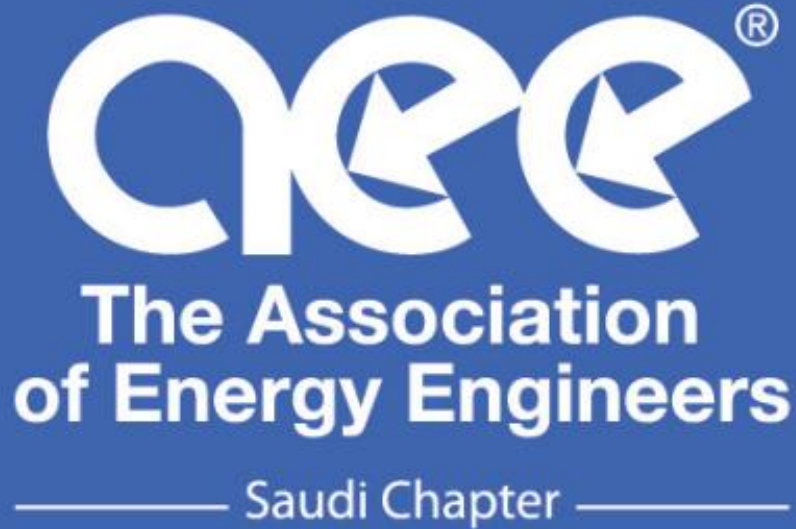




The AEE Saudi Chapter cordially invite you to attend a webinar on:

Power & Steam Generation Optimization for Industrial Facilities: Towards Decarbonization by 2050



Monday Dec 12 2022



7:00PM – 8:00PM



**Mana Al-Owaidh
Engineering
Consultant
Saudi Aramco**

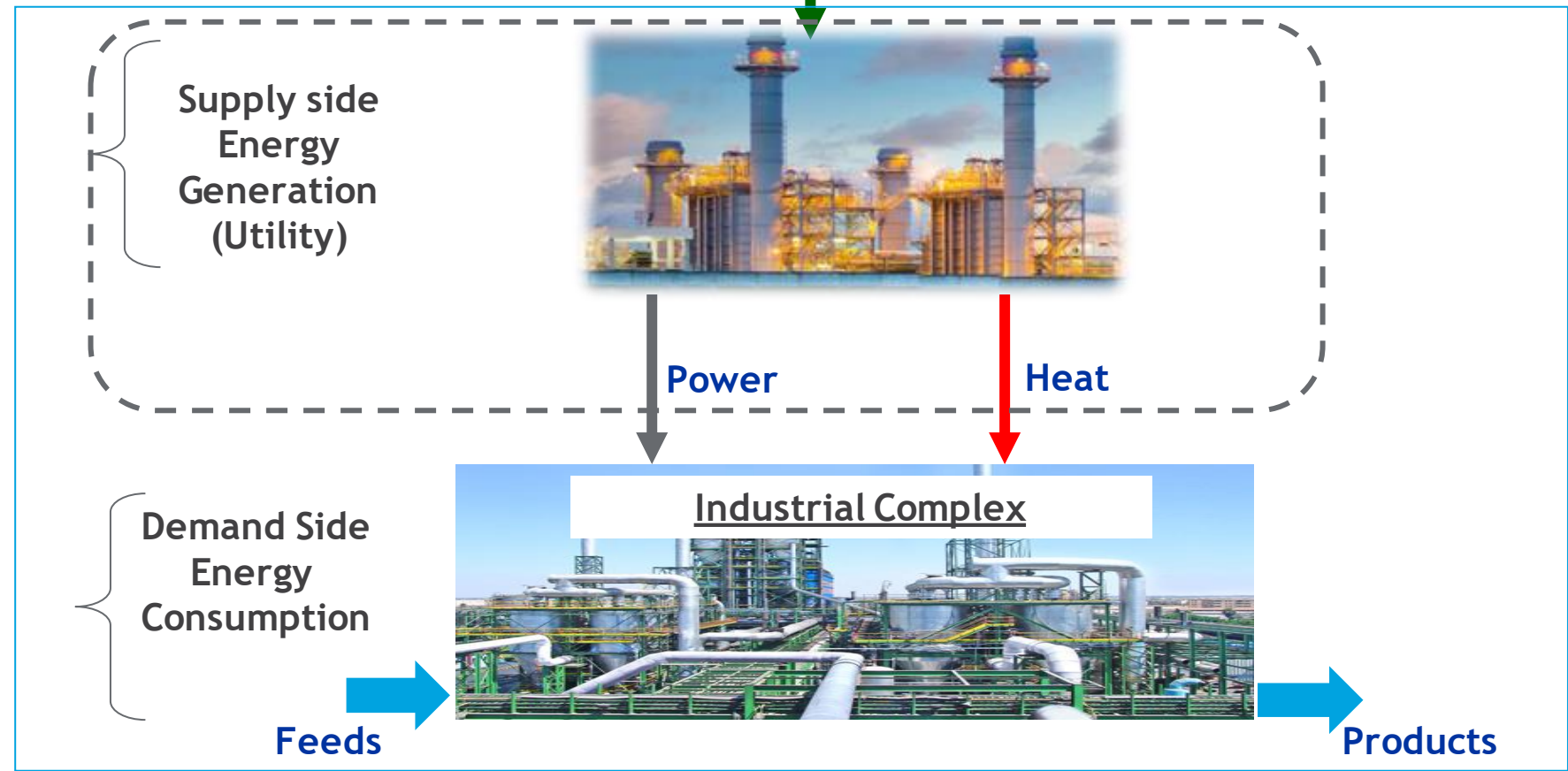
Power & Steam Generation Optimization for Industrial Facilities: Towards Decarbonization by 2050

Mana Al-Owaiydh;

Energy Transition Engineering Department/ Energy Systems Division

Industrial Facility Energy Optimization

Primary Energy Source



Outline:

- Conventional Power/Steam Generation Technologies
- Power/Steam Generation De-carbonization -Preliminary Road-map
- Existing Industrial facilities: “Operational Optimization”
 - Online CHP Optimization Solution - Single site
 - Online Optimization Solution - (Multiple sites Economic Dispatch)
- New Projects: “New Design Optimization”
 - CHP Model for Optimum design
- Summary and Conclusion

Conventional Power/Steam Generation Technologies

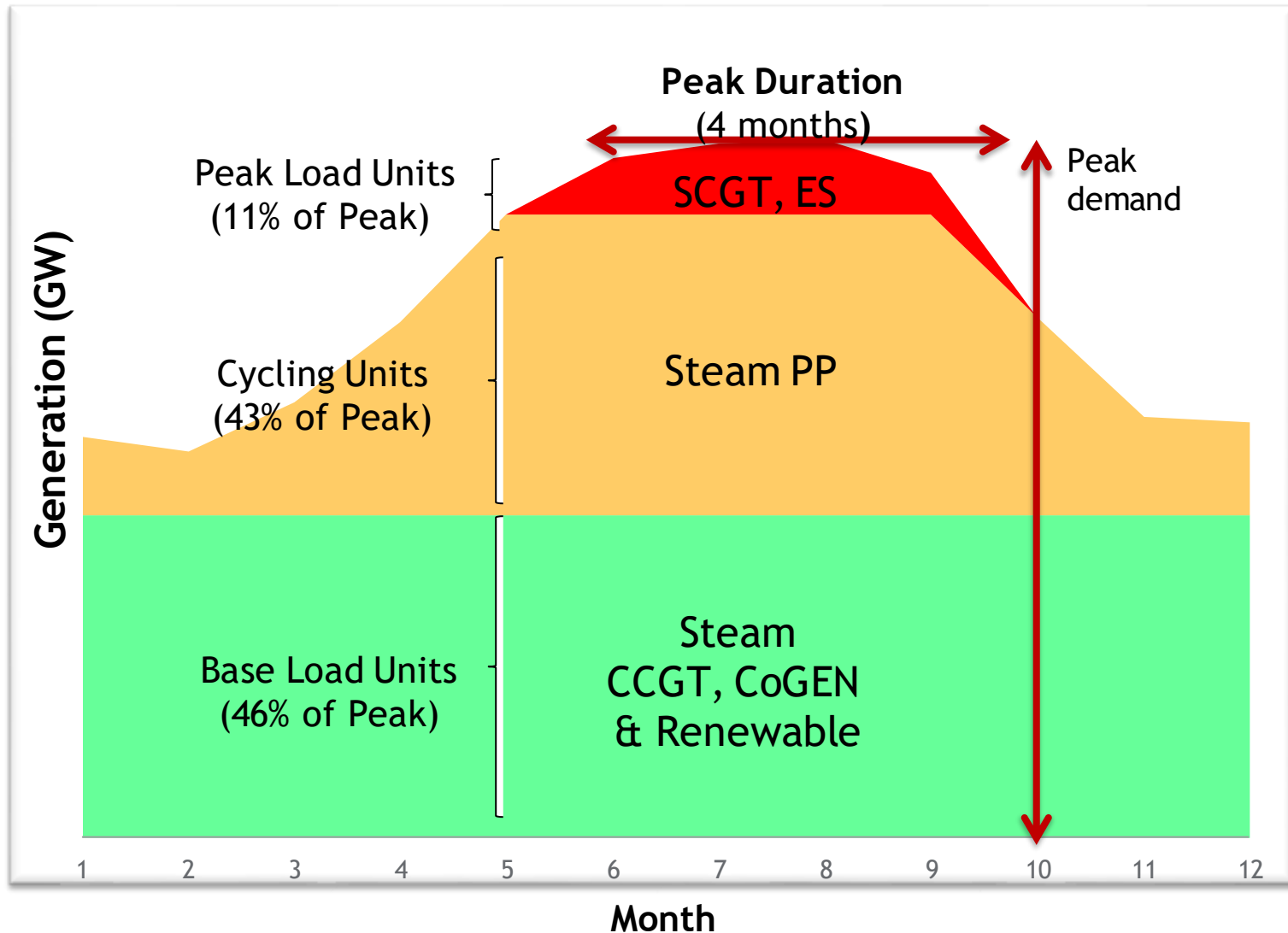
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Common Conventional Power/Steam Generation:

- **Simple Cycle (SCGT):** Power generation technology using fuel to produce electric power while exhaust heat is lost.
- **Combined Cycle (CCGT):** Power generation technology using fuel to produce electric power from two sides: Gas turbine side and Steam turbine side.
- **Cogeneration (CoGEN):** A technology that uses fuel to simultaneously produce two products (i.e. electric power and steam for process heating). Called Combined Heat & Power Technology (CHP).

