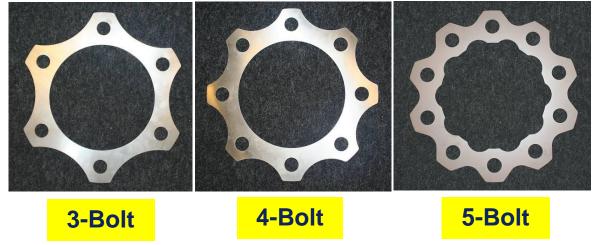




Disc Pack features

- Koplon Coating
- Heat-treated Alloy Steel Hubs, Spacers, and Sleeves





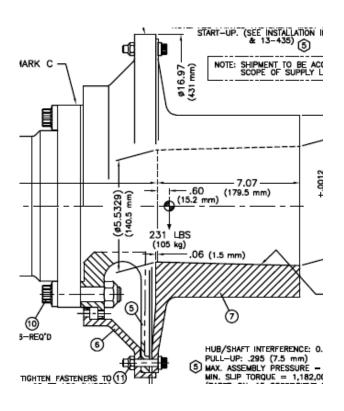
Torque vs. Misalignment



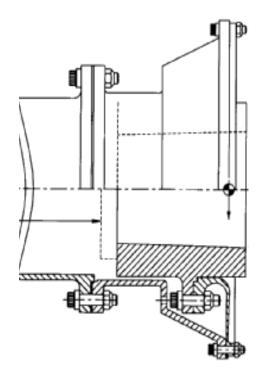


Kop-Flex HP Diaphragm Couplings

Marine style



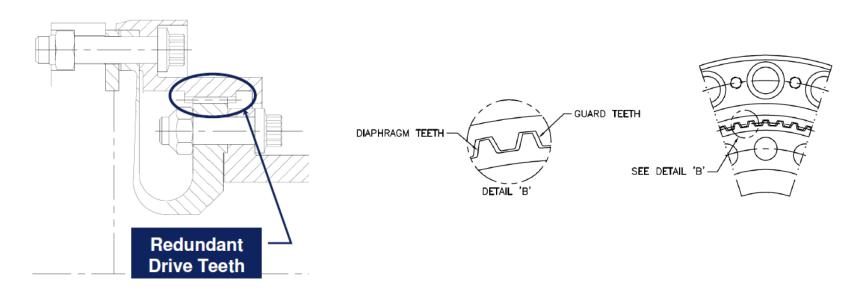
Reduced Moment style







Diaphragm coupling fail safe design



- Non-contacting during normal operation, engage only during the event of shock to protect the diaphragm from failure
- Engagement of teeth occurs above normal torque (Typically 1.5 X normal or more)
- After engagement torque load is shared between the guard and the diaphragm (Dual torque transmission paths)





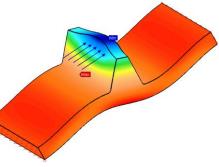
Diaphragm coupling fail safe design

- Calculations based on classical spline analysis
 - Includes bursting, bending, speed, and shear components
 - Enhanced and verified with empirical data and FEA
 - Based on our analysis classical calculations are conservative
- Patented design













Diaphragm features

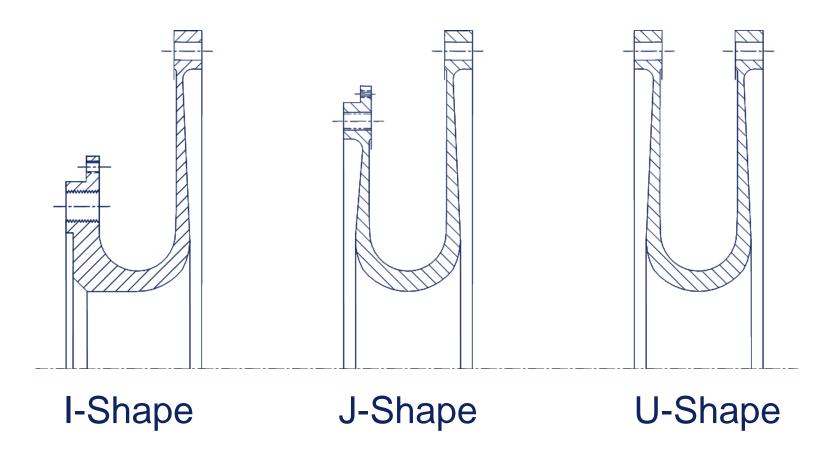
- Preferred where shaft axial travel is more (up to 25 mm).
- For larger sizes diaphragm is less expensive.
- Easier to install.
- Easier to balance.
- Less windage losses.
- Kop-Flex diaphragms are one piece (no joints).
- Polished and shot peened.
- Customized Profiles for Special Applications







