Impact of the Stochastic Behaviour of Renewable Resources on Power



System Reliability



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Carbon Emissions — Clean Energy

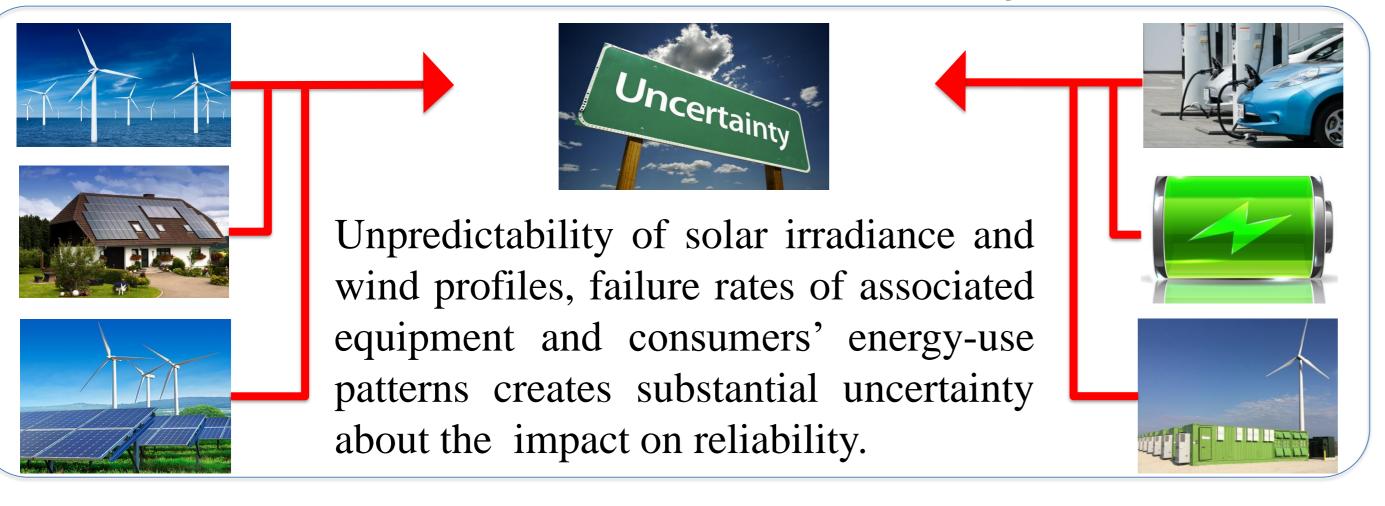
Widespread development of renewable energy technologies in power system networks promises to substantially improve energy efficiency, economy and consumption.

This is expected to improve climate by reducing carbon emissions and promoting a clean energy future.



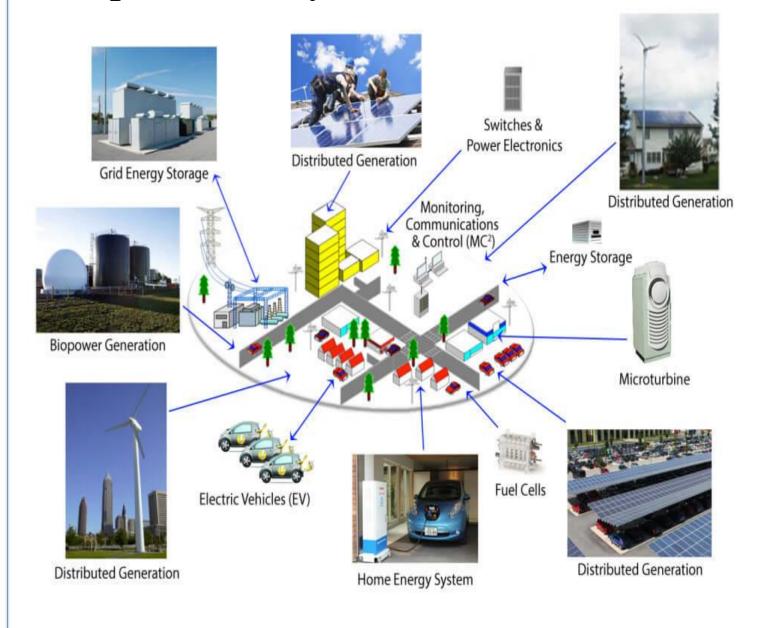


Spatial and Temporal Variability ?



Smart Grid Functionality

Intelligent implementation 'smart grid' network functionality will improve the quality of supply experienced by the end customers.

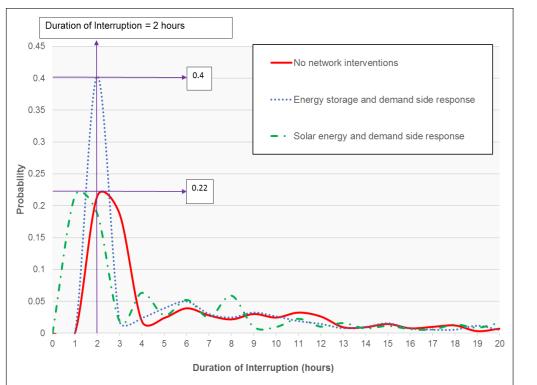


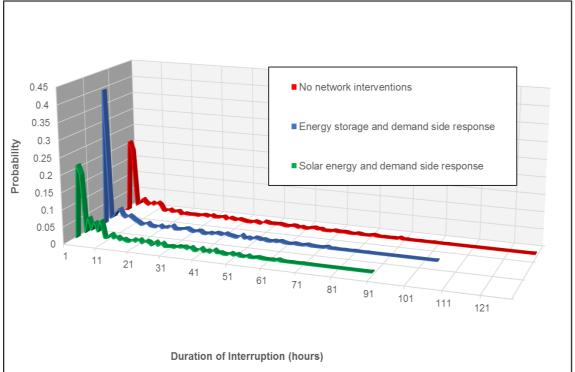
Renewable-based small-scale generation technologies allow for the deferral of (usually exorbitant) capital investment for network area reinforcement.

Methodology – Integrated Quality of Supply Analysis

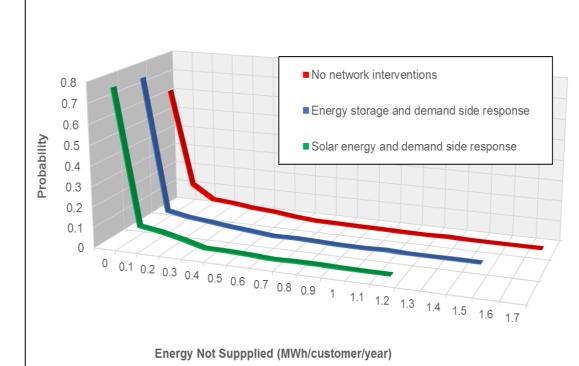
Improving conventional Suburban distribution network Calculate standard **reliability Monte-Carlo simulation** (using **performance indices** – assessing MATLAB) by including timefrequency and duration of variation of electricity demand interruptions, energy not supplied, etc. profiles and power components' failure rates. 200kVA Transforme **Model different** $Z_T = 7.5 + j22.5$ **PSS®E** 'smart' automated interventions using

Results and Conclusions





python*



Reductions in the frequency and duration of interruptions, and energy not supplied



Impact on duration of interruptions and energy not supplied

Fast-track development of planning and operation tools (integrating system reliability) to increase energy efficiency and most importantly, save on energy cost.

Further work will integrate power quality into the analysis and quantify the commercial benefits.