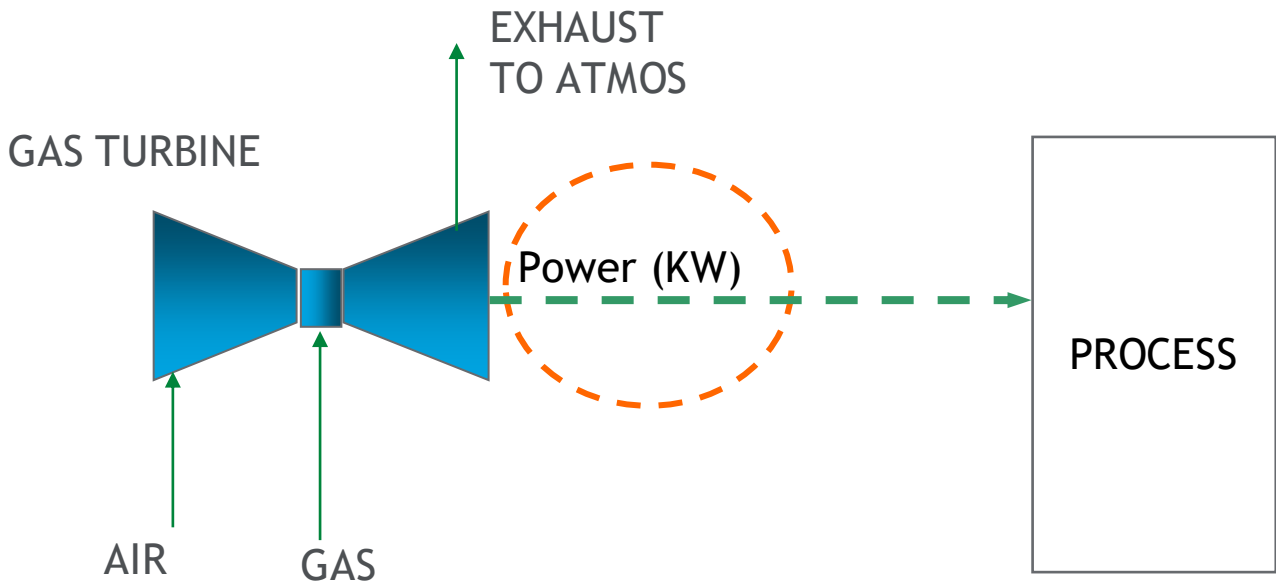


Power Demand Profile and Generation Mix:

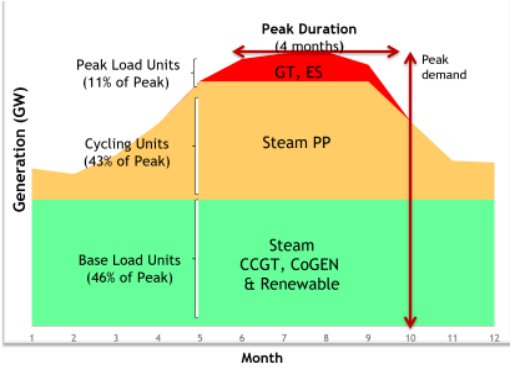


Power Gen.: Simple Cycle- (SCGT)

HEAT IN GT EXHAUST IS WASTED



TYPICAL EFF = 32 %



Positives:

- Quick response
- Used during peak

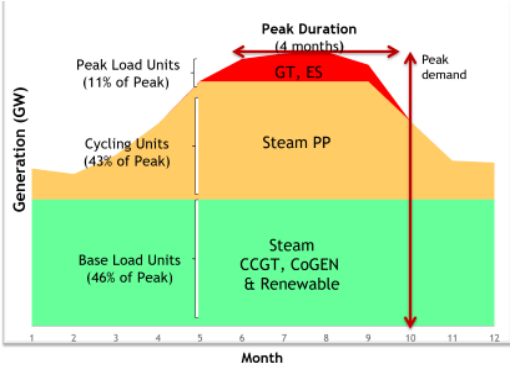
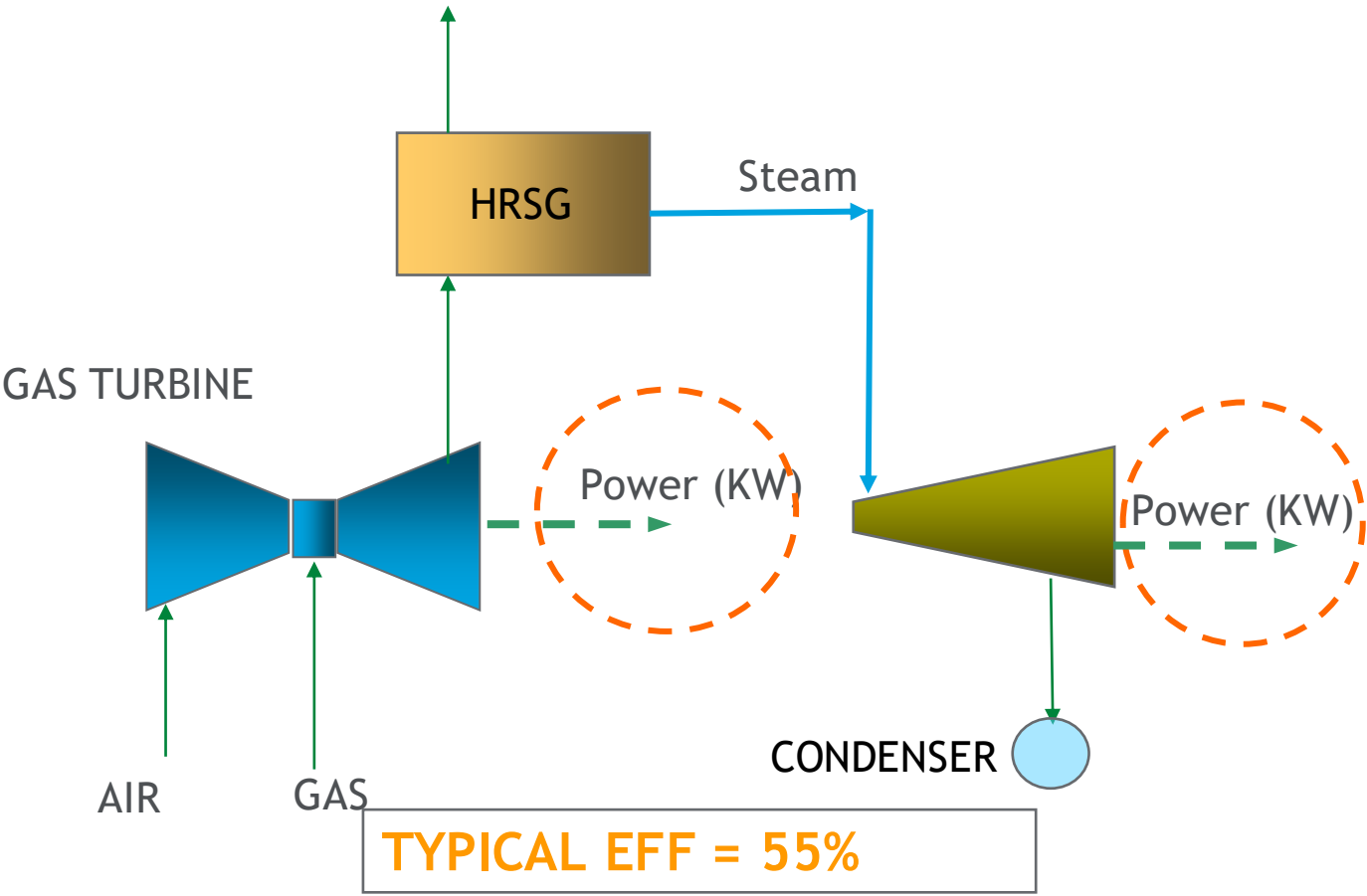
Negatives:

- Low efficiency
- High CO2 emissions

Recommendations:
Should be minimized &
Converted to CC

Power Gen.: Combined Cycle (CCGT)

HEAT IN GT EXHAUST IS USED FOR
MAXIMIZE POWER RECOVERY



Positives:

- Used for base-load
- High efficiency PP
- Low CO2 emissions

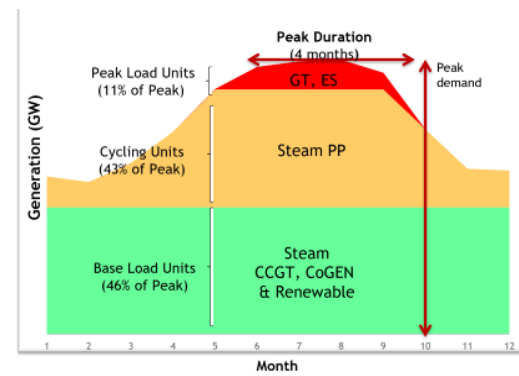
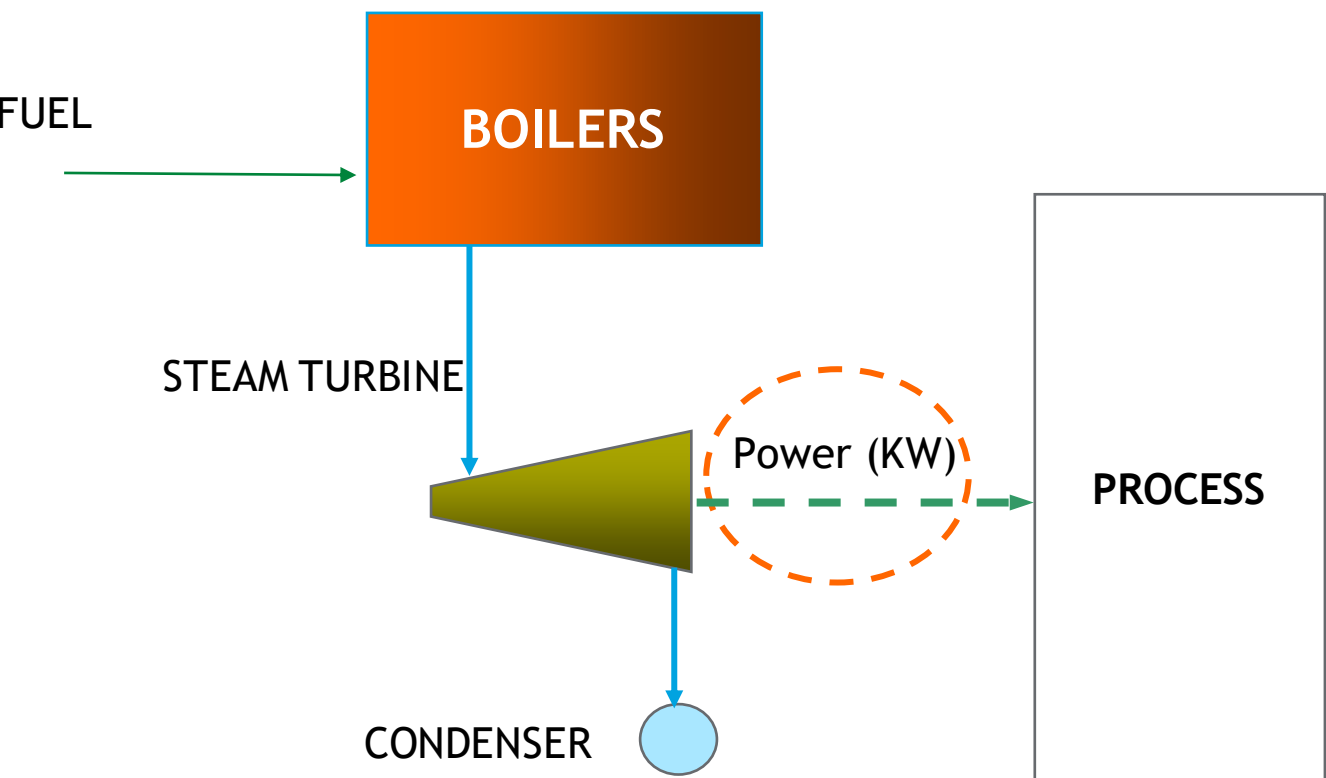
Negatives:

- Low efficiency at partial load
- Latent heat not captured

Recommendations:

