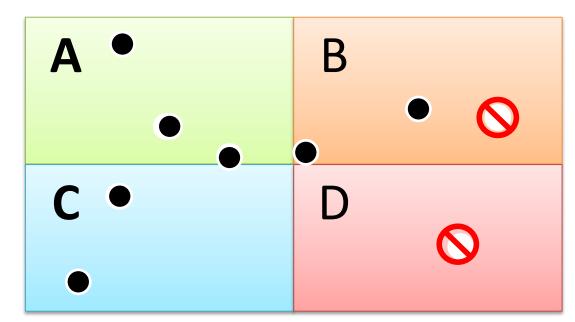


Impact

Problem Solving

Identify and solve the root causes of

problems using CI tools



Cost / Difficulty



Agenda

- Welcome
- Ground Rules
- Introductions
- Problem Solving Tools



Hands on Practice and Group Activities

Course Objectives

- Enhance your ability to identify and understand problems
- Learn steps and tools to help you identify and solve root causes of problems
- Incorporate problem solving into your daily work
- Build your skills with CI tools

Tools and Concepts We Will Cover

- A3 Problem Solving Tool
- Voice of the customer (VOC)
- Program and process measures
- Brainstorming
- Affinity Diagram
- Root cause analysis tools:
 - 5 Whys
 - Fishbone (Cause and Effect) Diagram
 - Relations Diagram
- Impact/Cost Matrix
- Action Plan
- Performance Measures Table

Problem Solving – Why do it?

- Increase customer value and satisfaction
- Make work better for staff
- Save resources
- Grow a high performing work culture

Problem Solving Example



Problem: The Jefferson Memorial was disintegrating rapidly because of the frequent cleaning needed to remove the bird droppings

Why were there so many bird droppings?

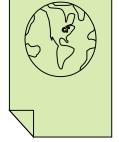
Root Cause!

Why? Why? Why? Why were the cleaning methods so abrasive?

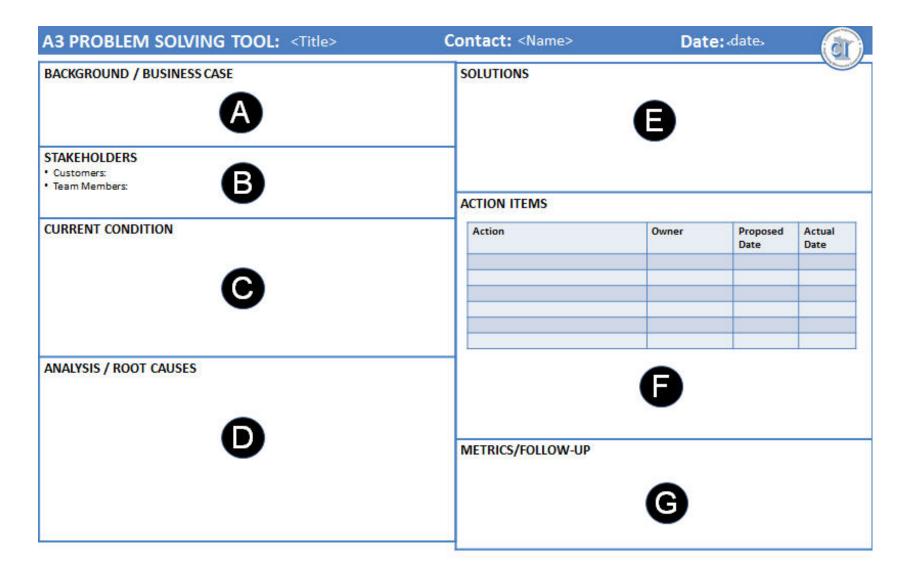
Five Why Analysis helps drive to source of the problem