Diaphragm designs

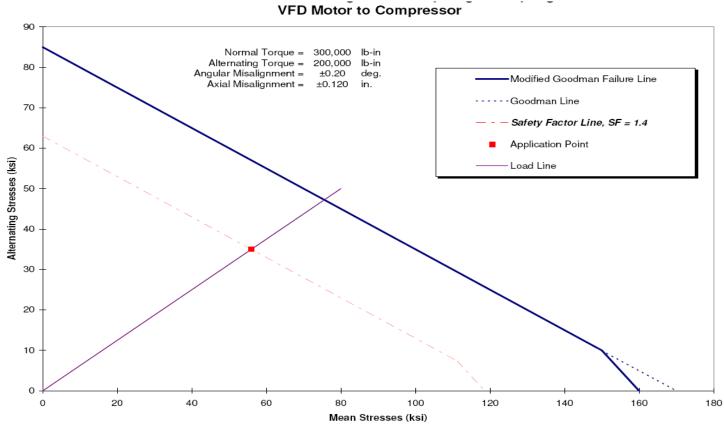






Goodman Diagram

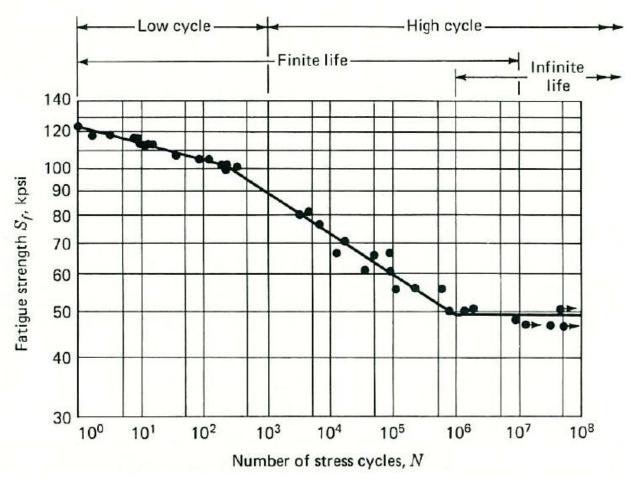
Different vendors rate this differently, Kop-Flex rate the coupling at worst case – max speed, max misalignment and max torque.