Should be maximized

Power Gen.: Steam Cycle- SCPP

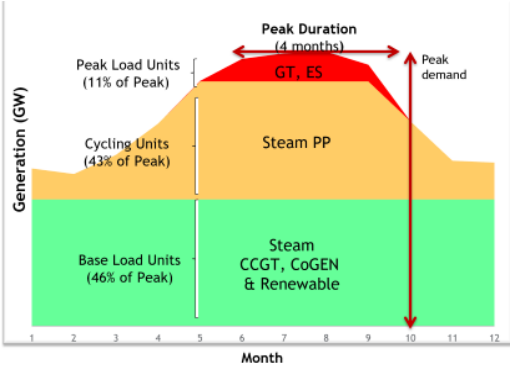
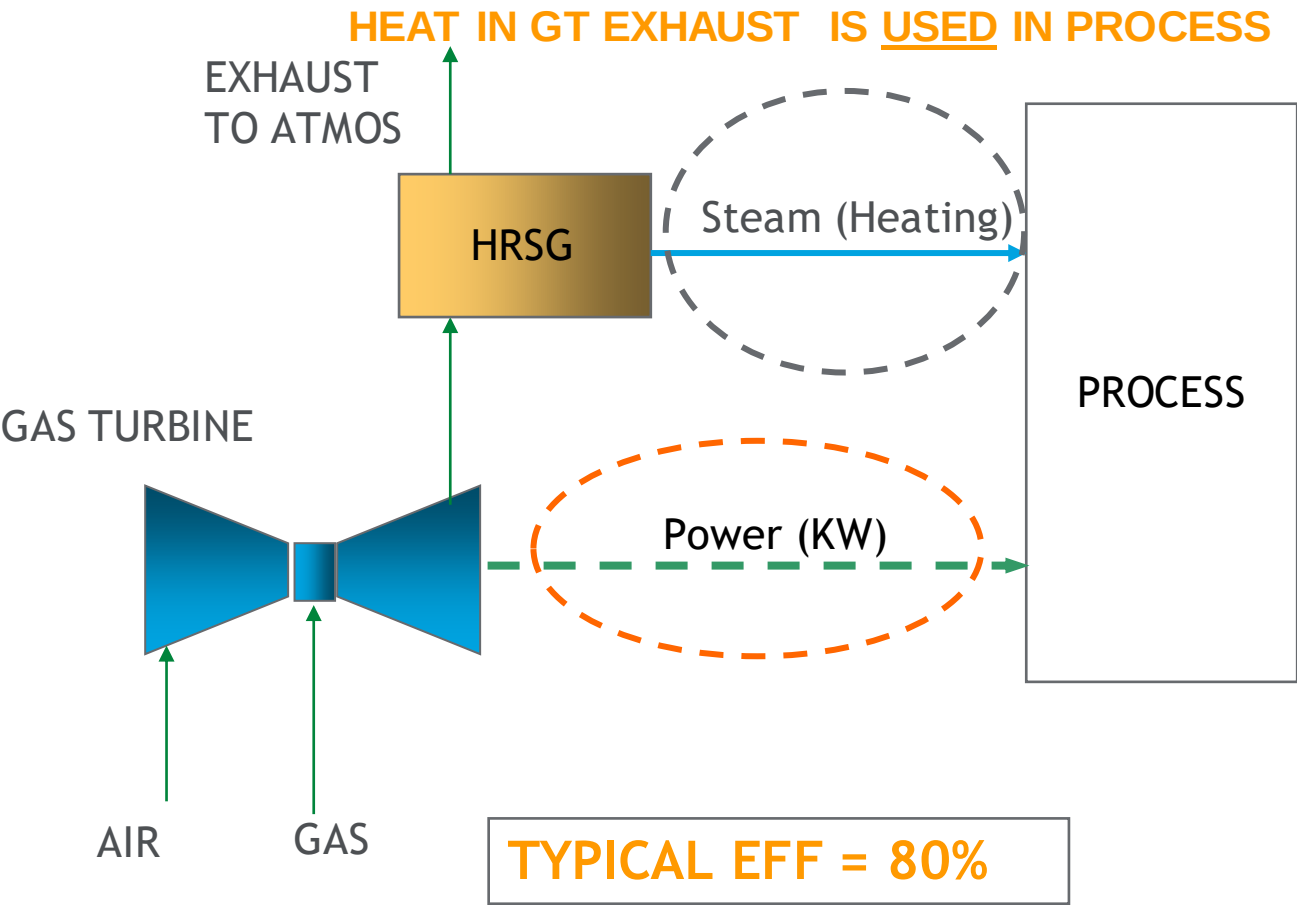


- Positives:**
- Used as cycling
 - Good response
- Negatives:**
- Low efficiency
 - High CO2 emissions
 - Latent heat not captured

Recommendations:
Should be minimized & Replaced with CC

LATENT HEAT OF STEAM IS WASTED **TYPICAL EFF = 38%**

Industrial: GT CoGEN (CHP)



Positives:

- Used as base-load
- For industrial complex
- High efficiency
- Low CO2 emissions
- Latent heat captured

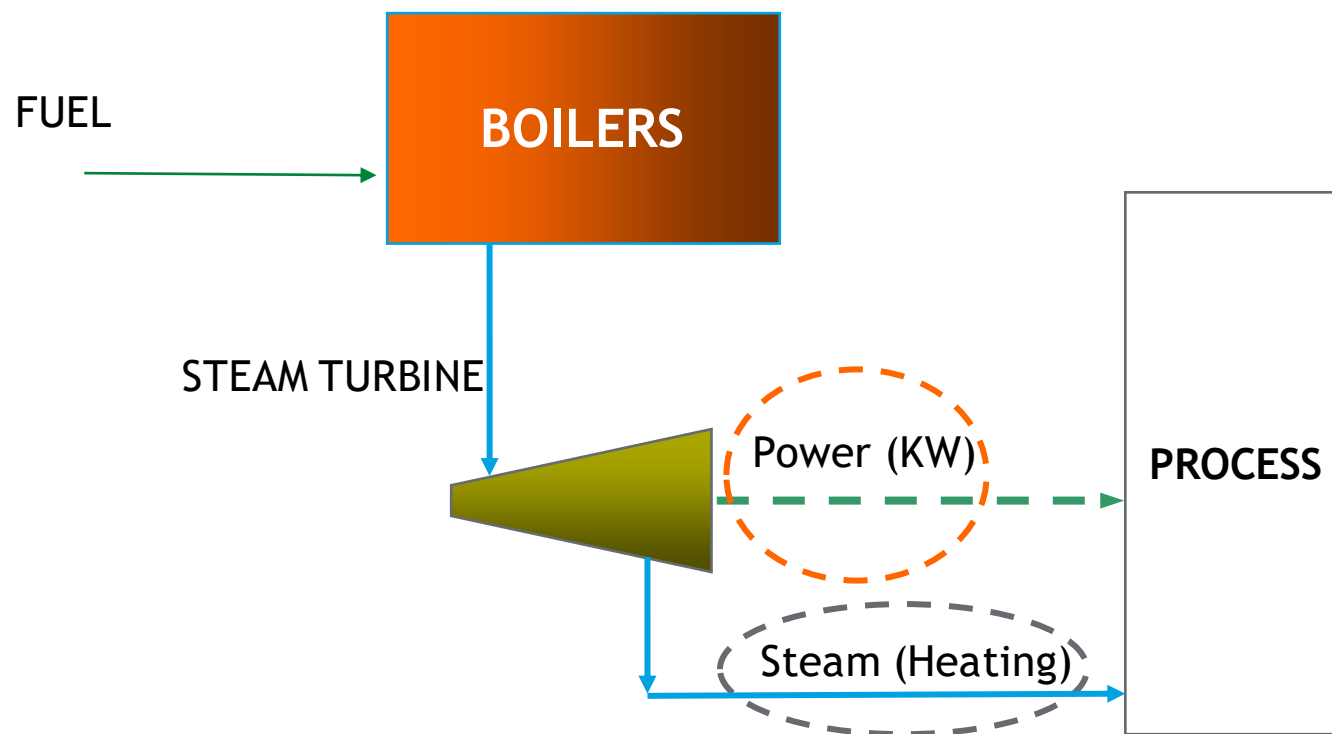
Negatives:

- Low efficiency at partial load

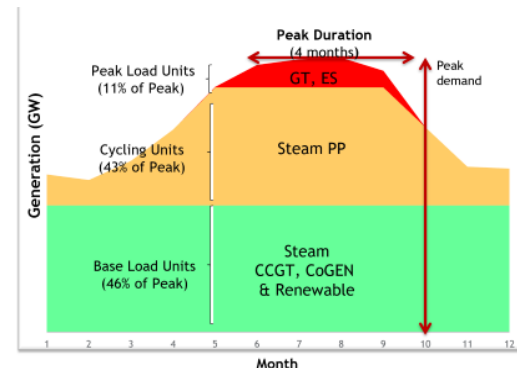
Recommendations:
Should be maximized

Industrial: Boiler CoGEN (CHP)

LATENT HEAT OF STEAM IS USED IN THE PROCESS



TYPICAL EFF = 70%



Positives:

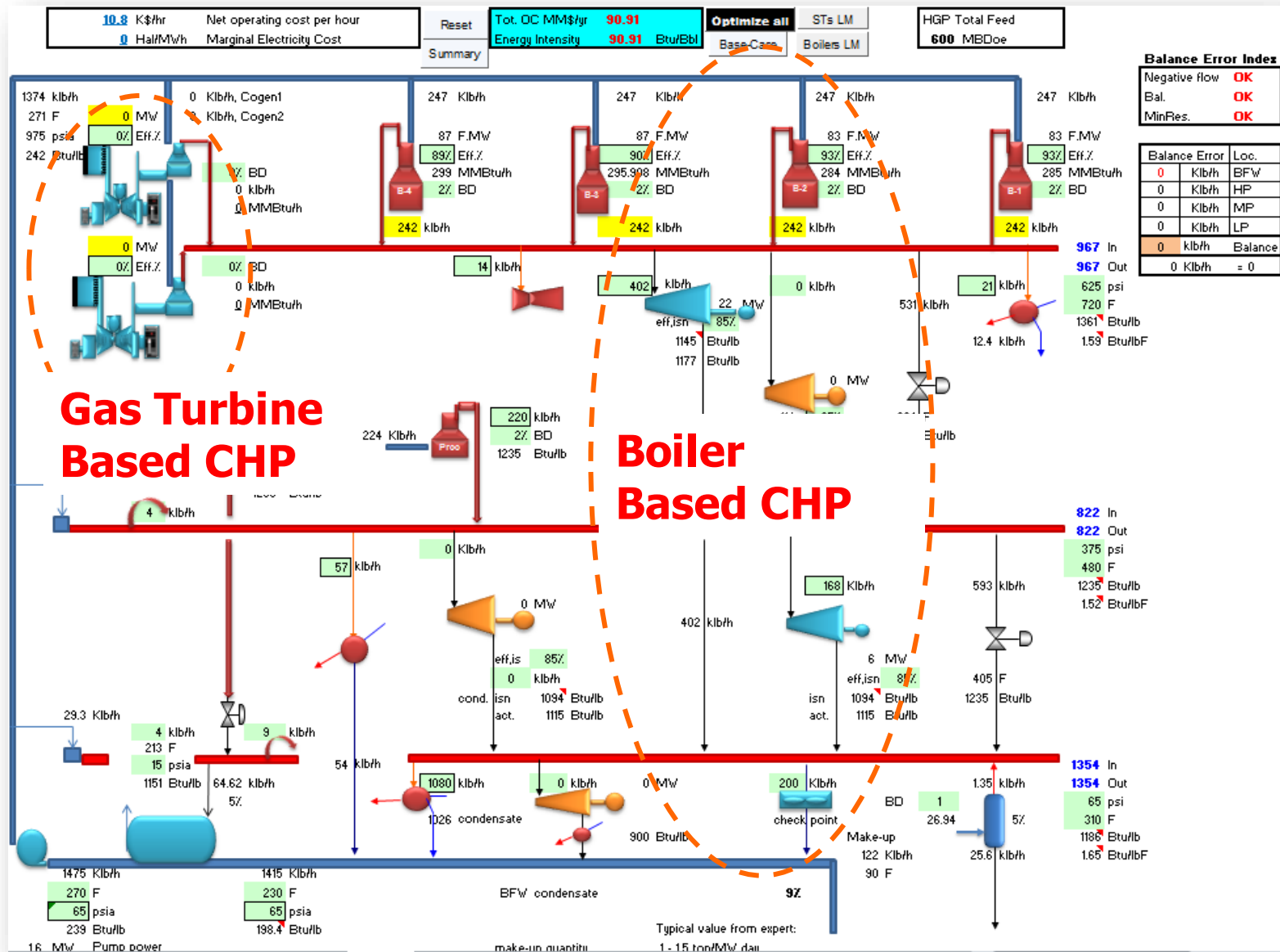
- Used as Base load
- Industrial application
- Good efficiency
- Latent Heat captured