The actual technique can take more or fewer iterations

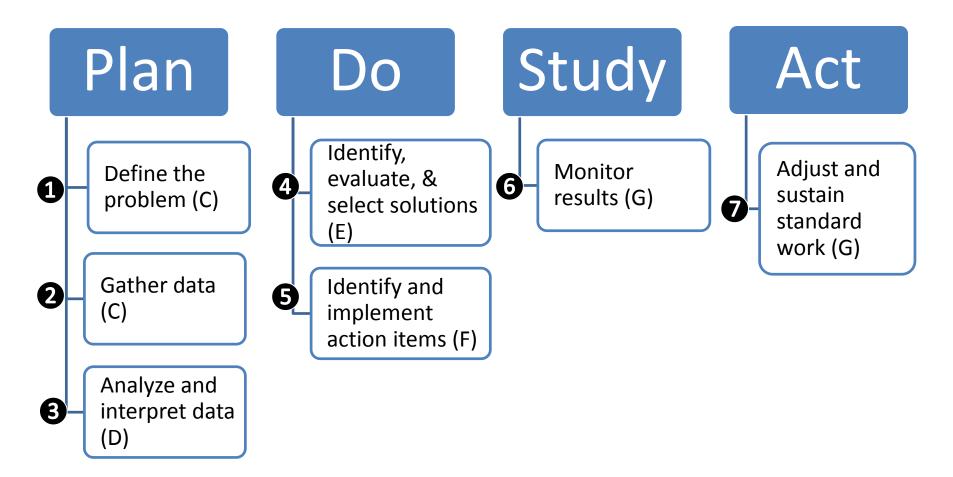
How many why's did it take to get to the root cause of the Jefferson Memorial's problem?



A3 Problem Solving Tool



7 Step Problem Solving Process



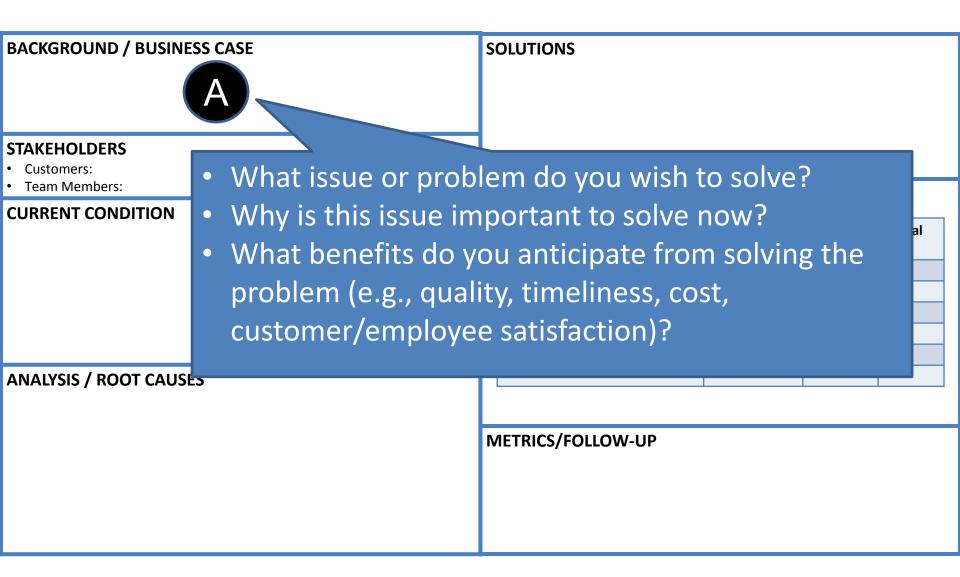
Note: Letters in parenthesis correspond to the A3 Problem Solving Tool section

ABC Agency's Hiring Process

Problem:

 It is taking ABC agency too long to fill positions.
 Because of the long time period, current employees are overworked and the best job candidates are taking positions with other organizations. ABC has also experienced an increase in the attrition rate of new hires the past three years. We need to find out why.

Background/Business Case (5 min)



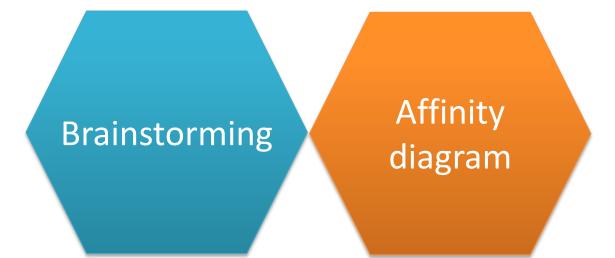
Stakeholders (5 minutes)

BACKGROUND / BUSII	NESS CASE	SOLUTIONS	
Customers:Team Members:			
CURRENT CONDITION	 Who are internal and Who's perspectives d Problem Solving Tool customers, outside se 	o you need to complete the A3 (e.g., subject matter experts,	
		METRICS/FOLLOW-UP	

1. Define the problem



Problem Definition Tools



Brainstorming

Brainstorming is a team-based strategy for quickly capturing diverse information, ideas, and perspectives.