S-N Curve

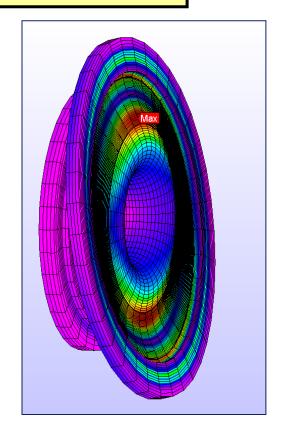


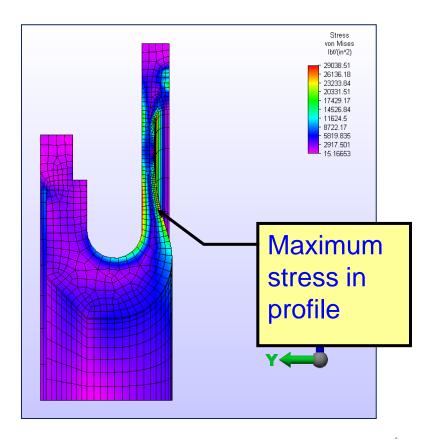




FEA Diaphragm

Angular = $.20 \deg$









Long Shaft Separation

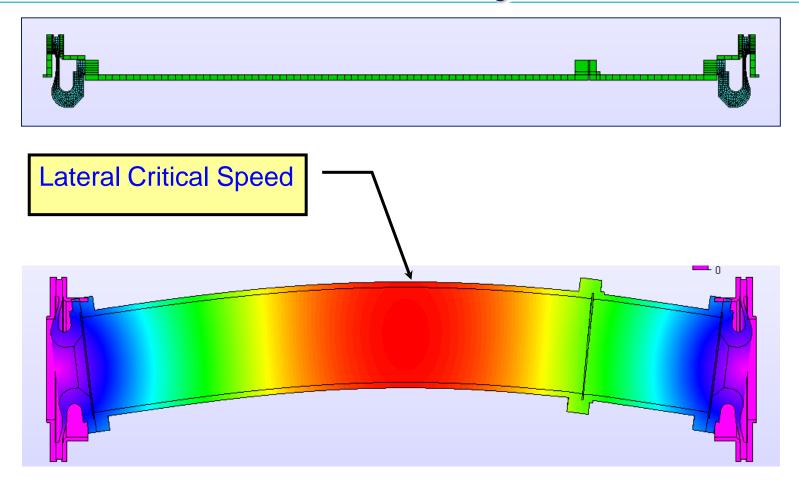
- Higher Speed Applications with Longer Shaft Separations.
 - Balance Lateral Critical Speed, Overhung Moment, and Cost







FEA Result for Assembly

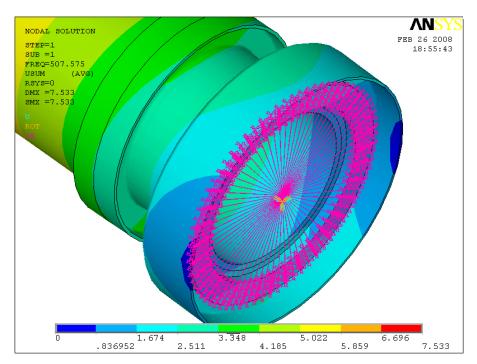


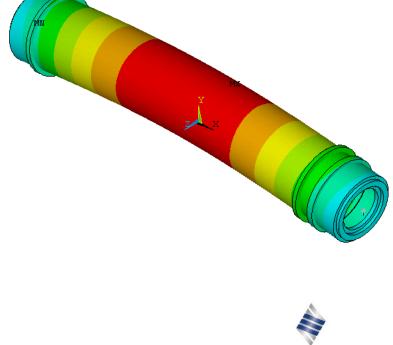




Lateral Critical Speeds

5.3 The ratio of the lateral critical speed of the coupling on rigid supports and maximum continuous operating speed (MCOS) shall be at least 2.0. If the ratio is 2.5 or greater, a simply supported tube equation may be used. If the ratio is less than 2.5, the coupling needs to be explicitly modeled on rigid supports either using a transfer matrix method or a finite element (2-D or 3-D) method.



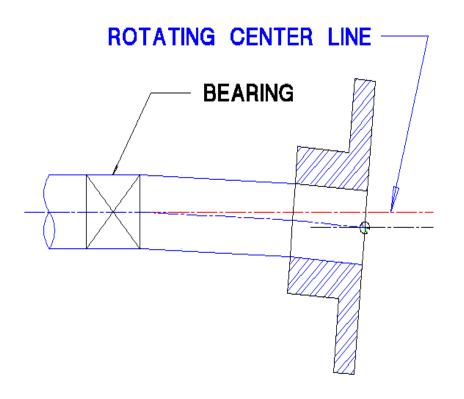






Lateral Critical Speeds

- Coupling End Support Stiffness
 - Bearing
 - Shaft
 - Coupling Flexible Element