Negatives:

- Slow response
- Low power generation level

Recommendations:
Should be maximized

Industrial Complex Power & Steam Generation



Power/Steam Generation Decarbonization- Preliminary Roadmap

2

Proposed Power/Steam Generation De-carbonization Roadmap

Operational Optimization

Load Management Optimization

Economic Dispatch Model Deployment

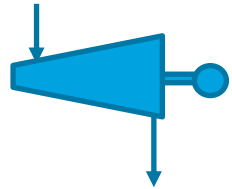


EE Projects

Cogeneration

Steam Turbine Generators

Industrial Renewable (i.e. Turbo-expander, ORC)



Decarbonization Alternatives

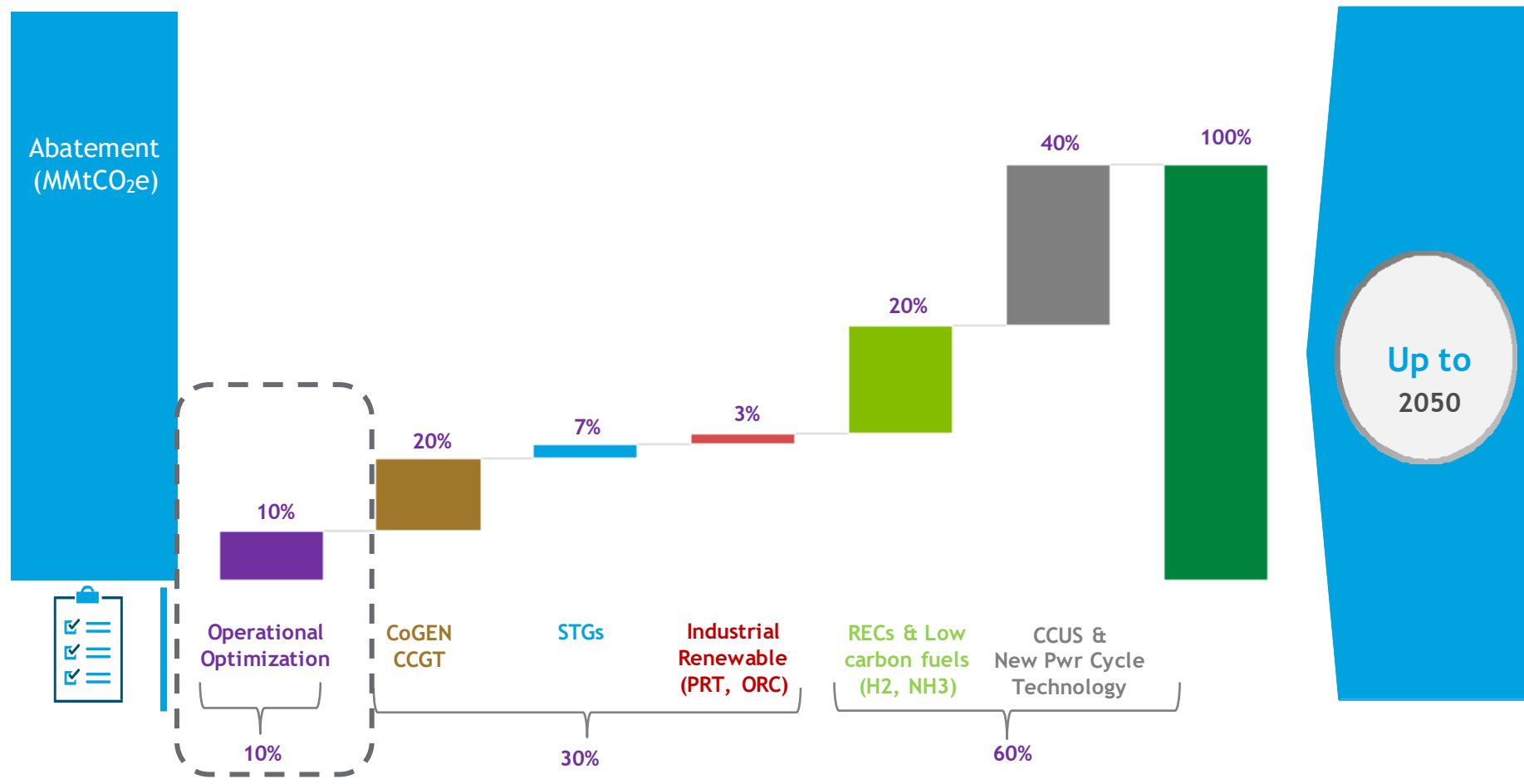
Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs)

Low carbon fuels (H2, NH3)

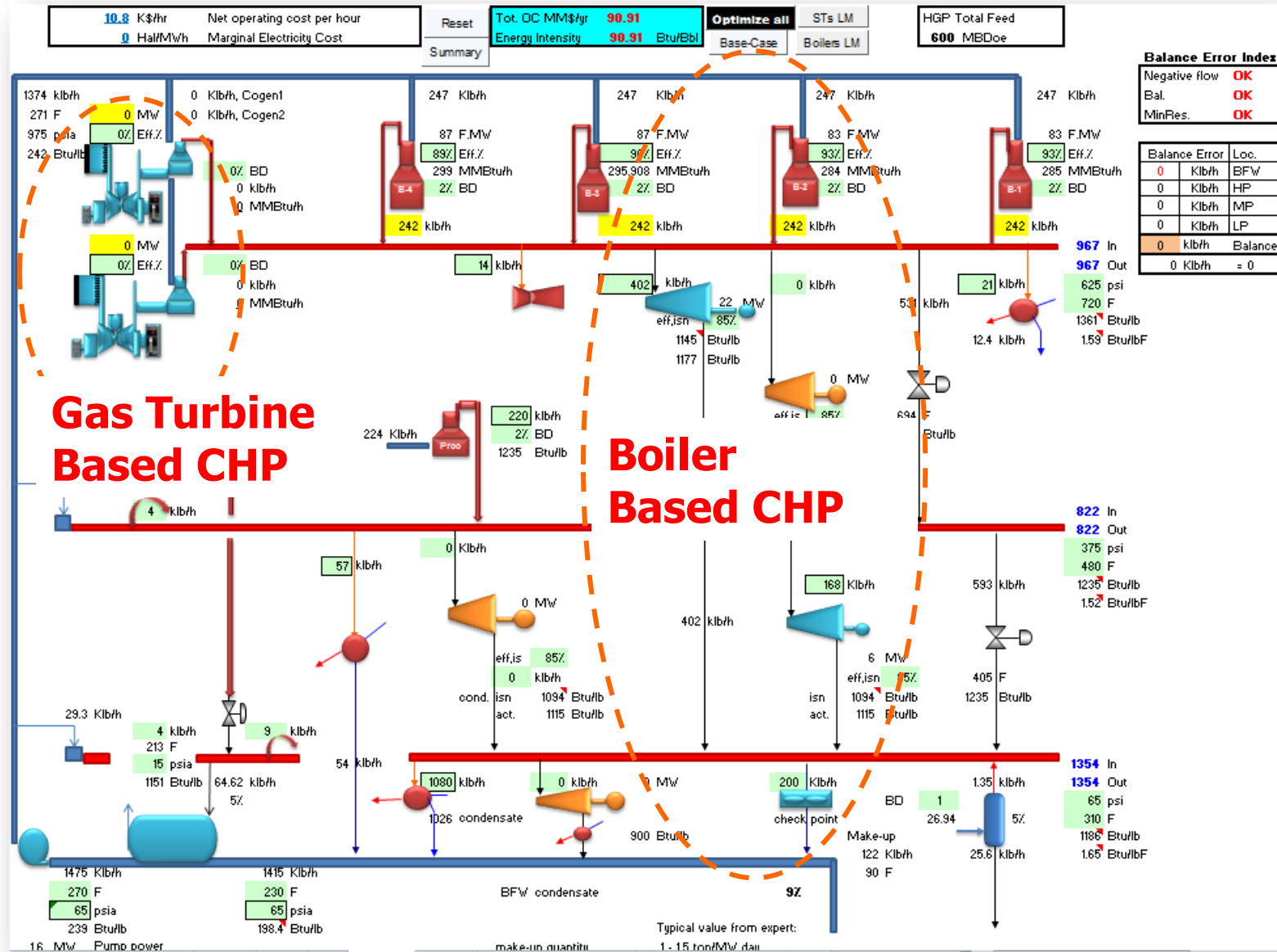
New Pwr Gen. Cycle Technology & CCUS



Proposed Power/Steam Generation De-carbonization Roadmap



Industrial Complex Power & Steam Generation Optimization



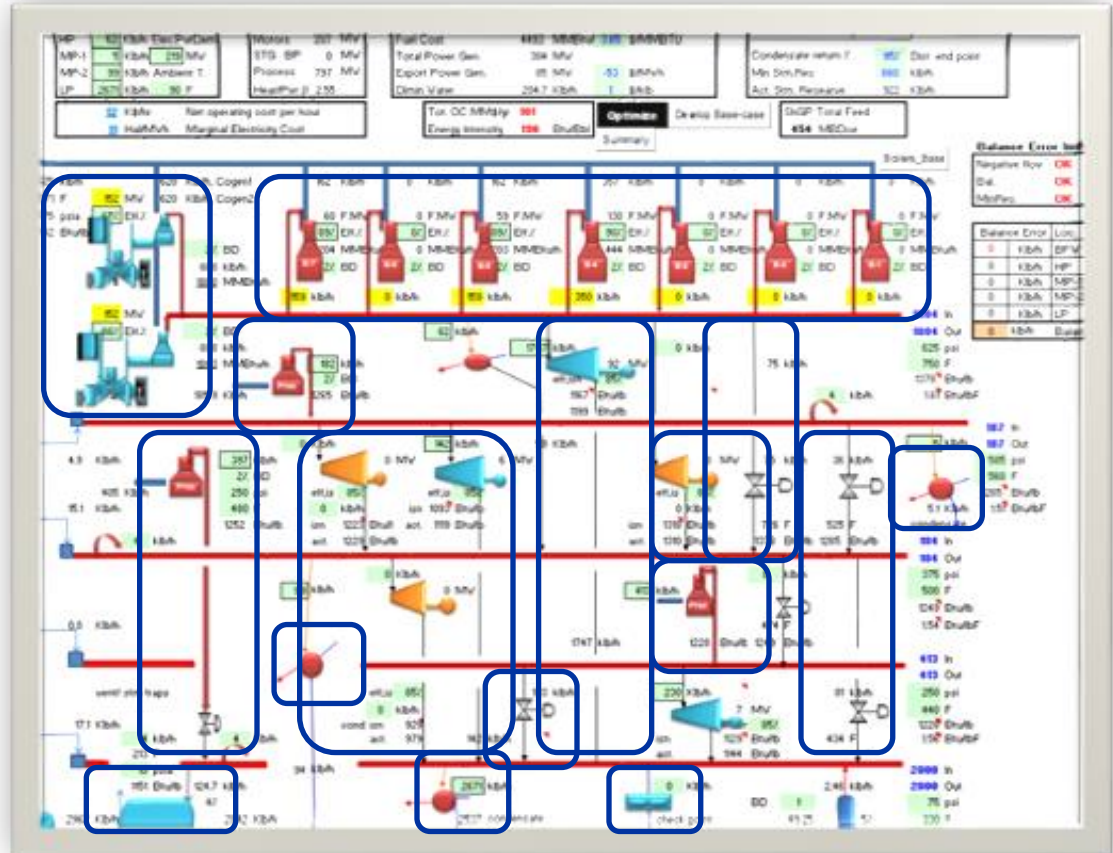
Existing Facilities: “Operational Optimization”