Brainstorming Rules*:

- Think of as many ideas as you can
- Postpone judgment
- Clarify, combine, and build on ideas



*When brainstorming about the cause of the problem ...

• Be creative! Everyone Participates!

Diversity & Inclusion

CI supports the inclusion of staff and customers based on experience with the process and regardless of background



Cl is about Equity, not Equality

Brainstorming Potential Problems



- Waiting: hand-off delays
- Inefficient or illogical work flow
- Unreliable equipment or limited equipment capacity
- Process complexity
- Motion

Brainstorming Potential Problems



- Numerous sign offs
- Over-processing (exceed customer specs)
- Overproductions
- Too much inventory or documentation
- Bottlenecks/backlog
- Transportation

Brainstorming Potential Problems



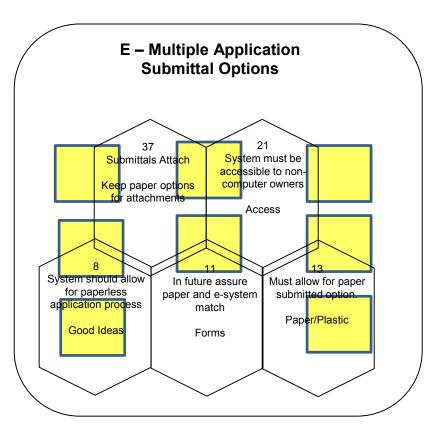
- Errors
- Rework
- Defects
- Unclear roles & responsibilities
- Vague customer requirements