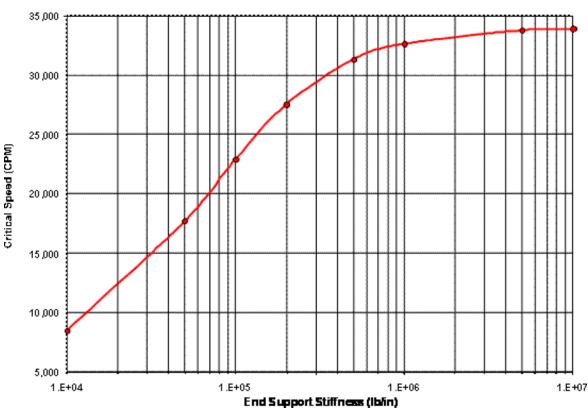




End Support Stiffness

Success in the Field With 1.25 Ratio to MCOS

Typical Coupling Floating Section Critical Speed Map



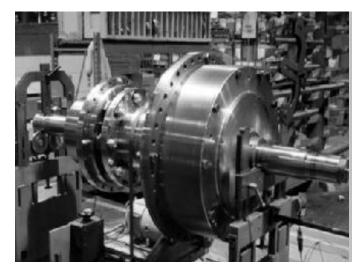


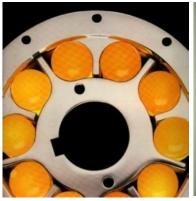


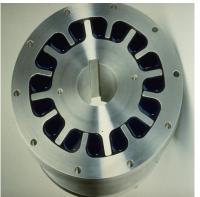
Innovation- Hybrids

Max-C[®] Resilient

- Used in trains with high vibratory torque loads
- Typical applications
 - Synchronous motor
 - Variable frequency motor
- Reduced torsional loads
- No lubrication
- SBR high dampening blocks
- High shock load capacity
- Coupled with disc, diaphragm, or gear
- Single source of supply.







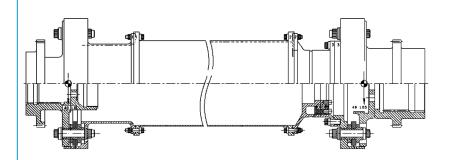


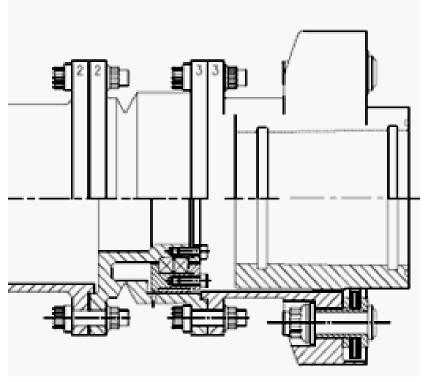


Innovation- High Speed Shear

High Speed Shear Coupling











Innovation - Powerlign Torquemeters

- Why use torque meters?
 - Identify machine train performance deterioration and improve overhaul schedules
 - Reduced emissions
 - Check fuel costs
 - Expanded system control integration; plant-wide







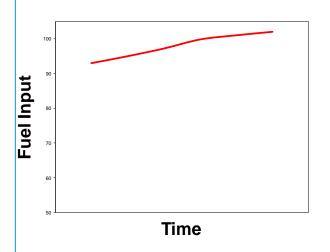
Torquemeter Benefits

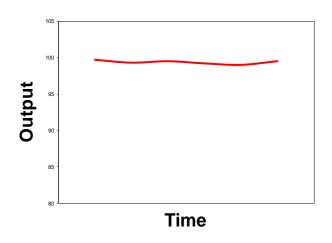
- Identify machine train performance deterioration and improve overhaul schedules
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Simple Gas Compression Train





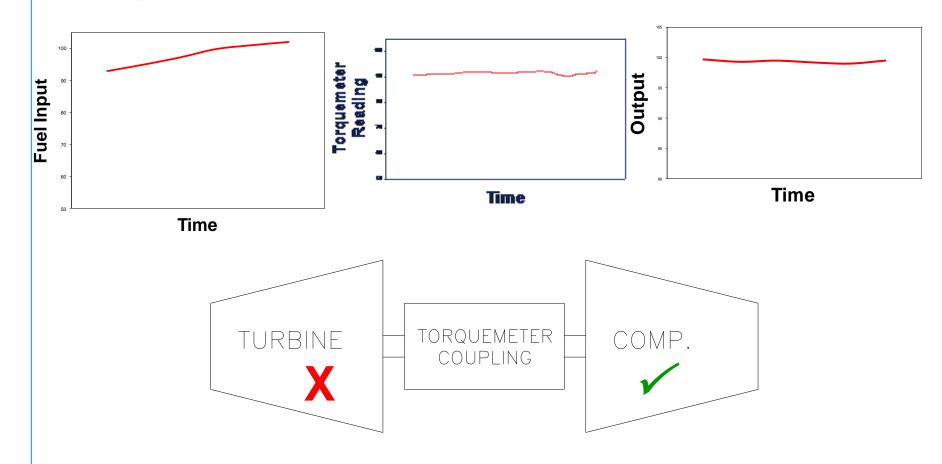
Loss of efficiency over time. Where is the problem?