- Online CHP Optimization Solution at Single Industrial Site

3

Online CHP Optimization Solution

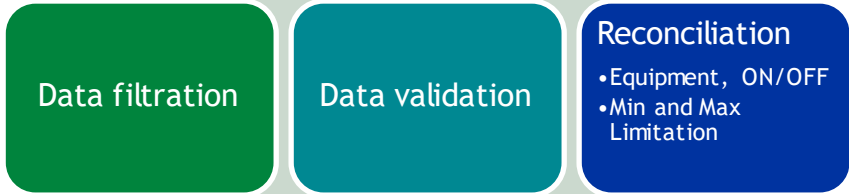
- Boilers
- Cogeneration Units
- Process Steam Generators
- Steam Turbines
- Motors Switchable to STs
- Steam users
- Power users
- Steam System Network
- Letdowns/De-super-heater
- Fin-Fan Condensers
- Deaerator
- Condensate system



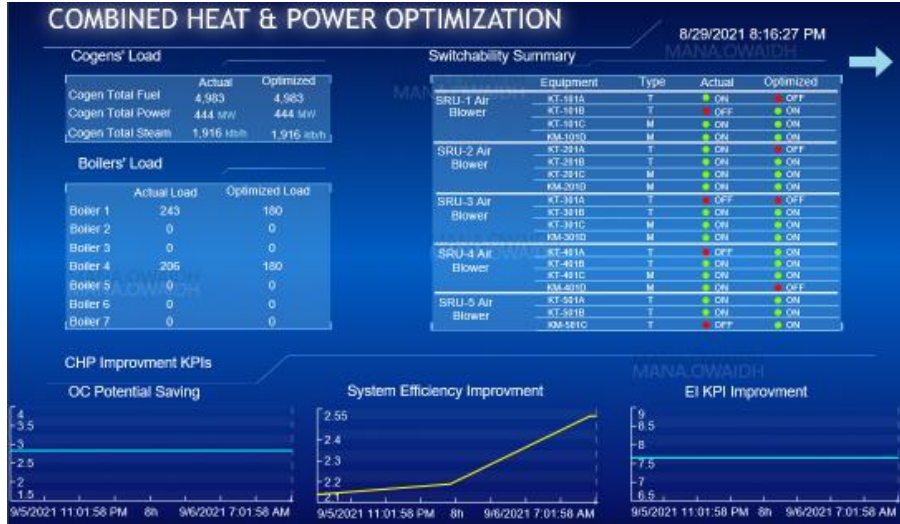
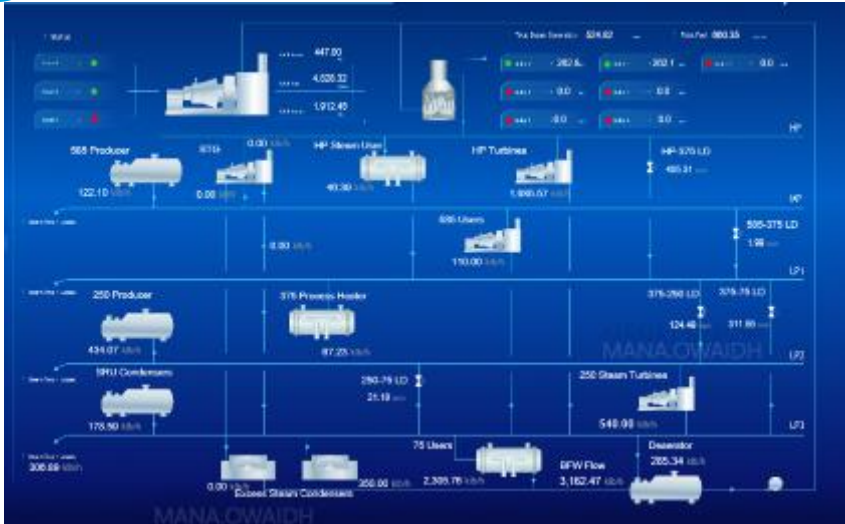
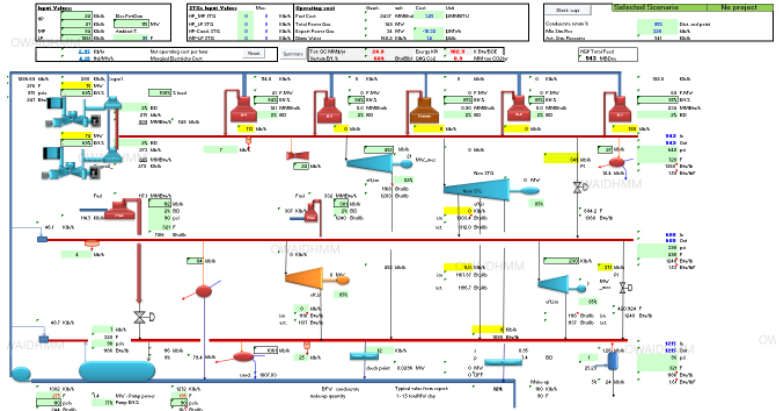
Online CHP Optimization Solution

1 PI- Data Validation & Filtration Mechanism

2 CHP Optimization Engine & Schematic



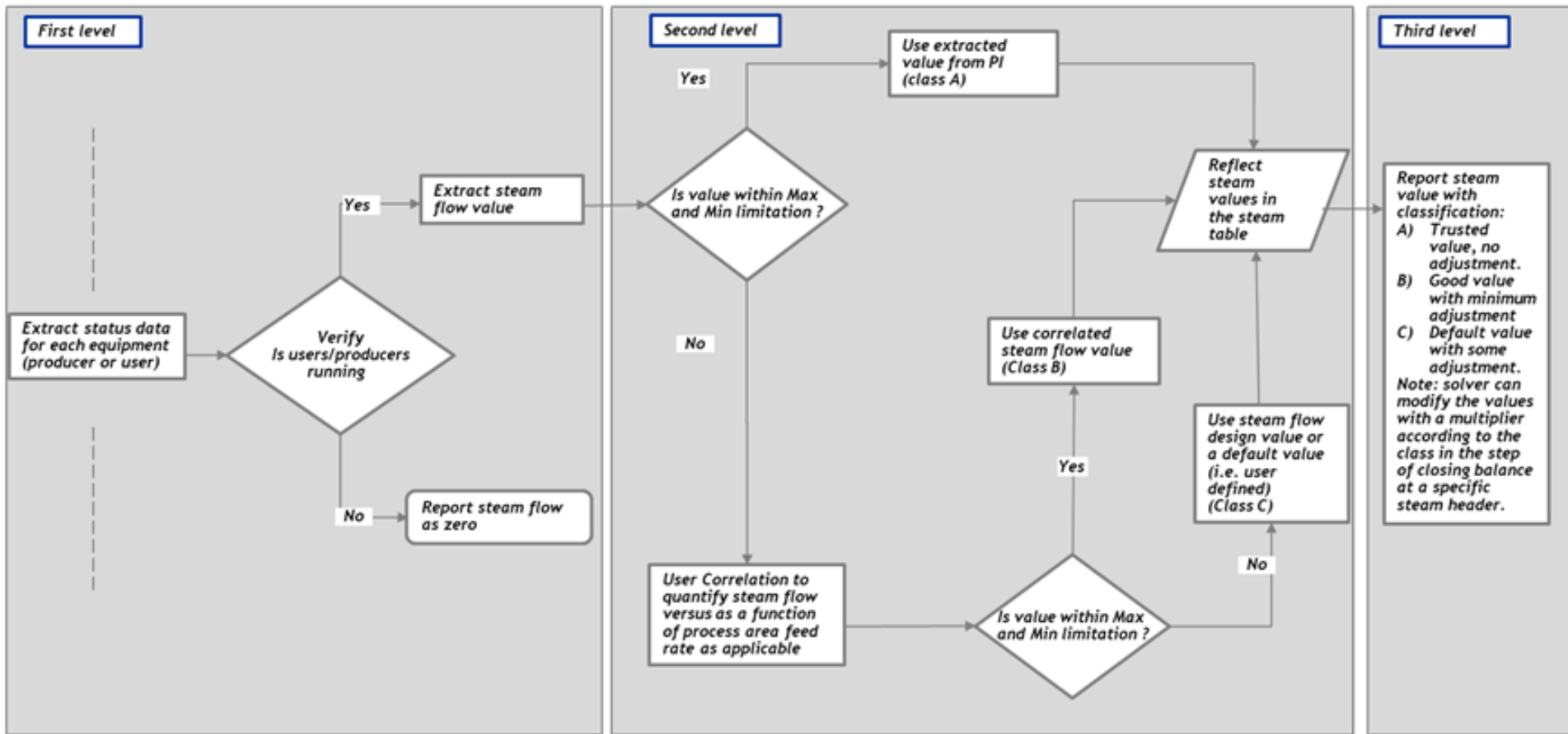
3 Dashboard & Recommendations



Online CHP Optimization Solution

1

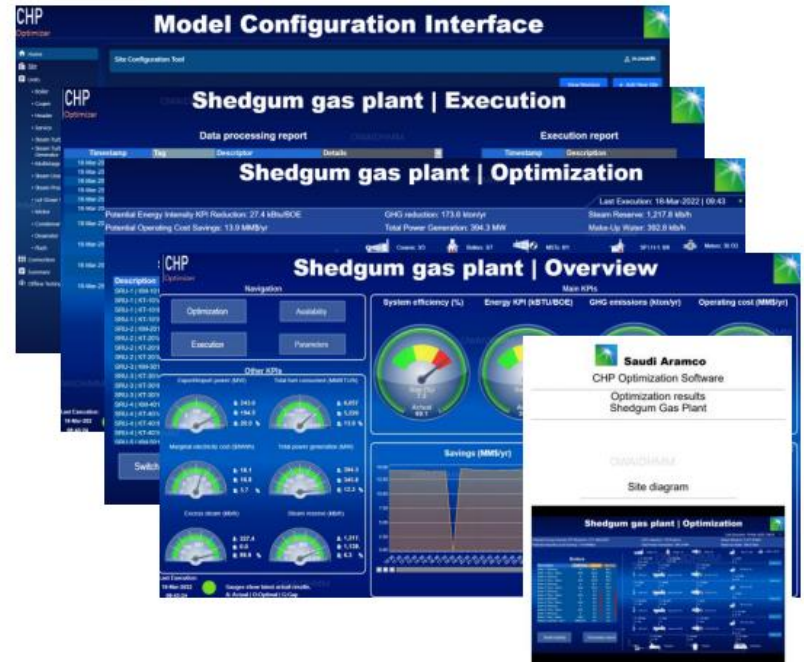
PI- Data Validation & Filtration Mechanism



Online CHP Optimization Solution

CHP Optimization Engine & Schematic

- Includes library of equipment with thermodynamic representation of equipment and systems
- Includes Optimization Engine to achieve:



Online CHP Optimization Solution

3

PI Vision Dashboard & Recommendations

COMBINED HEAT & POWER OPTIMIZATION

8/29/2021 8:16:27 PM

MANA.OWAIDH

Cogens' Load

	Actual	Optimized
Cogen Total Fuel	4,983	4,983
Cogen Total Power	444 MW	444 MW
Cogen Total Steam	1,916 klb/h	1,916 klb/h

Boilers' Load

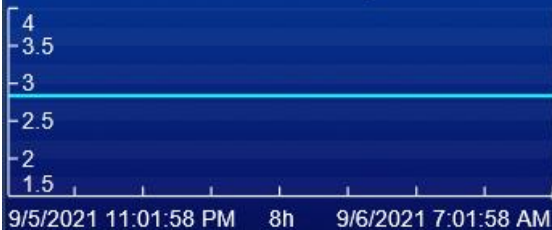
	Actual Load	Optimized Load
Boiler 1	243	180
Boiler 2	0	0
Boiler 3	0	0
Boiler 4	206	180
Boiler 5	0	0
Boiler 6	0	0
Boiler 7	0	0