Grouping and Theming Ideas

Random Ideas



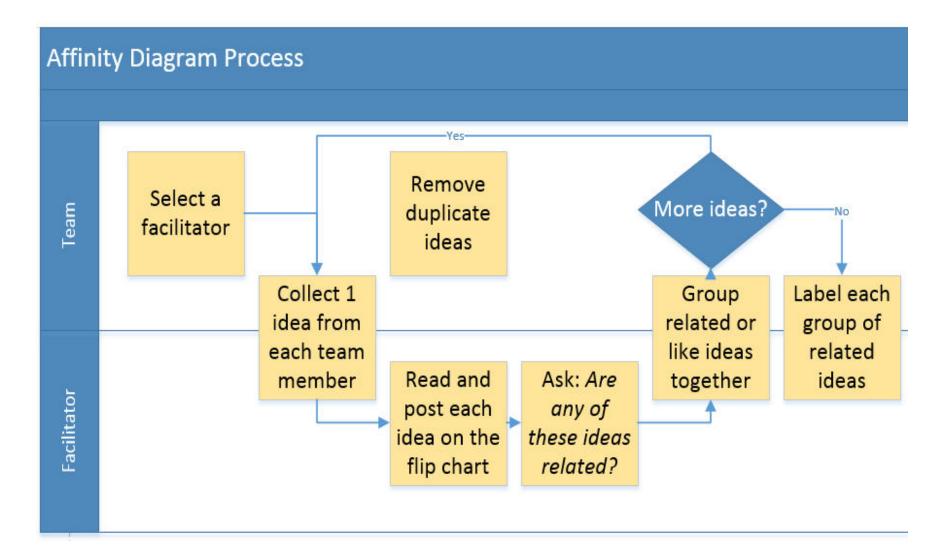
Affinity Diagram

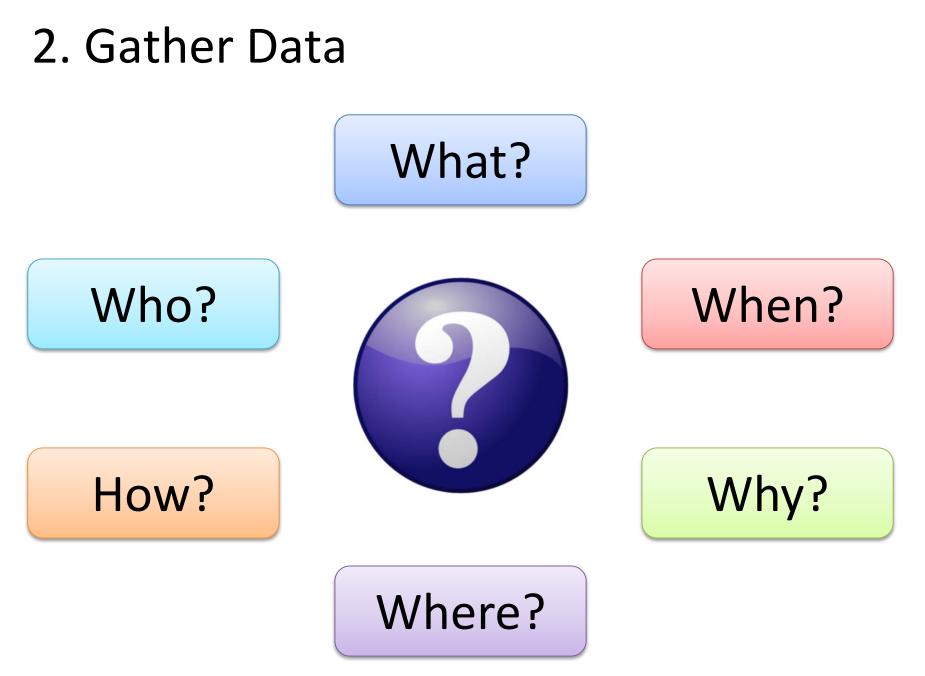


Brainstorm Problems (5 min.)

- Brainstorm possible causes and contributors to the problem
- Individually brainstorm possible causes and contributors to why the hiring process is taking so long
- Record one idea per post-it.
- Be creative we will build upon your work throughout the course!

Affinity Diagram (15 minutes)



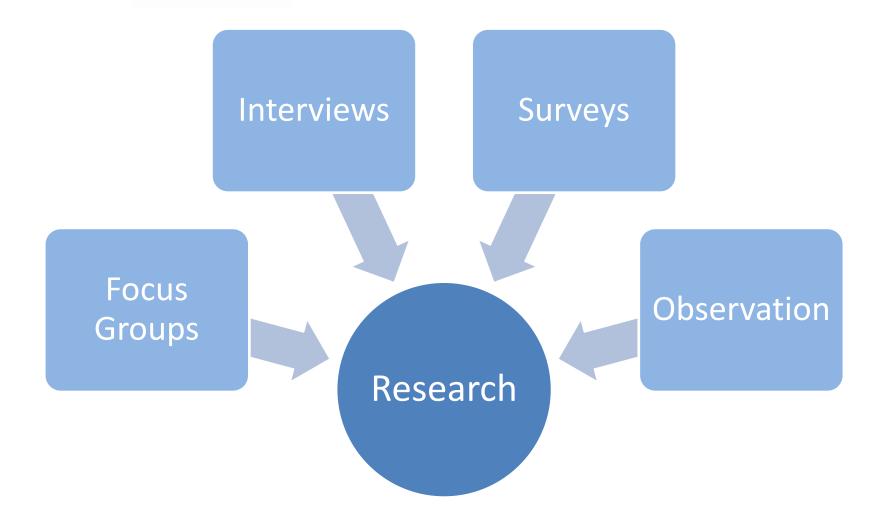


Voice of the Customer



- Who are our customers and key customers?
- What do they want/need?
- How are we gathering that information?