Gas Compression Train with Torquemeter

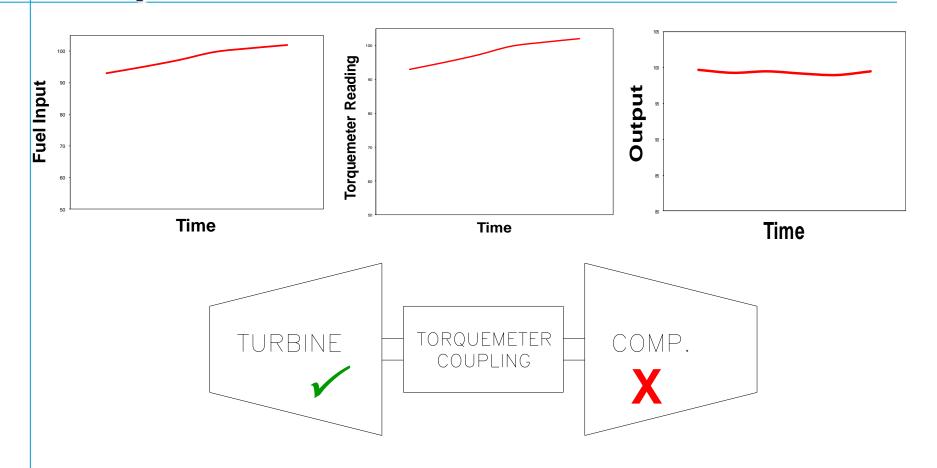


Problem in turbine.





Gas Compression Train with Torquemeter



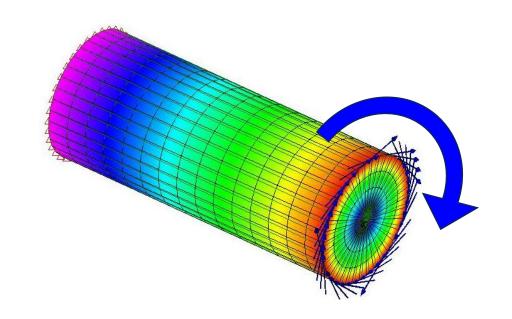
Problem in compressor.





Phase Displacement Systems

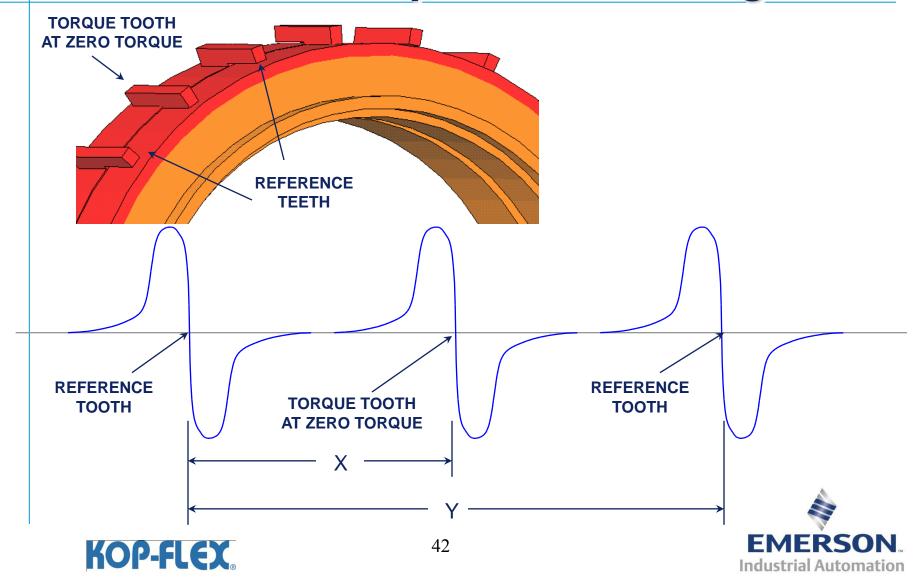
- Torque / twist: phase displacement
- Sensors pick up teeth associated with each end.
 Electronics time the pulses relative to each other.
- Several types:
 - 2-channel
 - 1-channel