Switchability Summary

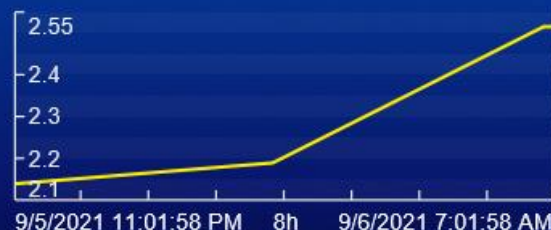
	Equipment	Type	Actual	Optimized
SRU-1 Air Blower	KT-101A	T	● ON	● OFF
	KT-101B	T	● OFF	● ON
	KT-101C	M	● ON	● ON
	KM-101D	M	● ON	● ON
SRU-2 Air Blower	KT-201A	T	● ON	● OFF
	KT-201B	T	● ON	● ON
	KT-201C	M	● ON	● ON
	KM-201D	M	● ON	● ON
SRU-3 Air Blower	KT-301A	T	● OFF	● OFF
	KT-301B	T	● ON	● ON
	KT-301C	M	● ON	● ON
	KM-301D	M	● ON	● ON
SRU-4 Air Blower	KT-401A	T	● OFF	● ON
	KT-401B	T	● ON	● ON
	KT-401C	M	● ON	● ON
	KM-401D	M	● ON	● OFF
SRU-5 Air Blower	KT-501A	T	● ON	● ON
	KT-501B	T	● ON	● ON
	KM-501C	T	● OFF	● ON

CHP Improvment KPIs

OC Potential Saving



System Efficiency Improvment

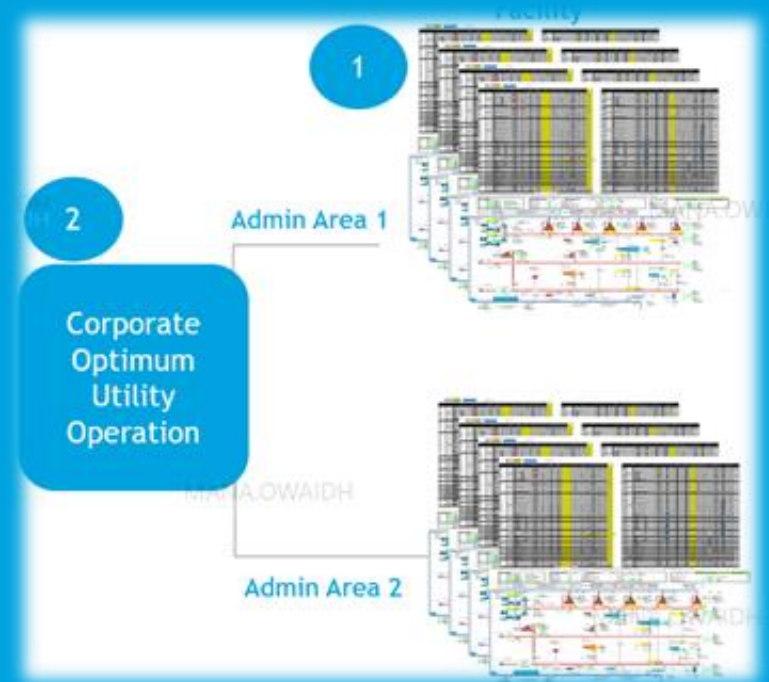


EI KPI Improvment



Online Optimization Solution - (Multiple sites Economic Dispatch)

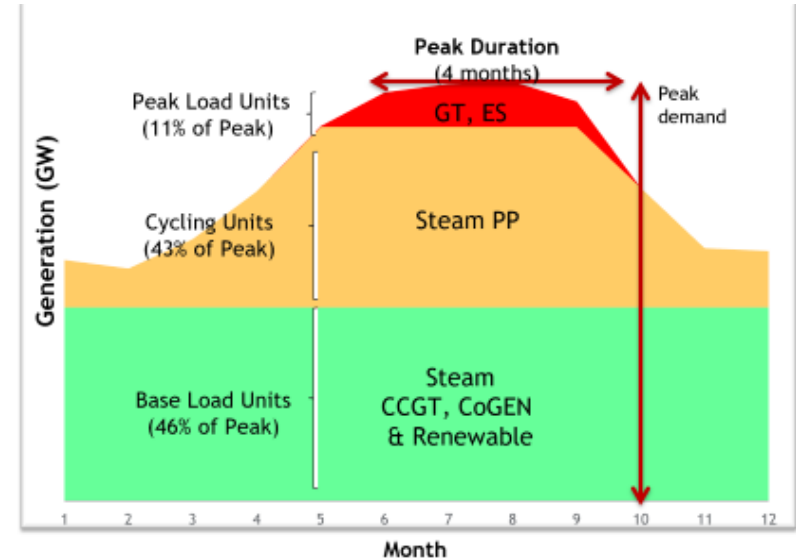
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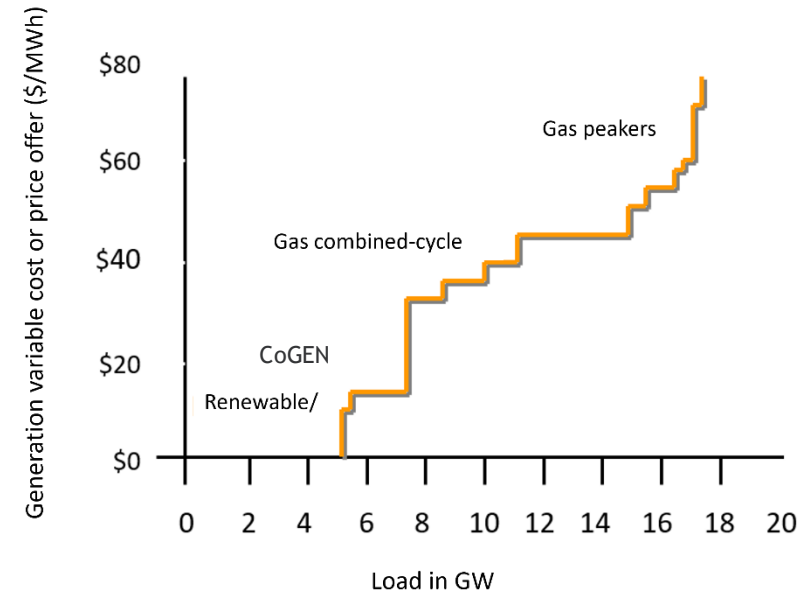
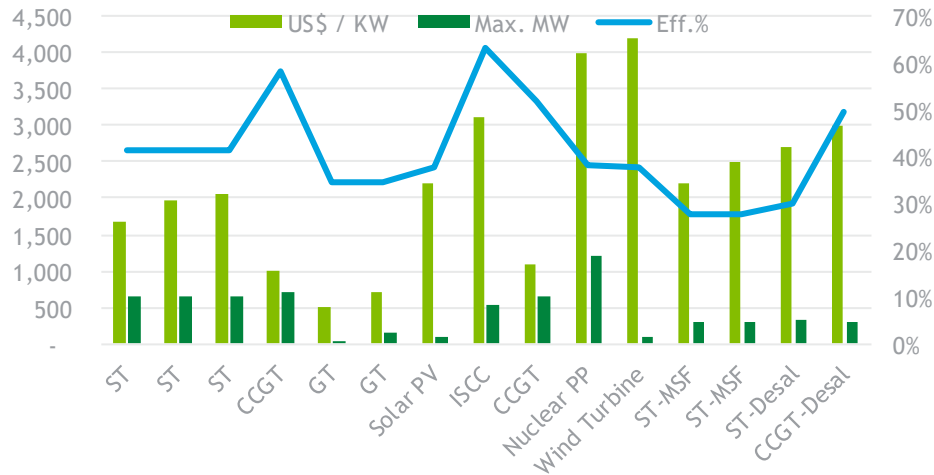
Power/Steam Generation Economic Dispatch

Optimization Formulation:

- **Objective function:** Min Operating Cost
- **Variables:** ON/OFF of units and loading of running units
- **Constraints:** Power Demand, Units Min/Max of units, fuel availability and reserve



Power Generation Technology

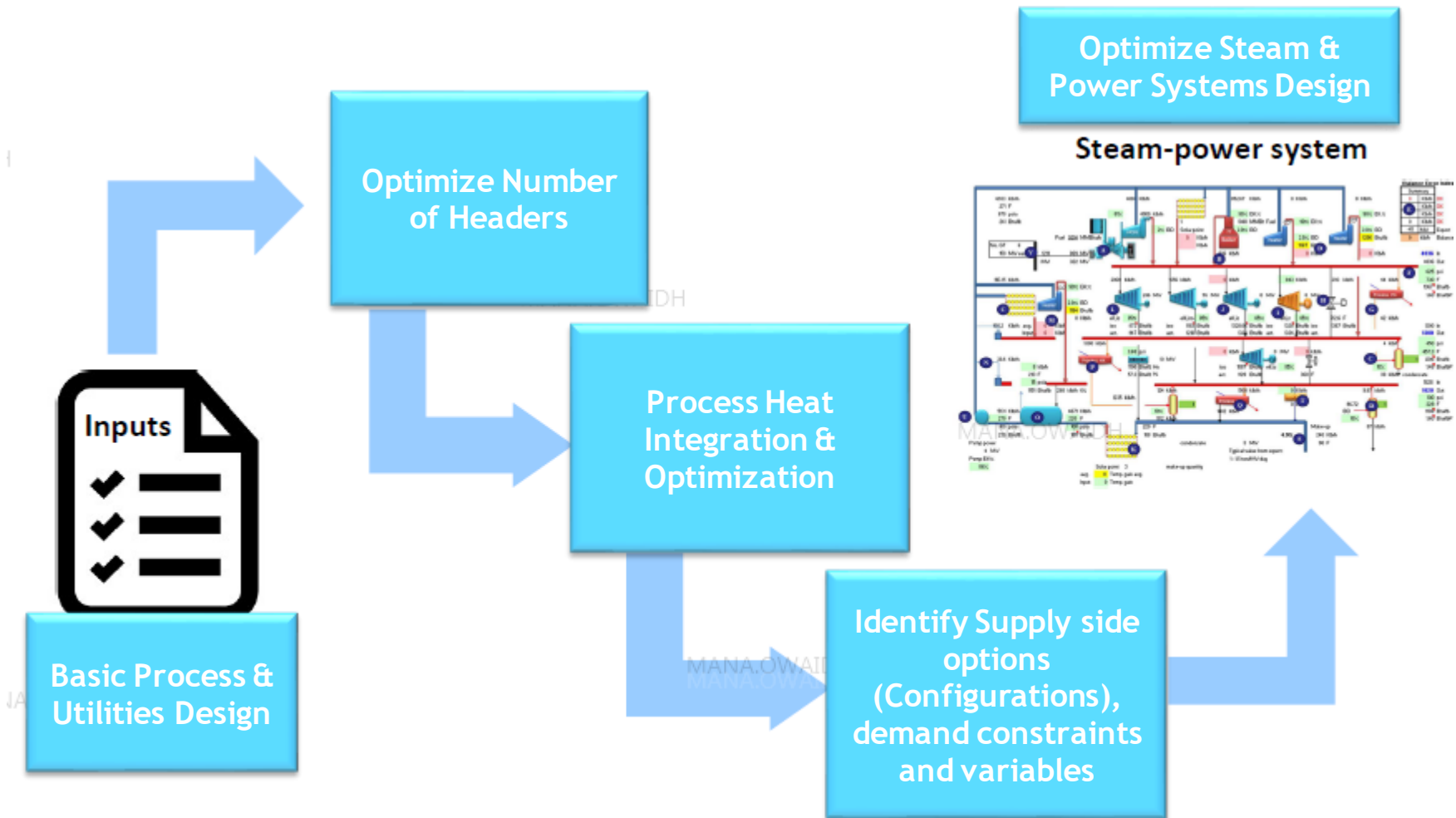


New Projects: “Design Optimization”