Customer Research Methods



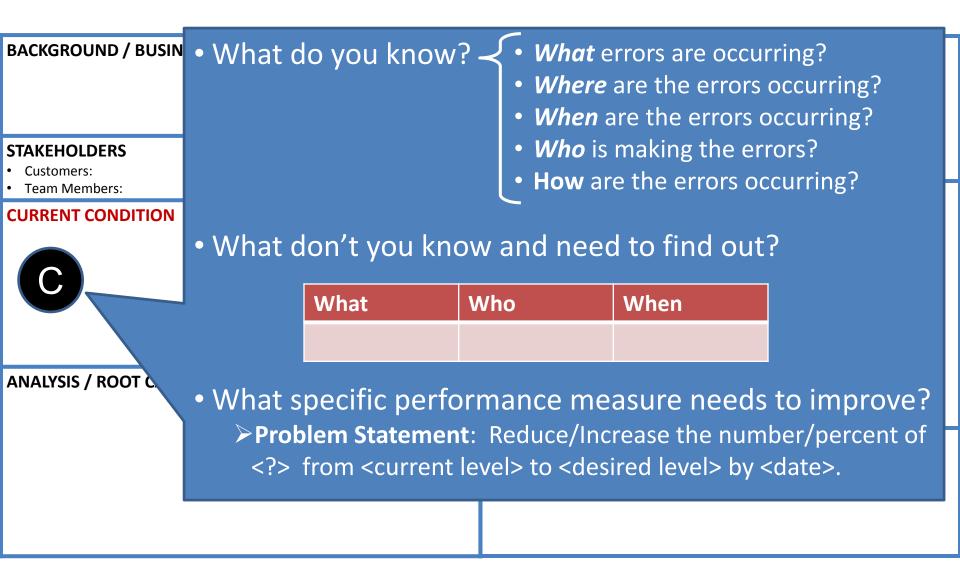
Program and Process Data

Types of data:

- Quantity: How much did we do?
- Efficiency: Cost per unit; Process time
- Quality: How well did we do it?
- Effect: Is the customer better off? Did the customer achieve desired results?



Current Condition (15 min.)



3. Analyze & interpret data

BACKGROUND / BUSINESS C	CASE SOLUTIONS			
STAKEHOLDERS • Customers:	 Why are the errors occurring? 			
Team Members: CURRENT CONDITION	 Use the simplest tool to show cause-and-effect 			
	down to root cause(s)			
	 Root cause analysis tools: 			
	5 Whys			
	Fishbone diagram and 5 Whys			
ANALYSIS / ROOT CAUSES	Affinity and Relations diagrams			
• Does our data verify the root causes?				
	 If not, a team may need to collect additional 			
	data to verify the root cause(s)			

Symptom or Root Cause?

Symptoms: You see it, people talk about it; it is visible!





Root Cause: The one to address. It is often hidden. You need to find it!

Defining the "wrong" problem wastes time. You end up looking for a solution in the wrong place.

Benefits of Root Cause Analysis Tools

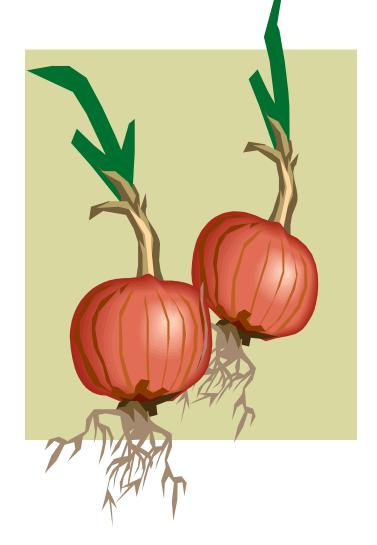
Solve the problem once and for all

Identify and focus on the root cause with the greatest impact on productivity

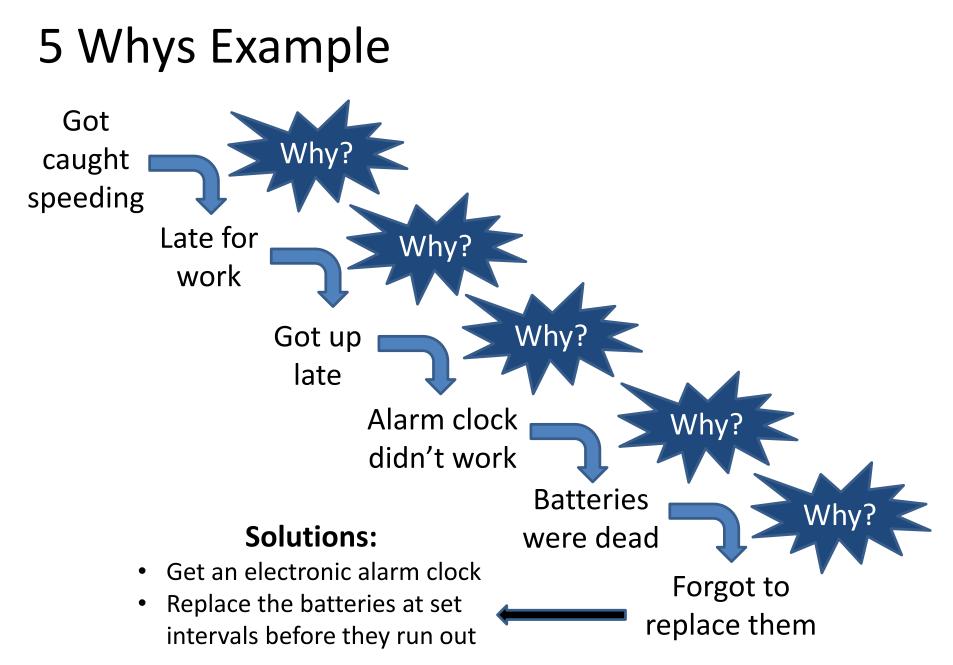
Improves productivity: less headaches for staff \rightarrow happier staff!