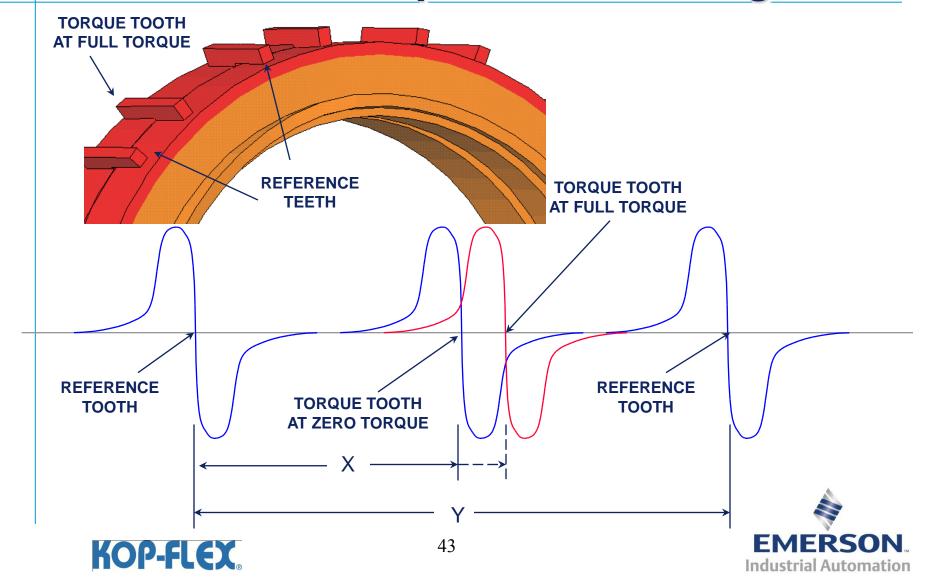




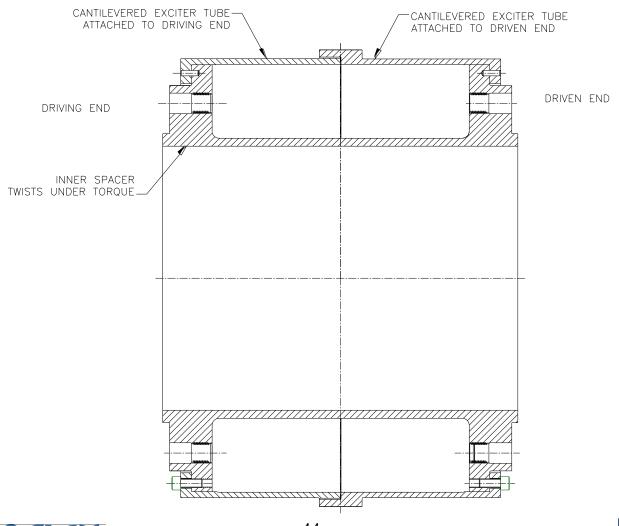
Sensor Phase Displacement Changes



Sensor Phase Displacement Changes



Powerlign: Single-Channel System

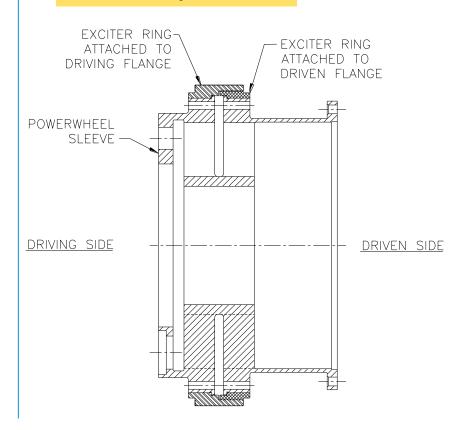






Powerlign: Powerwheel

Retrofit product





US Patent: 5,969,269





Powerlign Torsional Stiffness Calibration



EMERSON.