- CHP Model for Optimum design

4

CHP Model for Optimum design



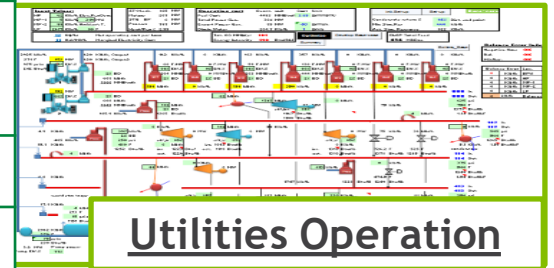
CHP Model for Optimum design

Example: Optimum Design of Steam and Power Systems

Facility Energy Demand		Value	Unit
Power Demand		200	MW
Steam Demand		1200	Klb/h
Steam Reserve Available	$\geq$	One Unit	
Overall System Eff%	$\geq$	70%	

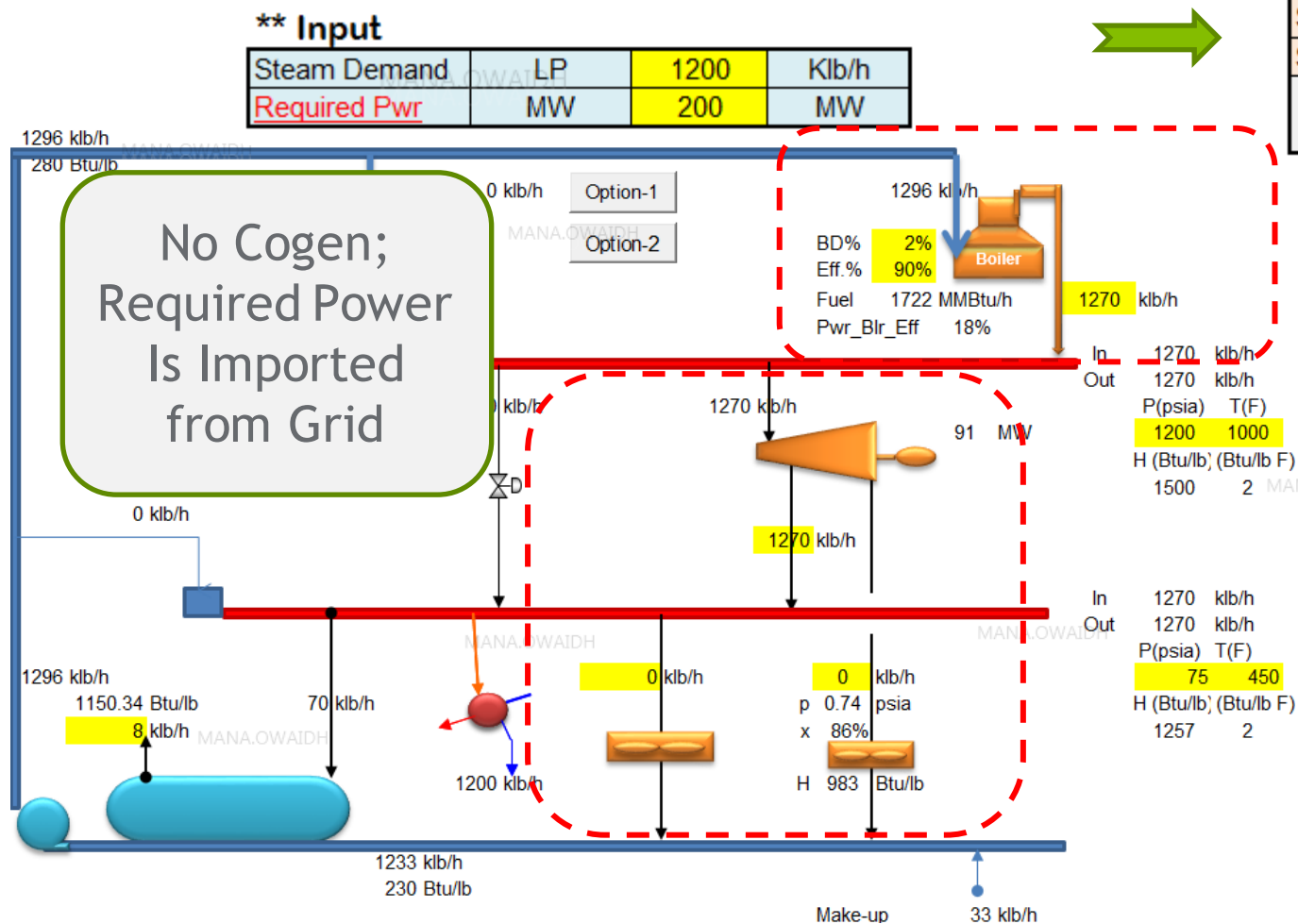


Utility Design Configuration:	
1. Boilers and Steam Turbines	
2. Cogen and Steam Turbines	
3. Cogen and Boilers and Steam Turbines	



CHP Model for Optimum design

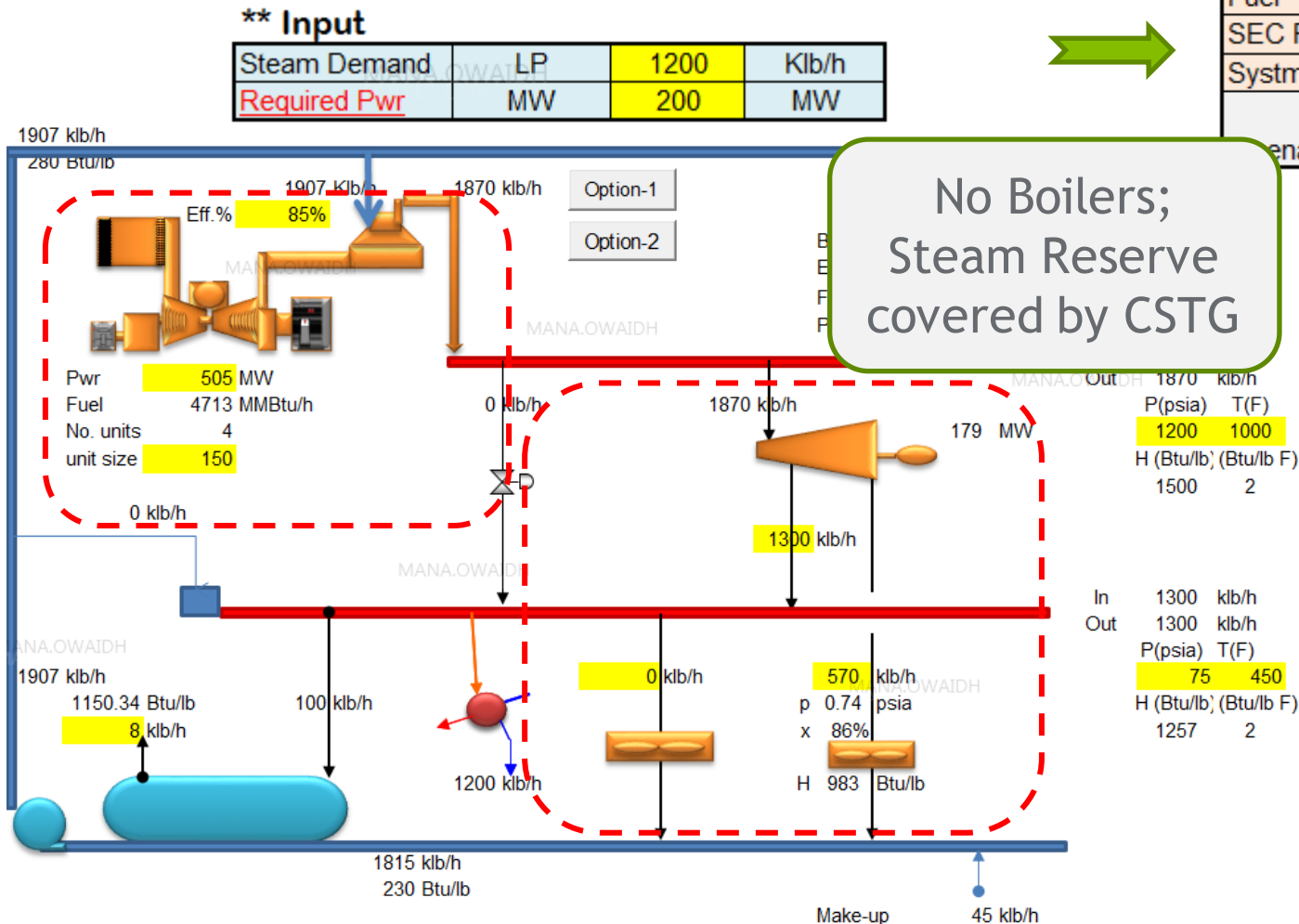
CHP System Thermal Efficiency- “Boiler Configuration”



Net Pwr	MW	91
Fuel	(MMBtu/h)	1722
SEC Fuel	(MMBtu/h)	691
System	Eff. %	64%
Scenario	Cogen %	Boilers
	0%	100%

CHP Model for Optimum design

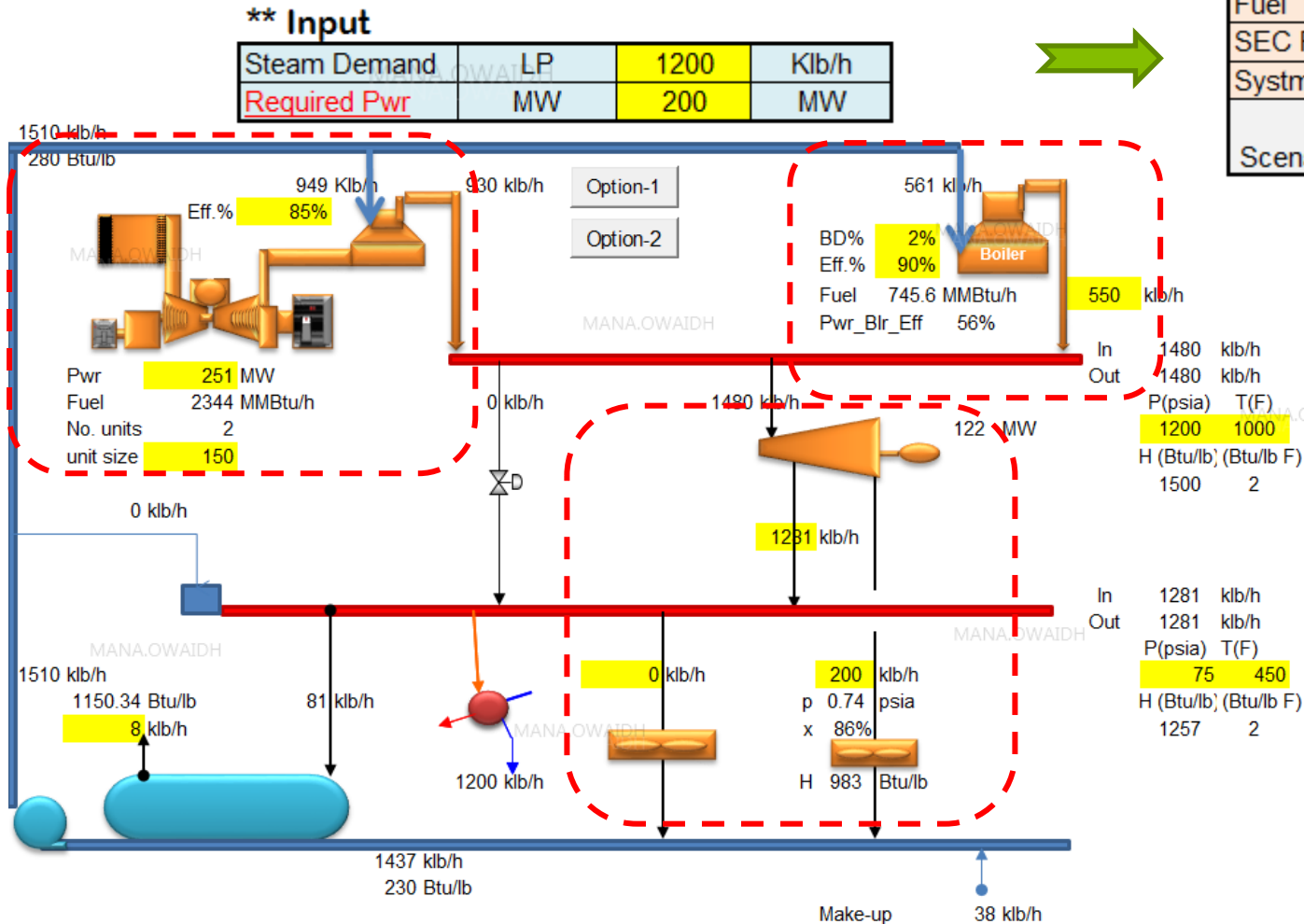
CHP System Thermal Efficiency- “Cogen Configuration”