Save resources: solution may cost less than addressing symptoms

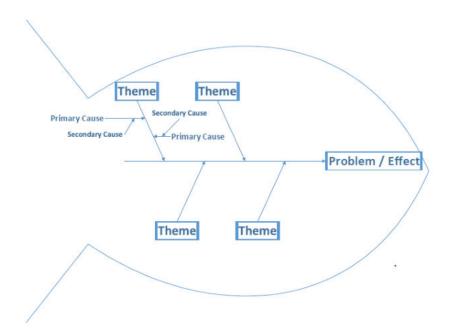
5 Whys



- A simple, quick method
 for getting from symptoms
 to the root cause of a
 problem by repeatedly
 asking *Why*? (logic chain)
- Use with fishbone diagram

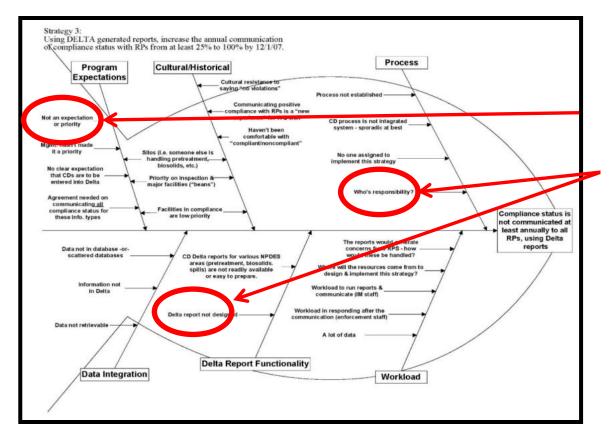


Fishbone (Cause & Effect) Diagram



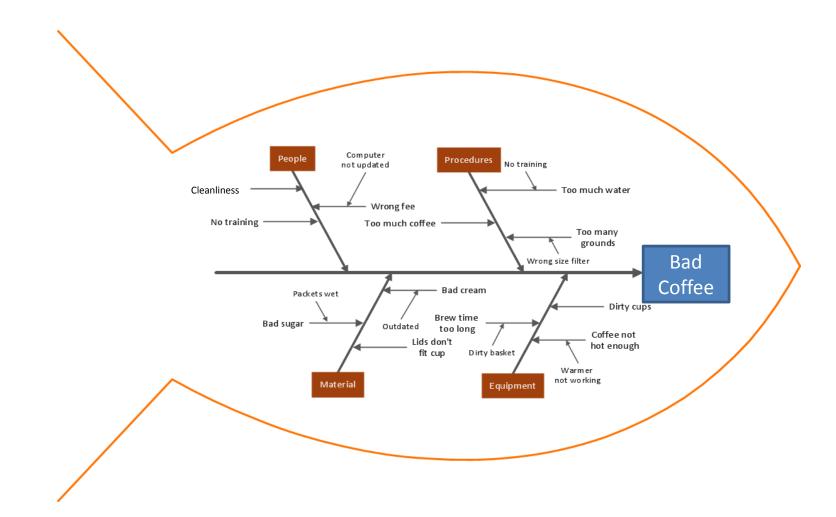
- Cause and Effect Analysis
 - Identifying likely causes of problems
- Ishikawa Diagram fishbone
- A team-based tool for visually showing possible root causes of a problem
- Cause categories:
 - People (roles, trng.)
 - Equipment/Tools
 - Process/Policy
 - Materials
 - Environment
 - Technology