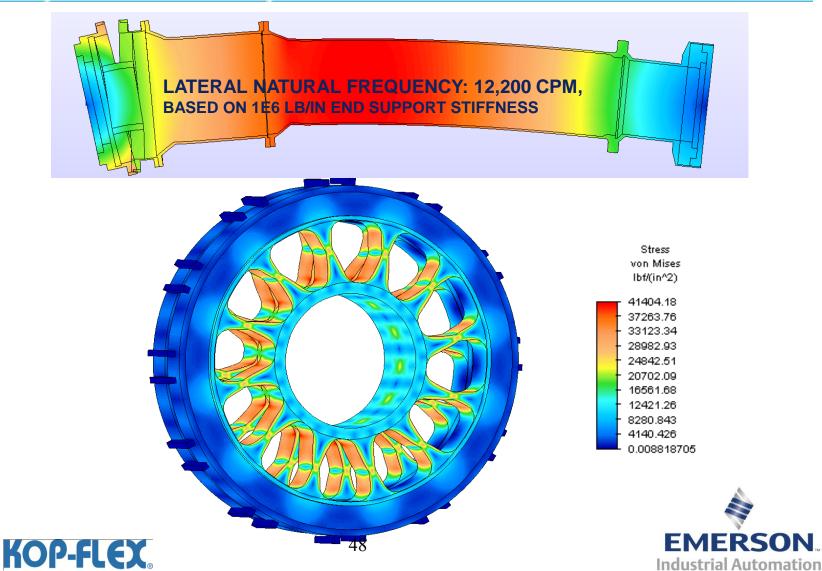
Industrial Automation

Powerlign Dynamic Calibration



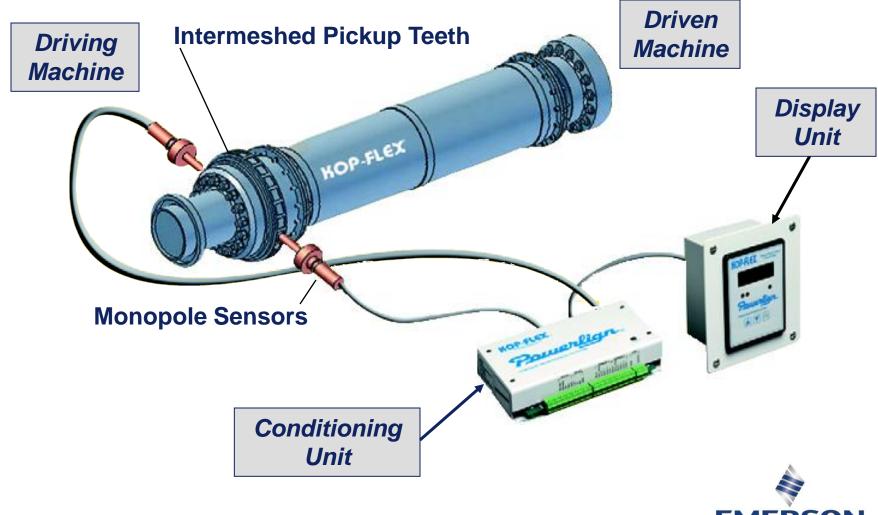


Powerwheel Torquemeter Analysis LNF, Deflections, and Stresses





Powerwheel System





Powerlign Electronic





Display Unit

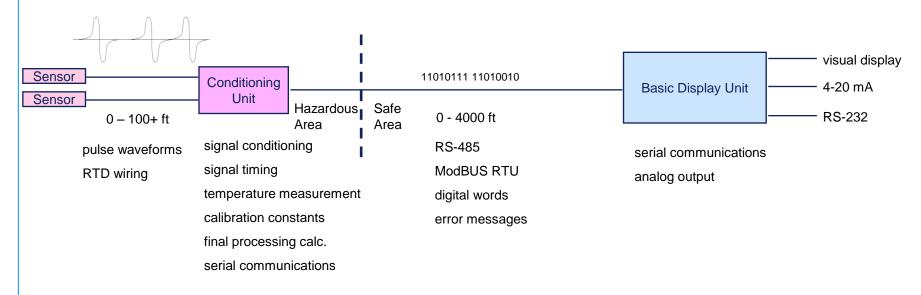




Powerlign configuration

Meets international requirements for intrinsic safety / ATEX

Digital Transmission (complete intelligence near sensors) – New System

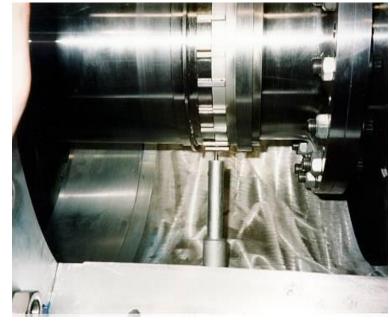






Kop-Flex Powerlign Torque Monitoring









Powerlign / Powerwheel

- Torquemeters provide a tool to measure and improve the efficiency and reduce emissions of rotating machinery
- Reliable single channel phase displacement systems have repeatable accuracy to within 1%
- Single source supplier, only supplier that manufactures the coupling and electronics
- Recently sold 300th Powerlign system





Coupling today

- Turbo machinery couplings are high tech products
- These are engineered solutions
- Help the major machines run reliably
- Turbo train is as reliable as its weakest link
- Torque meters will help in running the machinery at its optimum efficiency
- Always go for engineered couplings with phase shift type torque meters







Thank you for your time

Any questions?