Net Pwr	MW	684
Fuel	(MMBtu/h)	4713
SEC Fuel	(MMBtu/h)	-3061
System	Eff. %	76%
Scenario	Cogen %	100%
	Boilers	0%

CHP Model for Optimum design

CHP System Thermal Efficiency- “Cogen/Boiler Configuration”



Net Pwr	MW	373
Fuel	(MMBtu/h)	3090
SEC Fuel	(MMBtu/h)	-1093
System	Eff.%	81%
Scenario	Cogen %	Boilers
	63%	37%

CHP Model for Optimum design

Example - Result Summary

Facility Energy Demand		Value	Unit
Power Demand		200	MW
Steam Demand		1200	Klb/h
Steam Reserve Available	>=	One Unit	
Overall System Eff%	>=	70%	

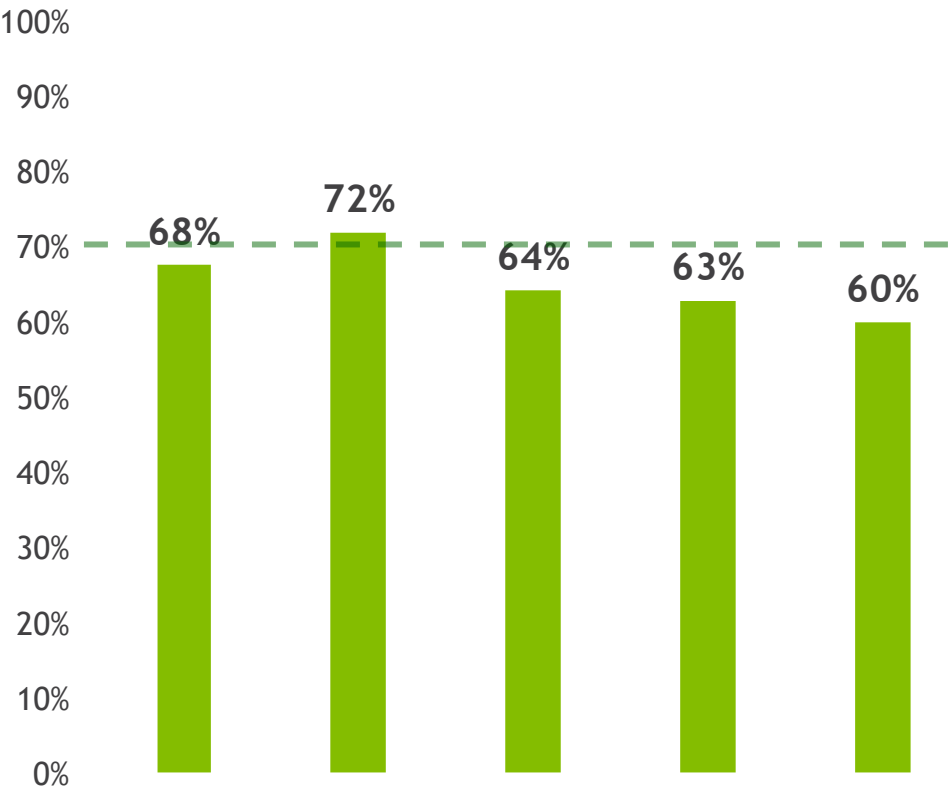
Option	Fuel (MMBTU/h)	Power Gen MW	Capex MM \$	Overall Supply Eff. %	NPV (\$ MM)
Boilers Only	1722	91	304	62%	3 rd
Cogen Only	4713	684	1085	76%	2 nd
Cogen & Boilers	2642	373	663	81%	1 st

Combined Heat & Power Systems Optimization

Takeaway

-  CHP systems' Thermal Efficiency = Ratio between all useful energies generated by the system and total energy input as fuel
-  Targeting 70% for new CHP systems projects
-  Highly dependent on the design configuration
-  Optimization models are important to find best design

Typical CHP System Efficiency



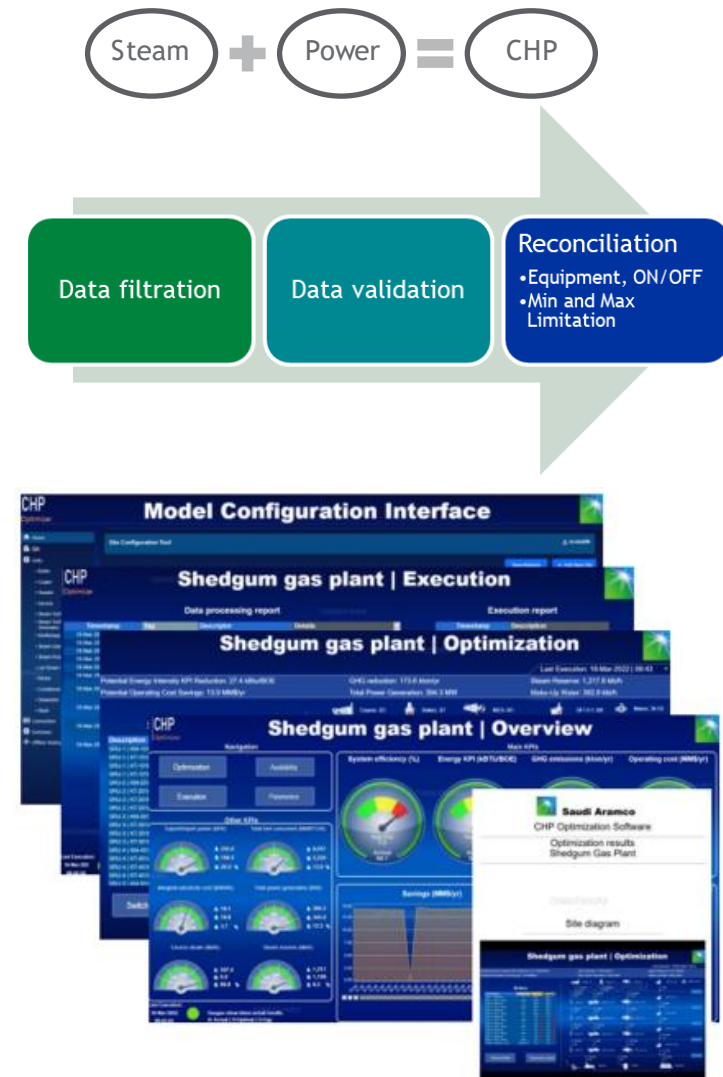
■ Carry Over from Previous Years ■ Year's Increment

Summary & Conclusion

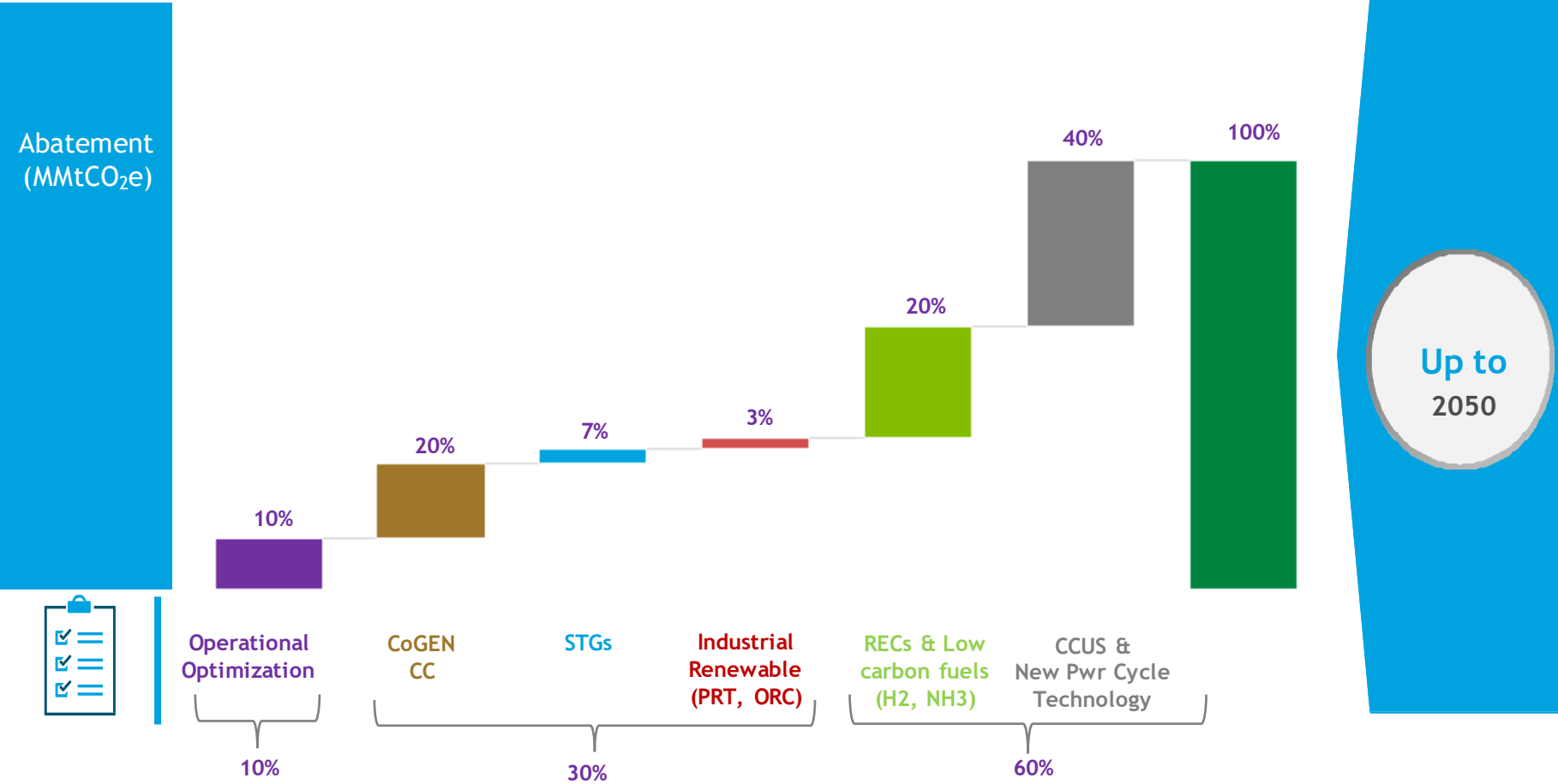
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Power & Steam Generation Optimization for Industrial Facilities

- Industrial & Utility energy consumption exceeds 60% of Saudi Arabia internal energy consumption.
- Operational optimization and load management can provide 10% potential emission reduction.
- Saudi Aramco has developed solutions for operational optimization called online CHP optimization software.
- Accounts for all key constraints
- Provides real time recommendations for improving system efficiency, reducing operating cost and CO2 emissions.
- Developed CHP optimization solution for new design to identify the optimum configuration and sizing



Power & Steam Generation Optimization for Industrial Facilities



Thank you