Fishbone Diagram

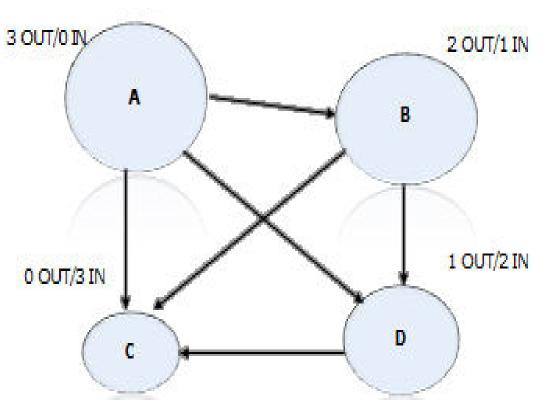


The same cause noted under multiple themes may be a root cause

Fishbone Diagram Example



Relations Diagram



- A team-based tool for identify key drivers or contributors to a problem
- A cause category (theme) with many outward arrows may be a root cause

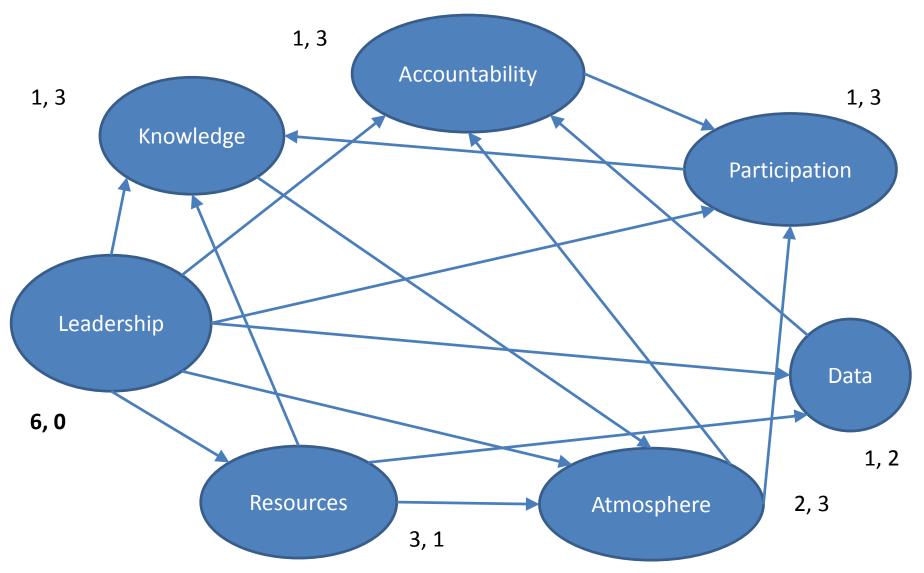
Why use a Relations Diagram?

Helps us see possible root causes as a system

Tests whether a cause really impacts the effect

Helps identify **and rank** causes that may have the greatest impact

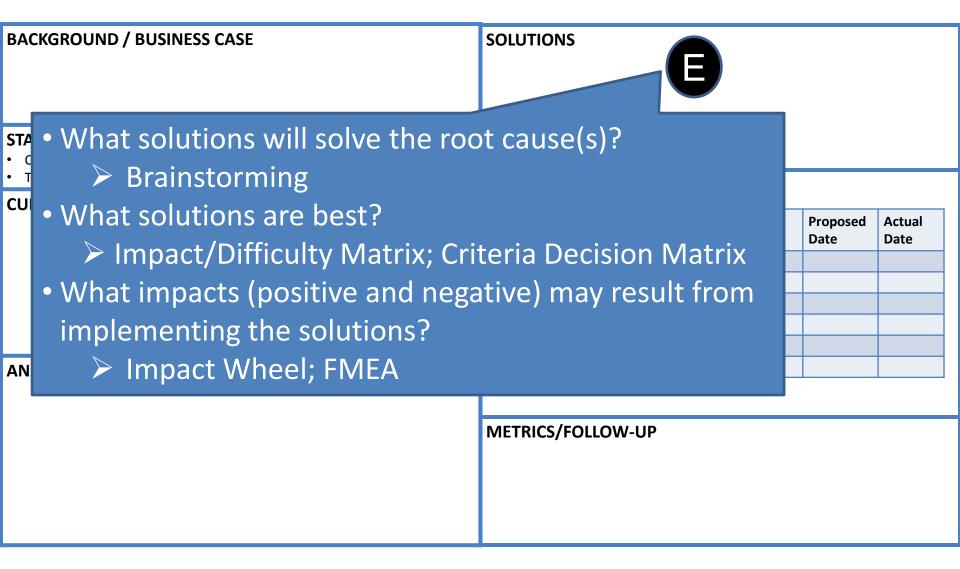
Relations Diagram Example



Relations Diagram (20 min.)

- 1. For each theme, draw an arrow showing which theme has the greatest influence
 - No two-way arrows!
 - Some themes may have no relationship
- Record the number of "out" and "in" arrows for each category (# out, # in)
- 3. Team reports identify top drivers

4. Identify, evaluate & select solutions



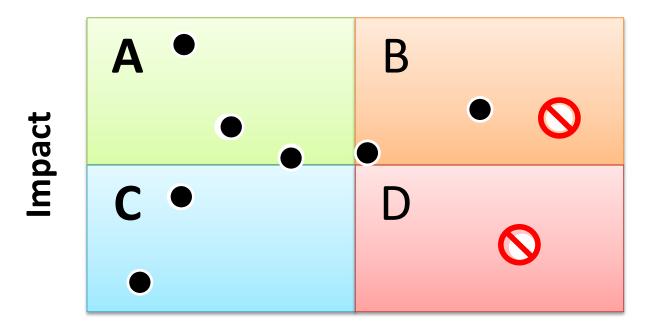
Brainstorm Solutions (5 min.)

Brainstorm solutions to root causes:

- Individually brainstorm possible solutions to root causes on why the hiring process is taking so long
- Record one idea per post-it.

Impact/Difficulty Matrix

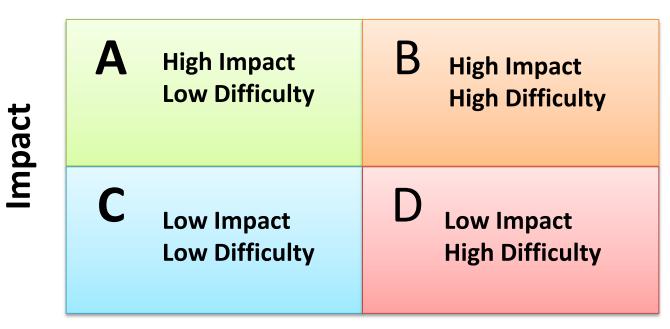
A tool for prioritizing solutions



Cost / Difficulty

Impact/Difficulty Matrix (10 Min)

- Place each idea in the most appropriate area of the Impact/Difficulty Matrix
- Record the solution you select in the A3



Cost / Difficulty

5. Identify & implement action items

BACKGROUND / BUSINESS CASE	SOLUTIONS
 What tasks do you need to complete? Include tasks to: Mitigate risks Identify and solve issues 	ACTION ITEMS
Measure progress & results	Action Owner Proposed Actual Date Date
 Communicate changes, project status & results 	
• Train managers and staff	
• Who will be responsible for	
each task?	RICS/FOLLOW-UP
 When will the task be done? 	
 What resources are needed for each task? 	

6. Monitor results

BACKGROUND / BUSINESS CASE		SOLUTIONS			
	What metrics will you use to track				
STAKEHOLDERSCustomers:Team Members:	progress and performance (validate results)?				
CURRENT CONDITION	 What data do you need? Who will you communicate results to? How will you communicate results? 			Proposed Date 2 2 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Actual Date
ANALYSIS / ROOT CAUSES		METRICS/FOLLOW-UP	G		
	Follow up	is critical!			

7. Adjust & sustain standard work

BACKGROUND / BUSINESS CASE		SOLUTIONS					
STAKEHOLDERS • Customers: • Team Members: CURRENT CONDITION	and 30, • How stan • How	v and when will performance (e 60, 90-days)? v will you sustai dards? v will you comm re what you lear	e.g., daily, week n new process nunicate results	ly, er and	Proposed Date	Actual Date	
ANALYSIS / ROOT CAUSES							
			METRICS/FOLLOW-UP	G			
		Follow-up	is critical!				

How can you incorporate problem solving into your daily work?

- 1. Pause before jumping to solutions
- First, ask questions to understand your situation
 What? When? Where? Who? How? Why?
- 3. Collect data
- 4. Ask Why 5 times to get to root cause
- 5. Engage other people in the process
- Implement solutions that have the biggest impact and address root causes
- 7. Validate results
- 8. Learn from successes and failures
- 9. Celebrate improvement and learning Group Discussion: Questions and Answers